

SEC Number 37535.

File Number _____

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

(Company)

**9th Floor, Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong**

(Address)

+632-77170523

(Telephone Number)

March 31

(Fiscal Year Ending)
(Month & day)

**SEC Form 17-C
Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting 2024**

(Form Type)

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

(Period Ended Date)

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE REVISED SECURITIES ACT (RSA)
AND RSA RULE 17.2 (c) THEREUNDER

1. **October 29, 2024**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

2. SEC Identification Number **37535**

3. BIR Tax Identification No. **005-056-869**

4. **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**

Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter

5. **Philippines**

Province, country or other jurisdiction of
incorporation

6.

(SEC use only)
Industry Classification Code:

7. **9th Floor Summit One Tower
530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City**

1550

Address of principal office

Postal Code

8. **(632) - 7717-0523**

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

9.

Former name or former address, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock
Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common A
Common B

4,025,055,429
2,800,000,000

P402,505,543
P280,000,000

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

1

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

9F Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Blvd. Mandaluyong City
Tel. Nos. 7717-0523 and 8404-0231

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

**TO ALL STOCKHOLDERS
ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.** will be held via ZOOM, on Thursday, **December 12, 2024 at 1:30P.M.** at the 8TH Floor, Summit One Tower Parking Building, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City. Please refer to the Zoom link below for the online meeting:

<https://us05web.zoom.us/j/83153458616?pwd=b55UbhbveavKX7pX5Q7RCXieX8cl9c.1>

The following matters will be taken up during the meeting:

1. Proof of Notice of the Meeting
2. Proof of Presence of a quorum
3. Approval of the previous annual minutes of meeting last November 9, 2023
4. Report of the President and Approval of the FY March 31, 2024 Audited Financial Statements
5. General ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors, Board Committees, and the Management from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to date of this meeting.
6. Election of Directors
7. Appointment of Independent Auditors
8. Adjournment

The record date for determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at said meeting is fixed at the close of business hours on **November 14, 2024.**

Shareholders of the Corporation may only participate via remote communication. To register, please download the registration and proxy form at <http://www.atnholdings.com/notice%20of%20annual/uploads/index3.php> and email to paul@tbgi.net.ph. Deadline for registration is on **December 5, 2024 at 12 Noon.**

The Company is not soliciting proxies. Should you be unable to attend the meeting, you can nevertheless be represented and vote at the ASM by submitting a proxy by email to paul@tbgi.net.ph, or by sending a physical copy to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at Unit 904 Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City. The deadline for submission of proxies is on **December 5, 2024 at 12 Noon.**


PAUL B. SARIA
Asst. Corporate Secretary
Chief Information Officer

Rationale for Agenda Items:

Agenda Item No. 3: Approval of Minutes of the previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting Held on November 9, 2023.

The Minutes of the previous annual stockholders' meeting held on November 9, 2023 were prepared within the period prescribed by pertinent laws, rules and regulations. The results of the annual stockholders' meeting were also disclosed with The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. immediately after the annual meeting. The Board of Directors recommends the shareholders to consider subject minutes for approval in the upcoming Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Agenda Item No. 4: Approval of the Presidents Report for the Year 2023 and Audited Financial Statements ending FY March 31, 2024.

The Company's 2023 performance results have been duly summarized in the Annual Report, which includes the Audited Financial Statements (AFS) of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024. The AFS have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, and have been audited by the external auditors who expressed an unqualified opinion on the aforementioned financial statements. The Annual Report is posted in the Company's website.

Agenda Item No. 5: General ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors, Board Committees and the Management from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to the date of this meeting.

The Company's performance in 2023, as detailed in the Annual Report, is attributed to the strategic directions and key policies set by the Board of Directors which were effectively executed and complied with by management in conformance with good corporate governance and ethical best practices.

Agenda Item No. 6: Election of Directors for 2024-2025

The Company's Nomination Committee has pre-screened the list of candidates for directors. Their proven competence, expertise and qualifications based on current regulatory standards, will help sustain the Company's solid performance for the benefit of all its shareholders.

Agenda Item No. 7: Appointment of External Auditor

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board concurred with the recommendation to re-appoint R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs as the Company's external auditors for the fiscal year 2024-2025. R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs is one of the leading auditing firms in the country and is duly accredited with the SEC.

SEC Number 37535
File Number _____

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

(Company)

9th Floor Summit One Tower
530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City 1550

(Address)

717-0523

(Telephone Number)

MARCH 31

(Fiscal Year Ending)
(month & day)

SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement)

(Form Type)

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

Annual Stockholders Meeting
December 12, 2024

(Period Ended Date)

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC FORM 20-IS**

**Information Statement Pursuant to Section 20
of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC)**

1. Check the appropriate box:

_____ **Preliminary Information Statement**
 X **Definitive Information Statement**

2. Name of Registrant as specified in its Charter **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**

3. Country of Incorporation **Republic of the Philippines**

4. SEC Identification Number **37535**

5. BIR Tax Identification Number **005-056-869**

6. Address of principal office **9th Floor Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd. Mandaluyong City, 1550**

7. Telephone Number **(632) 7717-0523**

8. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders:

Date : **December 12, 2024, Thursday**
Time : **1:30 PM**
Place : **8TH floor, Summit One Tower Parking Bldg.
530 Shaw Boulevard Mandaluyong City
via ZOOM meeting, thru the link below:**

<https://us05web.zoom.us/j/83153458616?pwd=b55UbhbveavKX7pX5Q7RCXieX8cl9c.1>

9. Approximate date on which the Information Sheet is first to be sent or given to security holders:

November 21, 2024

10. In case of Proxy Solicitation

Name of Person Filing the
Statement/Solicitor : n/a

11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the SRC

<u>Title of Each Class</u>	<u>Subscribed and Outstanding (No. of Shares)</u>	<u>Pesos</u>
Common "A"	4,025,055,429	P402,505,543
Common "B"	2,800,000,000	280,000,000
	<u>6,825,055,429</u>	<u>P682,505,543</u>

12. Are any or all of these securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange?

YES X NO _____

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, Time and Place of Meeting of Security Holders

When : **December 12, 2024, Thursday, 1:30PM**
Where : **8TH floor, Summit One Tower Parking Bldg.**
: **530 Shaw Boulevard Mandaluyong City**
: **Stockholders' participation will be via remote communication through the zoom link below**

<https://us05web.zoom.us/j/83153458616?pwd=b55UhbhbveavKX7pX5Q7RCXieX8cl9c.1>

Principal office : **9th Floor Summit One Tower**
530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City

Approximate date on which the Information Sheet is first to be sent or given to security holders - **November 21, 2024.**

(a) Disclosure requirements under Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code

List of Required Information	Reference Material
1. Description of the voting and vote tabulation procedures used in the previous meeting	Please refer to page 18 of this DIS and Minutes of Annual Meeting of the Shareholders held on November 10, 2022, which may be viewed and/or downloaded at the website of the of the Corporation under www.atnholdings.com "Company Disclosures/ Minutes of All General and Special Stockholders Meeting".
2. Description of the opportunity given to stockholders to ask questions and a record of questions asked and answers given in previous meeting.	Please refer to page 18 of this DIS and Minutes of Annual Meeting of the Shareholders held on November 10, 2022, which may be viewed and/or downloaded at the website of the of the Corporation under www.atnholdings.com "Company Disclosures/ Minutes of All General and Special Stockholders Meeting".
3. Matters discussed and resolutions reached in the previous meeting	Please refer to page 18 of this DIS and Minutes of Annual Meeting of the Shareholders held on November 10, 2022, which may be viewed and/or downloaded at the website of the of the Corporation under www.atnholdings.com "Company Disclosures/ Minutes of All General and Special Stockholders Meeting".
4. A record of the voting results for each agenda item in the previous meeting	Please refer to page 18 of this DIS and Minutes of Annual Meeting of the Shareholders held on November 10, 2022, which may be viewed and/or downloaded at the website of the of the Corporation under www.atnholdings.com "Company Disclosures/ Minutes of All General and Special Stockholders Meeting".
5. A list of directors, officers and stockholders or members who attended the previous meeting	Please refer to page 18 of this DIS and Minutes of Annual Meeting of the Shareholders held on November 10, 2022, which may be viewed and/or downloaded at the website of the of the Corporation under www.atnholdings.com "Company Disclosures/ Minutes of All General and Special Stockholders Meeting".
6. Information in the interest of good corporate governance and the protection of minority stockholders.	Please refer to the Revised Corporate Governance Manual at the website of the Corporation at www.atnholdings.com under

	Corporate governance/ Manual on Corporate Governance of 2017
7. Material information on the current stockholders, and their voting rights	Please refer to page 5-6 of this Definitive Information Statement
8. A detailed, descriptive balanced and comprehensive assessment of the Corporation's performance, which shall include information on any material change in the Corporation's business strategy, and other affairs.	Please refer to SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) of the Corporation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022 which can be accessed at the Company website www.atnholdings.com under "Company Disclosure/ Sec Form 17-A (Annual Report)".
9. A financial report of the preceding year, which shall include financial statements duly signed and certified in accordance with this Code and the rules the Commission may prescribe, a statement on the adequacy of the corporation's internal controls or risk management systems, and a statement of all external audit and non-audit fees.	Please refer to SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) of the Corporation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022 which can be accessed at the Company website www.atnholdings.com under "Company Disclosure/ Sec Form 17-A (Annual Report)".
10. An explanation of the dividend policy and the fact of payment of dividends or reason for non-payment.	Please refer to page 32 of the Definitive Information Statement.
11. Director profiles which shall include, among others, their qualifications and relevant experience, length of service in the corporation, trainings and continuing education attended, and their board representations in other corporations.	The profiles of the nominees for the election of the Board of Directors for year 2023 to 2024 can be found in page 11-12 under Management Report / Directors and Officers, of this Definitive Information Statement.
12. A director attendance report indicating the attendance of each director at each of the meetings of the board and its committees and in regular and special stockholders meeting	For attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board held in 2022, please refer to page 14 of this Definitive Information Statement
13. Appraisals and performance reports for the board and the criteria and procedure for assessment.	Please refer to page 14 of this Definitive Information Statement and to the Annual Corporate Governance of 2022 found in the Company website www.atnholdings.com under Corporate Governance tab.
14. A director compensation report prepared in accordance with applicable rules and regulations	Please refer to the Management Report, Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers on page 14 of this Definitive Information Statement
15. Director disclosures on self-dealings and related party transactions	Please refer to page 24 of this Definitive Information Statement under Management Report Item G. "Certain Relationship and Related Transactions"
16. The profiles of directors nominated or seeking election or reelection.	The profiles of the nominees for the election of the Board of Directors for year 2023 to 2024 can be found in page 11 under Management Report / Directors and Officers, of this Definitive Information Statement

Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal

Sections 80, Title X: Appraisal Right of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, provide for a shareholder's exercise of the right of appraisal (defined as the right of any stockholder to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of his shares). The instances where the right of appraisal may be exercised are as follows:

1. In case any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in

any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence;

2. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's property and assets;
3. In case of merger or consolidation; and
4. In case the Company decides to invest its funds in another corporation or business outside of its primary purpose.

There are no new items in the agenda that may give rise to a dissenting shareholder's exercise of the right of appraisal

Procedure for Exercise of Dissenter's Appraisal Right

Section 81 of the *Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines* provides for the appropriate procedure for the exercise of the right of appraisal, viz:

The appraisal right may be exercised by any stockholder who shall have voted against the proposed corporate action, by making a written demand on the corporation within thirty (30) days after the date on which the vote was taken: Provided, that the failure to make the demand within such period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If the proposed corporate action is implemented or affected, the Corporation shall pay to such stockholder, upon surrender of the certificate(s) of stock representing his shares, the fair value thereof as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of such corporate action.

If within a period of sixty (60) days from the date the corporate action was approved by the stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the corporation cannot agree on the fair value of the shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be named by the stockholder, another by the corporation and the third by the two thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraisers shall be final, and their award shall be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after such award is made: Provided, that no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the corporation has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment; and Provided, further, that upon payment by the corporation of the agreed or awarded price, the stockholder shall forthwith transfer his shares to the corporation.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matter to be Acted Upon

The following persons have no substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon, other than election to office:

1. each person who has been a director or officer of the Corporation at any time since the beginning of the fiscal year;
2. each nominee for election as a director of the Corporation: and
3. each associate of any of the foregoing persons.

No member of the Board of Directors of the Corporation has informed the Corporation in writing that he intends to oppose any action to be taken by the Corporation at the annual meeting of the stockholders.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

Class "A" Shares	4,025,055,429
Class "B" Shares	<u>2,800,000,000</u>
Total Outstanding voting shares as of October 30, 2024	<u>6,825,055,429</u>

The Company's capital stock consists of Class "A" and Class "B" shares which have the same voting rights and privileges and are equal in all respects, except that Class "A" shares are transferable only to Philippine nationals while Class "B" shares are transferable to any person regardless of nationality.

Each share is entitled to one vote. All stockholders of record at the close of business on **November 14, 2024** shall be entitled to notice and to vote at the Annual Stockholders meeting.

The directors of the Corporation shall be elected by plurality vote at the annual meeting of the stockholders for that year at which a quorum is present. At each election for directors, every stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate his votes by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of his share equal, or by distributing such votes at the same principle among any number of candidates.

a. Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

Owners of more than 5% of voting securities as of October 30, 2024:

Class	Name and address of record Owner and relationship with Issuer	Name of beneficial ownership and relationship with record owner	Citizenship	Shares Owned	%
A	1. Arsenio T. Ng 9 th Floor Summit One Tower 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City Chairman, President and CEO	None	Filipino	2,763,541,260"r"	40.49%
A B B	2. PCD Nominee Corp. (Fil) 37 th Floor Tower 1, The Enterprise Center, 6766 Ayala Avenue, Makati City	Various Various Various	Filipino Filipino Non-Fil	898,254,430"r" 613,117,229"r" 184,983,251"r"	13.16% 8.98% 2.71%
A B	3. Unipage Management Inc. 9F Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Blvd., Mand, City	Stockholders	Filipino Filipino	332,314,429"r" 2,015,640,000"r"	4.87% 29.53%

The clients of PCD Nominee Corporation are the beneficial owners and have the power to decide how their shares are to be voted. There is no beneficial owner with more than 5% shareholdings under the PCD Nominee Corp.

The Board of Directors of Unipage Management Inc. appointed the President Willy Ong as the authorized representative and have the right to vote and direct or dispose the shares held by the company.

b. Security ownership of Management as of October 30, 2024:

Class	Name of beneficial owner	Amount and nature of beneficial ownership	Citizenship	%
	Directors:			
A	Arsenio T. Ng	P276,354,126"d"	Filipino	40.49%
A	Hilario T. Ng	350,100"d"	Filipino	00.05%
A	Ardi Bradley Ng	200,000"d"	Filipino	00.03%
A	Paul C. Cheah	1,000"d"	Filipino	00.00%
A	Santos L. Cejoco	100"d"	Filipino	00.00%
A	Ramon Escueta	1,000"d"	Filipino	00.00%
A	Sophie Miles Ng	1,305,277"d"	Filipino	00.19%
B	Manuel Moje	1,000"d"	Filipino	00.00%
B	Twinnie Kaye Ng	1,511,433"d"	Filipino	00.22%
A	Leonides Respicio	1,000"d"	Filipino	00.00%
A	Paul Saria	306,000"d"	Filipino	00.04%
	All directors and executive officers as a group	P285,026,037		41.02%

Each every security holder is the beneficial owner in his own right.

c. Voting trust Holders of 5% or more

The Company knows no persons holding more than 5% of common shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

d. Changes in Control

The company has no arrangements which may result in a change in control of the Corporation. There has been no change in control since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

e. Persons Making the Solicitation

WE ARE NOT SOLICITING YOUR PROXY

Shareholders who wish to vote at the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of ATN HOLDINGS, INC. on November 9, 2023, may do so through the following: by digital ballot, by voting in absentia, or by accomplishing the registration and proxy form that can be downloaded at <http://www.atnholdings.com/notice%20of%20annual/uploads/index3.php>.

The procedure to vote by digital ballot and to vote in absentia shall be sent securely to the shareholders after they have successfully registered. For shareholders who wish to vote by proxy, please send a scanned copy of the proxy to paul@tbgi.net.ph or a hard copy to the principal office of the Corporation, 9TH Floor, Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City.

A PROXY SUBMITTED BY A CORPORATION SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE ON THE SIGNATORY AUTHORIZED TO EXECUTE THE PROXY. IN ADDITION TO SUCH REQUIREMENT FOR CORPORATIONS, A PROXY FORM GIVEN BY A BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK IN RESPECT OF SHARES OF STOCK HELD BY SUCH BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK FOR THE ACCOUNT OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATION UNDER OATH STATING THAT THE BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK HAS OBTAINED THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNER.

f. Registration and Proxy From



**ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING
REGISTRATION / PROXY FORM (VOTING IN ABSENTIA)**

1. Required Information (Please mark appropriate box)

- Individual Broker Corporate Others (please specify)

Name : _____
Email Address : _____
Contact No. : _____
Postal Address : _____
Number of Shares Owned : _____

I will attend the online/ remote Annual Stockholders Meeting **December 12, 2024 , 1:30 pm** YES NO

Note: Zoom meeting link:

<https://us05web.zoom.us/j/5764453330?pwd=A6eygVbXpKkusNPFpLu9ZI1yPI3quY.1>

The meeting ID and password will be sent to Stockholders email address upon its decision to attend the meeting and submission of complete requirements

2. Required Documents

- a. Registration Form filled up and email to **paul@tbgi.net.ph** . Deadline of registration and submission of requirements is on December 5, 2024 12:00 noon.
- b. Valid government ID card with photo of stockholder/ authorized representative
- c. For Corporations – Notarized Corporate Secretary Certificate on authority to vote in behalf of Corporation
- d. For Stockholders with Shares under broker account – Notarized Certification from the broker as to the number of shares owned by the stockholder

3. Manner of Voting

- Voting in Absentia Appointing Chairman as Proxy

4. Matters taken up for Voting

- | | Yes | No |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| i. Approval of the Minutes of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting Held on 9 November 2023; | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ii. Approval of the Report of the President | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| iii. Approval of the FY March 31, 2024 Audited Financial Statements; | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| iv. General ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors, Board Committees, and the Management from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to this meeting. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

v. Election of Directors: Vote all _____ or Vote individually below:

Nominee	Yes	No	Nominee	Yes	No
Arsenio T. Ng	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manuel R. Moje	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hilario T. Ng	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Paul C. Cheah	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Santos L. Cejoco	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ramon D. Escueta	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Leonides S. Respicio	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ardi Bradley L. Ng	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Paul B. Saria	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Twinnie Kaye L. Ng	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sophie Miles L. Ng	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

vi. Appointment of R.R. Tan as External Auditor

5. Data Privacy Statement

I hereby give my consent for the Company and its authorized third parties to collect, store, disclose, transfer, and process my personal data for the purpose of the live streaming of the 2020 Annual Stockholders’ Meeting in accordance with the Company’s Data Privacy guidelines and law. Further to this, I give my consent to the recording of the meeting, to be made publicly available thereafter on the Company website, as required by the guidelines promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

6. Declaration

By signing this Form, I hereby certify the following, that:

- I am a stockholder of the Company as of Record Date November 14, 2023;
- The number of votes covered by this Ballot shall be in accordance with the total number of ATN shares registered in my name as of record date.
- I have read, understand and shall abide by the Rules, Regulations and Guidelines issued by the Company to govern the conduct of the Meeting. In the event I act contrary thereto, the Company has sole discretion to impose its discipline mechanism;
- I understand that the quality of my remote Meeting experience depends on my internet provider’s services and connectivity. I hold the Company free and harmless of any liability from any interruption, latency or disconnection from the live streaming resulting thereto;
- In case of an account with joint owners, or an account in and/or capacity, I have secured the consent of all other owners in the submission of this Ballot.
- In case of a corporate shareholder, I am the authorized representative of the corporation and I am duly authorized to submit this Proxy.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Stockholder has executed this proxy as of this _____ day of _____ 2024.

Printed Name and Signature of Stockholder

A PROXY SUBMITTED BY A CORPORATION SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A SECRETARY’S CERTIFICATE ON THE SIGNATORY AUTHORIZED TO EXECUTE THE PROXY. IN ADDITION TO SUCH REQUIREMENT FOR CORPORATIONS, A PROXY FORM GIVEN BY A BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK IN RESPECT OF SHARES OF STOCK HELD BY SUCH BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK FOR THE ACCOUNT OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATION UNDER OATH STATING THAT THE BROKER OR CUSTODIAN BANK HAS OBTAINED THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNER.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

9th Floor Summit One Tower
530 Shaw Blvd. Mandaluyong City
Tel. Nos. 7717-0523 / 8404-0239

CERTIFICATION

I, LEONIDES S. RESPICIO, of legal age, Filipino, married and with office address at 9th Floor, Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, being the Corporate Secretary of ATN Holdings, Inc. hereby certify that the following Executive Officers and Directors of the Corporation, for the year 2023-2024 are not employed as employee in any government agency.

Name	Designation	Name	Designation
Arsenio T. Ng	President & CEO	Ardi Bradley Ng	Director
Hilario T. Ng	Director & COO	Twinie Kaye Ng	Director
Santos L. Cejoco	Director & CCP	Sophie Miles Ng	Director
Leonides Respicio	Director & Corp. Secretary	Manuel Moje	Director
Paul B. Saria	Director, CIO & Assistant Corporate Secretary	Paul C. Cheah	Independent Director
		Ramon D. Escueta	Independent Director

Certified by:

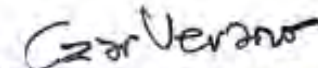


LEONIDES S. RESPICIO
Corporate Secretary

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 8th day of November 2024, affiant Paul B. Saria exhibited to me his Senior Citizen's ID with Control No. 34054.

Doc. No. 220 :
Page No. 44 :
Book No. xiv :
Series of 2024.


ATTY. CESAR T. VERANO
NOTARY PUBLIC - MANDALUYONG CITY
APPOINTMENT NO. _____
VALID UNTIL _____
ISSUED _____
PTR NO. (MAY) _____ MANDALUYONG CITY
ISS. BY _____
MAY 2014 _____
VALID _____
OFFICE ADDRESS: 123 _____ BLDG. BLDG.
ZENaida ST., BRD'V. POLILLIGOR (MARIATI CITY)

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers:

The names of the incumbent Directors and Executive officers of the Company and their respective ages and citizenship, current positions held, period of service and business experience during the past five years as required under Sec. 38 of the Code and SRC Rule 38.1 are as follows:

ARSENIO T. NG – Chairman, President and CEO

Age 65, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 1995 to present

Term of office - one year

Mr. Arsenio Ng holds a degree in Business Administration, Major in Finance from the California State University Stanislaus (CSUS), and took his MBA degree at California State University, Stanislaus and the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA). He also took special studies in political science at the US Congress in Washington, D.C. Mr. Ng started as a Senior Project Officer for the National Development Company (1982-1983). In 1984, he joined China Banking Corporation as a Trust Investment Officer and rose up Vice President and Area Head in 1992. In 1994, he became the President and CEO of the Energy Corporation. He is also a Director and Treasurer of Hambrecht and Quist Philippine Ventures II, a private equity fund managed by Hambrecht and Quist, Philippines Inc. He is the Chairman of Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l, Inc. (TBGI), a technology business for commercial telecommunications operations and Vice Chairman of CBCP World Corporation a broadband internet service provider and the information technology company.

HILARIO NG – Director

Age 64, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 1995 to present

Term of office as director – one year

Architect Hilario Ng is the President of his own architectural firm, HEO & Associates. A member of both the Philippine and American architectural boards, Architect Ng placed third overall in the Philippine architectural board exams. He has twenty (20) years of experience in his chosen field, garnering several US design awards. His major projects center on design of shopping malls for the Gaisano and Uniwide groups. Currently, he is an ASEAN Licensed architect.

PAUL C. CHEAH – Independent Director

Age 40, Filipino

Period Served – November, 2021 to present

Term of office as director – one year

Mr. Paul C. Cheah is currently Vice President for Investor Relations and Sustainability of Axelum Resources. He previously served as Head for Investor Relations of Philex Mining and Max's Group. Served as Associate Manager and Manager for Investor Relations of Ayala Land and Cebu Pacific Air. Also served various positions at Globe Telecom, BDO Unibank and Deutsche Bank Group in his early career. Mr. Cheah took his Master's Degree in Business Administration in Ateneo Graduate School of Business and went to Heriot Watt University for his Bachelor's Degree in Business and Finance.

RAMON D. ESCUETA – Independent Director

Age 77, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2022 to present

Term of office as director – one year

A graduate of B.S. Electrical Engineering at the University of the Philippines and finished his masters in Business Administration, Operations and Production Management at the University of California, Los Angeles, Graduate School of Management. Mr. Escueta is the current President of Apsys solutions and Technologies, Inc., an information and environmental management company. He is also Chairman of the Science and Technology Committee of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry.

MANUEL R. MOJE - Director

Age 90, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2010 to present

Term of office as director – one year

Mr. Moje has vast experience in private business enterprise, banking, and finance, both in major government and private financial institutions, and in socio-civic organizations. Mr. Moje's current positions are Chairman of Unihomes Development Corp., Vice Chairman of Click Communications, Inc. Director of Abacus Consolidated Resources and Holdings, Inc., Director of Philippine Regional Investment and Development Corporation, and President of Space Line Remittance Center (UAE). Mr. Moje finished his Bachelor of Laws at the University of the Philippines in 1963. He is a retired member of the Armed Forces of the Philippines with the rank of Colonel.

SANTOS L. CEJOCO – Director

Age 71, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2002 to present

Term of office as director – one year

Formerly Vice President of Philippine Associated Smelting and Refining Corporation and former Project Manager in National Development Company, Mr. Cejoco finished his Master in Business Management at the Asian Institute of Management and B.S. Chemical Engineering at the University of San Carlos. A qualified CESO executive, he placed third in the board examinations for chemical engineers in 1975. Currently, he is an independent consultant on management services and renewable energy.

ATTY. LEONIDES S. RESPICIO – Director and Corporate Secretary

Age 72, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – November 2019 to present

Term of office as Corp. Sec. – one year

Atty. Respicio is a graduate of Bachelor of Laws in 1978 at the University of the Philippines, Diliman, Quezon City. At present, he is the corporate secretary and legal counsel of Test Consultants, Inc. from 2004-present; legal counsel of Padernal Construction Inc. (2010- present), Radiant Sunshine Power Corporation (2018 – present), Lamon Bay Furniture, Inc. (2018 to present), Philippine Pacific Trade Inc. (Salad Master Distributor (2010-present), Capitol City Sports and Country Club, Inc. (1980-1986), Jocanima Corporation (2012-2017), First Champion, Inc. (Manpower Services) 2012-2017, Prince David Condominium Unit Owners Association Inc. (2010-2015) and Don Enrique Height Subdivision Homeowners Association, Inc. (2016-present)

PAUL B. SARIA – Assistant Corporate Secretary

Age 54, Filipino Citizen

Period Served - 2002 to present

Term of office as director – one year

A graduate of B.S. Architecture at the University of Santo Tomas, Mr. Saria took his graduate studies in Project Management at the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology. Arch. Saria is concurrently Vice President for Operations of Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l Inc., Palladian Land Development Inc., Advanced Home Concept Development Corp., and comptroller of CBCP World Corporation.

SOPHIE MILES NG - Director

Age 35, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2018 to Present

Term of office as director – one year

Ms. Sophie M.L. Ng is a graduate of Ateneo De Manila University in year 2011. She holds a degree in Bachelor of Science in Business Management with Minor in Enterprise Development. From 2012 to present, Ms. Ng is currently the Investor Relations Officer of ATN Holdings, Inc. From 2014 to present, she is the Vice President for Business Development of Palladian Land Development, Inc. and Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation. From 2016 to present, Ms. Ng also the Head of Procurement for Electrification of ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group Inc. Sophie Miles L. Ng is the daughter of the Chairman Arsenio T. Ng

TWINIE KAYE NG - Director

Age 35, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2018 to Present

Term of office as director – one year

Ms. Twinie Kaye L. Ng is a graduate of Ateneo De Manila University in year 2011. She holds a degree in Bachelor of Science in Business Management, major in Communications Technology Management and minor in Enterprise Development. On June 2011, Ms. Ng was under the tutelage of Bank of Singapore to stay attuned with the Equity Market. She is currently the Investor Relations Officer of Transpacific Broadband Group, Inc. and Property Management Officer of Palladian Land Development, Inc. Twinie Kaye L. Ng is the daughter of the Chairman Arsenio T. Ng.

ARDI BRADLEY L. NG - Director

Age 29, Filipino Citizen

Period Served – 2022 to present

Term of office as director – one year

Mr. Ardi Ng is a graduate of Ateneo De Manila University in year 2016. He holds a degree in Bachelor of Arts in Social Sciences, Major in Social Science. After graduation, Mr. Ng underwent his training in the Company. He is currently the Business Development Officer of Transpacific Broadband Group, Inc. Ardi Ng is the son of the Chairman Arsenio T. Ng.

The aforementioned directors and officers have served the fiscal year ended **March 31, 2024** and shall continue to serve until their successors have been duly elected at the Company's next annual stockholders' meeting.

No director of the Corporation has resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the board of directors since the date of the last annual meeting of security holders due to a disagreement with the Corporation on any matter relating to the registrant's operations, policies or practices, nor any director has furnished the Corporation with a letter describing such disagreement and requesting that the matter disclosed.

Nominees for Elections as Directors of the Company

The following are all part of the final list of candidates presented by the Nomination Committee, to wit:

Arsenio T. Ng (Filipino)	Leonides Respicio (Filipino)	Ramon Escueta (Filipino) Independent
Hilario T. Ng (Filipino)	Manuel Moje (Filipino)	Paul C. Cheah (Filipino) Independent
Santos L. Cejoco (Filipino)	Sophie Miles Ng (Filipino)	Ardi Bradley L. Ng (Filipino)
Paul B. Saria (Filipino)	Twinie Kaye Ng (Filipino)	

These nominees were formally nominated to the Nomination Committee by a shareholder of the Company, Paul C. Cheah and Ramon Escueta are the nominees for independent directors. The nominated independent director, Ramon Escueta, does not hold directorship or independent directorship in other publicly-listed companies. Paul C. Cheah is an independent director of Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l. Inc. In the approval of nomination for independent directors, the Nominations Committee has taken into consideration the guidelines prescribed under SRC Rule 38 (Requirements on Nomination and Election of Independent Directors) and the By-laws of the Company. The independent directors are nominated by Paul B. Saria and Hilario Ng. Both Mr. Paul Saria and Hilario Ng have no relationship with the nominees for independent directors.

Only nominees whose names appear on the final list of candidates will be eligible for election as directors. No further nominations will be entertained or allowed on the floor during the annual stockholders' meeting.

Management Committee Members / Key Executive Officers (2023 – 2024)

Arsenio T. Ng	-Chief Executive Officer & President
Hilario T. Ng	-Chief Operating Officer
Santos Cejoco	-Chief Corporate Planner
Leonides Respicio	-Corporate Secretary
Paul B. Saria	-Assistant Corporate Secretary
Ramon Escueta	-Independent Director, Nominations Committee
Paul Cheah	-Independent Director, Remuneration and Audit Committee

(2) Significant Employees

The company has no significant employees.

(3) Family Relationship

Architect Hilario T. Ng is the younger brother of Arsenio T. Ng. Sophie Miles Ng, Twinie Kaye Ng and Ardi Bradley are siblings and children of Arsenio T. Ng. Except for the above-mentioned directors there are no family relationships among the officers listed.

(4) Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

The Company is not aware that anyone of the incumbent directors and executive officers and persons nominated to become a director and executive officer have been the subject of bankruptcy petition or pending criminal proceedings in court or have been by judgment or decree found to have violated securities or commodities law enjoined from engaging in any business, securities, commodities or banking activities. This disclosure on legal proceedings covers the last five years up to the latest date of this Information Statement.

The Company and its subsidiaries is not involved in any litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. If there is any claim, the Company believes that the cases against it have no legal basis and that there is no pending litigation that will have a material or adverse effect on its financial position or operations.

(5) Appraisals and Performance Report of the Board

The attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors held in fiscal year 2024 is as follows:

Directors/ Officers	No. of Meetings Attended/ Held	Percent (%) Present
Arsenio T. Ng	4/4	100%
Hilario T. Ng	4/4	100%
Manuel Moje	3/4	75%
Santos L. Cejoco	4/4	100%
Leonides Respicio	4/4	100%
Paul B. Saria	4/4	100%
Sophie Miles Ng	4/4	100%
Twinie Kaye Ng	4/4	100%
Ardi Bradley Ng	4/4	100%
Ramon Escueta	4/4	100%
Paul Cheah	4/4	100%

DISCUSSION ON COMPLIANCE WITH LEADING PRACTICES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Evaluation System in terms of Compliance with Registrant's Manual on Corporate Governance

The Manual on Corporate Governance was submitted on May 12, 2017. In compliance with the manual the company made a separate submission on filing of Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report. Please refer to the link on disclosure dated May 2, 2024 below: https://edge.pse.com.ph/openDiscViewer.do?edge_no=47534888ec7dbea4abca0fa0c5b4e4d0 In the above report, the Board resolved, after self-evaluation, that the Company satisfactorily complied with the goals and objectives of the Manual on Corporate Governance.

Measures for full compliance with the adopted leading practices on good corporate governance

The Corporation religiously submitted to the SEC the mandated Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report pursuant to the requirement of SEC and PSE. The documents is accessible at the Company's website. Please refer to the Company's I-ACGR: <https://atnholdings.com/ACGR.html>

The Company likewise complied with all the mandatory submissions relating to corporate governance specified under relevant SEC regulations, which includes (i) filing of the Company's Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) for the year 2023 on May 2, 2024, and (ii) submission of the advisement letter on the attendance of the members of the Board of Directors in the 2023 regular board meetings on January 3, 2024.

Deviations

In 2023, the Company did not deviate from the adopted Manual of Corporate Governance including all members of the Board Directors as well as Senior Management officers. The Board Directors and Senior Management officers completed and were duly certified for attending a 1-day special seminar on Corporate Governance. The Company continue to adopt the policy of full disclosure of related-party transactions. All terms and conditions of related party transactions are reported by management to the Board of Directors. The Company ensures that no deviations to MCG Manual have occurred and all the transactions are entered on an arm's length basis. No Corporate directors and officers have entered into related party transactions with the Company in 2023.

Improvement of Corporate Governance

The Company's directors are mandated to attend at least one seminar and training relating to good corporate governance in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20 Series of 2013. All of the incumbent directors and key corporate officers of the Company attended at least one of these accredited corporate governance training and continuing education seminar for the year 2023, conducted by the Center for Global Best Practices (CGBP) entitled "New Year SEC Updates and Compliance" on January 31, 2024 under course director and lecturer Atty. Justina Callangan, and "Awareness Training and Updates on AMLA" on March 5, 2024 under course director and lecturer Atty. Alphecca Madrid. The Company also intends to continue monitoring the performance of key officers and employees.

The Board is mandated not to incur large indebtedness and major capital expenditures which have caused many corporations to undergo financial difficulties and significant liquidity risks from 2020 to 2024, following reduced corporate revenues and huge increase in costs of goods due to the disruptive economic impact of Covid-19. In behalf of the shareholders benefit, the Board mandate on debt management for year 2023 is complied with, based on the minimal change of 4.7% in total liabilities from P1,181,401,192 to P1,237,082,537.

In early 2023, DENR- Mines and Geosciences Bureau issued and approved Care and Maintenance status of the Quarry Project. Due to minimal operating activities of the ATN greenfield quarry, there is no significant quantitative appraisal basis to link and affect Board performance. However, after securing the Mineral Production Sharing Agreement with the Philippine Government in March 2024, which allowed significant increase in quarry production levels and efficiency, the Board is in the process of formulating additional appraisals, performance matrix, criteria and procedure on operating efficiency, which will be incorporated in the 2025 Manual of Corporate Governance once completed.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The CEO, to signify his solidarity with the Company's stakeholders waived his rights to the compensation due a CEO, as set by the Board of Directors for the fiscal year, thereby taking on the same risks and rewards as the common shareholders.

Aggregate compensation in the last two (2) fiscal years paid to the officers of the Company as a group, are as follows:

Name	2025 Estimated	2024	2023
Four most highly compensated Executive Officers:			
1. Paul B. Saria – Chief Operating Officer	300,000	300,000	300,000
2. Santos Cejoco – Chief Corporate Planner	300,000	300,000	300,000
3. Twinie Kaye Ng – Vice President	200,000	200,000	200,000
4. Sophie Miles NG – Vice President	200,000	200,000	200,000
Total			
All other officers and directors	P.073M	P0.73M	P0.72M
TOTAL	P1.73M	P1.72M	P1.72M
BONUS	0	0	0
OTHERS	0	0	0
TOTAL	P1.73M	P1.73M	P1.72M

Directors:

The members of the Board of Directors shall each be entitled to a director's fee in the amount to be fixed by the stockholders at a regular or special meeting duly called for that purpose. Each director receives a per diem of P5,000.00 per attendance at Board meetings of the Company.

The stockholders have not fixed any fee, and thus there are no other arrangements pursuant to which any of the directors was compensated or is to be compensated, directly or indirectly, by the Company for services rendered during the last fiscal year, and the ensuing fiscal year.

None of the directors, in their personal capacity, has been contracted and compensated by the Company for services other than those provided as a director.

Officers:

There are no employment contracts between the Company and its executive officers.

There are no warrants and options granted to Directors and Officers of the Company.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountant

(1) External Audit Fees and Services

The audited financial position of the Company for FY March 31, 2024 was audited by R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs.

The same accounting firm is being recommended for re-election at the scheduled annual meeting for the almost the same remuneration as in the previous year. Representatives of the said firm are expected to be present at the stockholders' meeting and they will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs has acted as the Company's external auditor since 2009 and has complied with the five-year rotation requirement under SRC Rule 68(3)(b)(iv) (Qualifications and reports of Independent Auditors). For this year, audit partner Mr. Domingo A. Daza audited the FY March 31, 2024 financial statements. He replaced Mr. Chester Nimitz F. Salvador., who serves as auditor from 2017 to 2023. The rotation of the auditors is part of the auditor's strategy. The audit committee headed by Paul C. Cheah (Independent and Chairman) Hilario T. Ng, and Santos Cejoco has no policies and procedures of the above services.

(2) Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There were no events in the past wherein R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs, and the company had any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedure.

Item 8. Compensation Plans

There is no cash or non-cash compensation to be distributed with respect to stock options, warrants or rights or any other extra consideration.

Employment Contracts, Termination of Employment, And Change-In-Control Arrangement

An employment contract between the Corporation and a named executive officer will normally include a compensation package, duties and responsibilities, and term of employment.

The Corporation has not entered into any compensatory plan or arrangement with any named executive officer which would entitle such named executive officer to receive any amount under such plan or arrangement as a result of or which will result from the resignation, retirement, or any other termination of such executive officer's employment with the Corporation and its subsidiaries, or from a change-in-control of the Corporation, or a change in the executive officer's responsibilities following a change-in-control of the Corporation.

Item 9. Modification or Exchange of Securities

No action is to be taken with respect to the modification of any class of securities of the registrant.

Item 10. Financial and Other Information

No action is to be taken with respect to any matter specified in item 10 above.

Item 11. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions, and Similar Matters

No action is to be taken with respect to any transaction involving:

1. the merger or consolidation of the Corporation into or with any person, or of any other person into or with the Corporation;
2. the acquisition by the Corporation or any of its security holders of securities of another person;
3. the acquisition by the Corporation of any other going business or of the assets thereof;
4. the sale or other transfer of all or any substantial part of the assets of the Corporation; or
5. the liquidation or dissolution of the Corporation.

Item 12. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

There was no acquisition of new properties by the Corporation. The Corporation continues its lease rental operation with minimal disposition of property.

No other action to be taken with respect to the acquisition or disposition of property.

Item 13. Restatement of Accounts

No action is to be taken with respect to the restatement of accounts.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 14. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other than for Exchange

Subscription of Unipage Management, Inc. of 2,325,055,429 shares and Arsenio T. Ng of 824,944.571 shares at a price per share value of P0.20 per share.

On November 14, 2019, during the Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Corporation, majority of stockholders present or in proxy resolved to approve the subscription of Unipage Management, Inc. of 2,325,055,429 shares and Arsenio T. Ng of 824,944,571 shares at a price per share value of P0.20 per share. Further, the majority of the minority shareholders voted for the waiver to conduct a rights/public offering with respect to the to the above-mentioned subscription.

In line with the foregoing, the Board of Directors on its special meeting of October 04, 2021 meeting resolved to approve the issuance of the 2,325,055,429 ATN shares for UMI from the unsubscribed portion of the authorized capital stock of the Corporation consisting of Three Hundred Twenty Five Million Fifty Five Thousand Four Hundred Twenty Nine (325,055,429) Common Class "A" Shares and Two Billion (2,000,000,000) Common Class "B" shares, and listing thereof in the Philippine Stock Exchange. Likewise, the Stockholders of the Corporation ratified the board resolution in the Annual Stockholders Meeting of November 25, 2021. Likewise, the majority of the minority shareholders reaffirmed their waiver to conduct a rights/public offering with respect to the to the subscription of the abovementioned shares used solely for the payment of subscription payable to ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc. The subject shares issued to UMI were approved for listing by the Philippine Stock Exchange last August 25, 2022.

On the above subject matter, no approval from the stockholders is required from the stockholders in the upcoming Annual Stockholders Meeting.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports:

The following reports/minutes shall be submitted to the stockholders for approval/ratification:

1. Approval of the previous annual minutes of meeting last November 9, 2023
2. Report of the President and Approval of the FY March 31, 2024 Audited Financial Statements

3. General ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors, Board Committees, and the Management from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to date of this meeting.
4. Appointment of Independent Auditors

Membership in said committees, which include one independent director in compliance with SEC rules, are as follows:

<u>Compensation Committee:</u>	<u>Audit Committee:</u>	<u>Nomination Committee:</u>
Arsenio T. Ng (Chairman)	Paul C. Cheah - Chairman	Ramon D. Escueta- Chairman
Paul B. Saria (Member)	Hilario T. Ng (Member)	Santos Cejoco (Member)
Paul C. Cheah - Independent	Santos Cejoco (Member)	Arsenio T. Ng (Member)

Item 16. Matters not Required to be Submitted

No action is to be taken with respect to any matter which is not required to be submitted to a vote of security holders.

Item 17. Amendments of Charter, By-laws, and Other Documents

The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) have approved the amendment of the company's Articles of Incorporation and By-laws, to wit:

1. On August 28, 2008, Section 7 of the Articles of Incorporation was amended to increase the Authorized capital stock of the Corporation from Two Hundred Million Pesos (P200,000,000.00) to One Billion Two Hundred Million Pesos (P1,200,000,000.00).
2. On December 22, 2010 annual stockholders' meeting of the Corporation, majority of the stockholders of the Corporation has resolved to amend Article 7 of the Articles of Incorporation on the waiver of pre-emptive rights.
3. On October 1, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Corporation resolved to amend the annual stockholders meeting date of the Corporation from 2ndThursdayof July to 2nd Thursday of November.
4. On March 27, 2015, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the change in par value of the Corporation from P1.00 per share to P0.10 for Class "A" and Class "B" share.
5. On June 30, 2016, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the Amended Articles of Incorporation of ATN Holdings, Inc. for the conversion of the unissued common shares to Five billion (5,000,000,000) preferred shares.
6. On November 21, 2016, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the extension of corporate life of the Corporation to another fifty years from the expiration of the original term of fifty (50) yrs. The Corporation was incorporated on February 13, 1969.

Item 18. None.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

Stockholders of record as of **14 November 2024** may vote at the Meeting. Stockholders have the right to vote in person or by proxy. Under the Company's policy for the effective participation by shareholders in shareholders' meetings of the Company and the exercise of shareholders' right to vote:

1. The vote required for approval or election:

Pursuant to Article I, Section 5 of the By-Laws of the Corporation, at any meeting of the stockholders, the holder of record for the time being of majority of the stock of the corporation then issued and outstanding and entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction or Order of Business.

2. The method by which votes will be counted:

Article I, Section 7 of the By-Laws of the Corporation provides that at each meeting of the shareholders, every shareholder, in person or by proxy, shall be entitled to vote the number of shares registered in his name which has voting rights upon the matter in question.

Article I, Section 5 of the By-Laws also provides that at every meeting of the stockholders of the corporation, every stockholder entitled to vote shall be entitled to one vote for each shares of stock standing in his name on the books of the corporation. Provided, however, that in the case of the election of Directors, every stockholder entitled to vote shall be entitled to cumulate his votes in accordance with the provisions of law in such case made and provided.

Sections 23 and 57 of the Revised Corporation Code provides that the Corporation may allow a shareholder to cast his vote *in absentia* via modes which the Corporation shall establish, taking into account the Corporation's scale, number of shareholders or members, structure and other factors consistent with the basic right of corporate suffrage. The Secretary shall record all the votes and proceedings of the shareholders and of the directors in a book kept for that purpose.

Shareholders may vote through the following: (1) by digital ballot, (2) by voting in absentia or (3) by appointing the Chairman of the Annual Meeting as their proxy. Please refer to the attached registration and proxy form under Item 4.6 "Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof / Registration and Proxy Form" (page 8 of this DIS), for voting by digital ballot, voting *in absentia* and voting by proxy.

Item 20. Previous Minutes of the Annual Stockholders Meeting

**Minutes of the Annual Stockholders Meeting of November 9, 2023, 1:30PM
via Zoom meeting**

1. **Call to Order.** This is to notify that **ATN Holdings, Inc.** held its regular annual stockholders' meeting on November 9, 2023 via Zoom Teleconference. The meeting started at 1:30 PM and adjourned at 3:00 PM.
2. **Notice of the Meeting.** The Corporate Secretary certified that the Notice of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Definitive Information Statement were disclosed to shareholders on September 27, 2022 and October 18, 2023 respectively via (1) Disclosure in the PSE Edge system, (2) Disclosure in the Company's website, (3) Publication of Notice of Meeting in two (2) newspapers Daily Tribune and Malaya both on October 12 and 13, 2023, and (4) via email upon request of stockholders.
3. **Determination of Quorum.** The Corporate Secretary certified that a quorum existed with 74.80% or 5,105,315,796 shares of the issued and outstanding shares were present in person or by proxy.

	No of shares	%
No. of Outstanding Voting shares	6,825,055,429	100.00%
Shareholders present	5,105,315,796	74.80%

Directors Present:	Position
Arsenio T. Ng	Chairman of the Board
Hilario T. Ng	Director
Manuel Moje	Director
Santos L. Cejoco	Director
Leonides Respicio	Director
Paul B. Saria	Director
Sophie Miles Ng	Director
Twinie Kaye Ng	Director
Ardi Bradley Ng	Director
Ramon Escueta	Independent Director
Paul Cheah	Independent Director

4. **Instructions on Rules of Conduct, Voting Procedures and Voting Requirements.** The Corporate Secretary explained the rules of conduct, voting procedures and voting requirements of the meeting via (1) show of hands or (2) registration and voting in absentia. Registration form and/or proxy forms were sent to stockholder that signified their intent to join the meeting via email or via downloadable form in the company website with a deadline of submission on October 30, 2023. Other question are to be taken up under "Other Matters"

5. Approval of the Minutes of Meeting of 2022. The Assistant Corporate Secretary presented an electronic copy of the previous minutes of meeting held on November 10, 2022. On motion duly made and seconded, the minutes of meeting of the previous meeting of the Stockholders held on November 10, 2022. Stockholders votes on the resolution as follows:

	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
No. of Voted Shares	5,105,315,796	0	0
% of total outstanding shares	74.80%		

6. Report of the President and Presentation of the Audited Financial Statements. The President, Arsenio T. Ng instructed the Chief Operations Officer, Paul B. Saria to present the report (*in powerpoint*) and the Audited Financial Statements ending March 31, 2023 of the Corporation. Stockholders noted the President/Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements ending March 31, 2023 without objections, as follows:

	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
No. of Voted Shares	5,105,315,796	0	0
% of total outstanding shares	74.80%		

7. Ratification of the Acts of the Board of Directors and Officer. The Corporate Secretary announced that stockholders' ratification is being sought for all the acts and resolution of the Board and other Board Committees exercising powers delegated by the Board, which were adopted for year 2022 to 2023, as well as for all the acts of the Corporation's officers performed in accordance with the resolutions of the Board. Stockholders ratified all the acts of the Board, Committees and Officers, with the following votes:

	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
No. of Voted Shares	5,105,315,796	0	0
% of total outstanding shares	74.80%		

8. Election of Directors. The Corporate Secretary presented the nominees for the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The Corporate Secretary certified that the following were duly nominated as directors of the Company for the ensuing year in accordance with the By-laws of the Corporation. Given that the number of nominees is similar to the required number of Directors under the Corporation's By-laws, stockholders duly elected the new Board of Directors based on the total cumulative votes as follows:

Director	Shareholdings	FOR
Arsenio T. Ng	2,763,541,260	5,105,315,796
Hilario T. Ng	3,501,000	5,105,315,796
Manuel Moje	10,000	5,105,315,796
Santos L. Cejoco	1,000	5,105,315,796
Leonides Respicio	10,000	5,105,315,796
Paul B. Saria	3,010,000	5,105,315,796
Sophie Miles Ng	3,052,774	5,105,315,796
Twinie Kaye Ng	5,114,333	5,105,315,796
Ardi Bradley L. Ng	2,000,000	5,105,315,796
Paul C. Cheah	10,000	5,105,315,796
Ramon Escueta	10,000	5,105,315,796

9. Appointment of External Auditor. The Committee and the Board endorsed the appointment of R.R. Tan and Associates as the Corporation's External Auditor for the fiscal year 2023 to 2024. The Corporate Secretary, on behalf of the management, proposed the adoption of resolution for the appointment of the Corporation's external auditor. The stockholders voted on the resolution as follows:

	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
No. of Voted Shares	5,105,315,796	0	0
% of total outstanding shares	74.80%		

10. Other Matters. The Chairman opened the floor for other matters to be taken up or questions from the stockholders. After a few minutes, there being no matters raised the Chairman adjourned the meeting at 3:00PM, and thanked the stockholders for their attendance and support.

Immediately after the annual stockholders' meeting, the company held its organizational meeting and the following were elected as officers for the year 2023-2024:

Arsenio T. Ng	Chairman President Chief Executive Officer
Hilario Ng	Chief Financial Officer
Santos Cejoco	Chief Corporate Planner
Atty. Leonides S. Respicio	Corporate Secretary
Paul B. Saria	Chief Operations Officer Corporate Information Officer Assistant Corporate Secretary

The following are the committees and the respective members:

Remuneration Committee:

Arsenio T. Ng - Chairman
Paul B. Saria – Member
Paul C. Cheah – Independent

Audit Committee

Paul C. Cheah – Chairman, Independent
Santos Cejoco – Member
Hilario T. Ng – Member

Nomination Committee

Ramon D. Escueta - Chairman
Arsenio T. Ng – Member
Santos Cejoco – Member

PART III

SIGNATURE PAGE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true and correct. This report is signed in the City of Mandaluyong on November 18, 2024.

Issuer : ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
Date : November 18, 2024



PAUL B. SARIA
Corporate Information Officer

MANAGEMENT REPORT

BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE GENERAL NATURE AND SCOPE OF THE REGISTRANT'S BUSINESS AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

ATN Holdings, Inc. (ATN) recent development includes execution of a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) No. 354-2024-IVA with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources – Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB). Under the MPSA Section III “Term of Agreement” Item 3.1 states: “This Agreement shall have a term of twenty-five (25) years from Effective Date and may be renewed thereafter for another term not exceeding twenty-five (25) years. The total term of the Special Mines Permit issued to the Contractor on January 04, 2023, including its renewals if any, shall be deducted from the term of this Agreement. The renewal of this Agreement, as well as the changes in the terms and conditions thereof, shall be upon mutual consent by the parties...” The MPSA was issued after DENR-MGB’s approval of ATN Holdings, Inc.’s (1) Special Mines Permit, (2) Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF), and (3) Exploration Permit No. EP-IVA-019, which confirms basalt mineral resources within the MPSA area (82.7092 hectares) as validated by MGB. In line with the issuance, the Company paid the required Registration Fee (O.R. # 8160902) and Occupation Fees to the LGU (O.R. # 21023535 dated February 15, 2024) as required under DAO No. 2010-21. With the MPSA, the Corporations intends to build and operate a (1) second Rock Processing plant. (2) Ready Mix Concrete Plant, and (3) Concrete Hollow-block Plant to utilize such existing rock resources to serve the needs of the Build Better, More (BBM) Program of H.E. President Ferdinand “Bongbong” Marcos Jr. It currently has manpower pool of at least 100 workers, 80% of which is local based workers.

ATN Holdings, Inc. (ATN) On September 13, 1995, SEC approved the increase in authorized capital stock to Two Hundred Million Pesos (P200,000,000) at One centavo (P0.01) per share. On March 14, 1996, Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), approved the changes of name from Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation to ATN Holdings, Incorporated and corporate purpose from mining to a holding company. A change of par from One Centavo (P0.01) per share to One Peso (P1.00) per share was subsequently approved by the SEC in November, 1996.

On August 29, 2008 the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the increase in capital stock from P200 million to P1.2 billion. The capital consisted of 720,000 class “A” shares and 480,000 class “B” shares with a par value of P1 each.

On March 27, 2015, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the change in par value of ATN Holdings Shares from P1.00 per share to P0.10 per Class “A” and Class “B” share.

On June 30, 2016, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the Amended Articles of Incorporation of ATN Holdings, Inc. for the conversion of the unissued common shares to Five billion (5,000,000,000) preferred shares

Title of issue	Authorized Capital	Subscribed	Paid Up
Common			
Class “A”	4,200,000,000	3,700,000,000	370,000,000
Class “B”	2,800,000,000	800,000,000	80,000,000
Preferred	5,000,000,000	-	-
Total	12,000,000,000	4,500,000,000	450,000,000

On November 21, 2016, the Securities and Exchange Commission approved the extension of corporate life of the Corporation to another fifty years from the expiration of the original term of fifty (50) yrs. The Corporation was incorporated on February 13, 1969.

On April 4, 2022, Unipage Management Inc. (UMI) subscribed Class “A” shares of 325,055,429 and Class “B” shares of 2,000,000,00 with a subscription price of P0.20. The composition of Share Capital after the subscription is as follows:

Title of issue	Authorized Capital	Subscribed	Paid up
Common			
Class “A”	4,200,000,000	4,025,055,429	P402,505,543

Class "B"	2,800,000,000	2,800,000,000	280,000,000
Preferred	5,000,000,000	-	-
Total	12,000,000,000	6,825,055,429	P682,505,543

ATN's subsidiaries and associates are Palladian Land Development Inc. (PLDI), ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.(ATN SOLAR), Advanced Home Concept Development Corp. (AHCDC) and Managed Care Phils., Inc. (MCPI)

Palladian Land Development Inc. (PLDI) is the developer and major owner of (a) the 48-storey Summit One Tower and an adjacent 6 storey parking building, located at 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, (b) the subdivided residential land in Pasig City, and (c) the 256-hectare property located in Rodriguez, Rizal. PLDI's main sources of revenues include sale and rent of condominium units and residential land. Palladian envisions in the future that the above mentioned properties are to be fully considered as a private Economic Zone.

Advanced Home Concept Development Corp. (AHCDC) is a corporation engaged in developing residential properties. AHCDC is a developer of various properties in Pasig City.

ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group Inc., the project implementing entity of ATN Group for energy business, is setting up a 30 MW Solar PV Project. It will be situated in a 256-hectare property of parent company ATN Holdings, Inc. in Rodriguez (Montalban), Rizal. The site is less than 10 kilometers away from business districts in Metro Manila with a population of 10 million people.

In 2017, ATN Solar embarked on the development of its solar project site in Rodriguez, Rizal. Site development entails the extraction of rock deposits to flatten the terrain and minimize shadowing, which reduces the production of energy of solar PV panels. With DENR ECC-OL-R4A-2017-0414, ATN Solar acquired a 500-ton per hour rock crusher plant for better disposal management and to make the extracted rocks saleable in the public interest, and serve the rock aggregate requirements of President Duterte's major infrastructure projects, as well as the land reclamation projects being undertaken by private entities in Manila Bay.

The solar project is designed to have gross generation capacity of 30 MW peak of direct current (DC). The alternating current (AC) output will be distributed through Manila Electric Company (Meralco) franchise distribution area via a 34.5 KV transmission line connected to the Diliman, Novaliches and Parang circuits.

In compliance with environmental laws, ATN Solar will plant trees to the extent of 10 new trees per 380 old trees that have to be cut to make the project site ready for installation of solar panels. ATN Holdings as proponent has budgeted P50 per new tree planted to be part of ATN Solar project cost.

ATN Solar will negotiate the Power Supply Agreement with Retail Electricity Suppliers when the rates become favorable for financially sustainable operation of the solar plant.

Competitive Position in the Industry

The Company is competitive in terms of pricing its real estate properties for sale. Its low leverage allows the company to survive even during a slump in the real-estate market. In addition, the company enjoys PEZA incentives in its Summit One Tower Office Building.

The company presently sells real estate property in Summit One Tower and other minor land properties in compliance with real estate laws. Upon start of commercial operation of the ATN Solar rock crushing plant in early 2018, the ATN group shall be selling construction products in the form of rock aggregates, armor rock for reclamation projects, pre-mix concrete, and pre-fabricated concrete products in the future. Management observes that there is no probable governmental law that may have significant effect in company operations since permitting of all aspects of operation of the ATN group have been completed and approved by duly constituted government entities.

Properties

The Company and its subsidiaries are the owners of (a) selected units and floors of Summit One Tower at 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, (b) the subdivided residential land in Pasig City and (c)

256 hectare land for non-metallic mining, real estate development and energy generation in Montalban, Rizal.

Certain condominium units in Summit One Tower in Mandaluyong City are subject to contract to sell executed with third party. Payments received were lodged under "Deposit" in the Statement of Financial Position.

Pursuant to the operating lease commitments, certain investment properties of the Group are leased out to third parties under the operating lease agreement. The lease term is for the period of 1 year renewable at the option of both parties.

The company does not intend to acquire or purchase any real estate or major equipment in the next twelve months.

Legal Proceedings

The Company is not involved in any litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. If there is any claim against the company, the Company believes that the cases against it have no legal basis and that there is no pending litigation that will have a material or adverse effect on its financial position or operations.

Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There was no meeting held since the end of fiscal year March 31, 2024.

Certain Relationship and Related Transactions

During the last two years, there were no transactions undertaken by the Company in which any directors, executive officers, beneficial owner, or any member of their immediate family has a direct or indirect material interest.

The Group did not recognize any key management compensation nor provided any stock options and bonuses for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

For information on related party transactions, including the amount/volume and outstanding balances as of March 31, 2024, we include herein Note 26 of the Company's Audited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Transactions, year-end balances and terms and conditions with related parties are as follows:

Category	Year	Transactions during the year				Outstanding balance		Terms and conditions
		Cash transactions		Non-cash transactions		Due from related parties	Due to related parties	
		Due from (Collections)	Due to (Settlement)	Assignment of advances	Conversion to capital			
<i>Associate</i>								
<i>ATN Solar</i>								
Cash advances	2024	P 8,934,570	P -	P -	P -	P 54,075,464	P -	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>
	2023	(8,979,090)	-	-	-	45,140,894	-	
	2022	26,401,348	-	-	-	54,119,984	-	
<i>Companies under common control</i>								
<i>Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l, Inc. (TBGI)</i>								
Cash advances	2024	2,000,000	494,340	-	-	18,380,813	5,437,885	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>
	2023	280,813	4,943,545	-	-	16,380,813	4,943,545	
	2022	-	(634,237)	-	-	16,100,000	-	
<i>Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines (SMCM)</i>								
Cash advances	2024	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>
	2023	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-	
	2022	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-	
<i>Unipage Management, Inc. (UMI)</i>								
Cash advances	2024	-	12,300,000	-	-	-	90,885,899	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>
	2023	-	64,543,996	210,000,000	(466,451,550)	-	78,585,899	
	2022	-	33,698,856	-	-	-	270,493,453	
<i>Stockholders</i>								
Cash advances	2024	-	42,178,418	-	-	-	363,707,481	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>
	2023	-	(35,544,694)	(210,000,000)	-	-	321,529,063	
	2022	-	1,407,378	-	-	-	567,073,757	
	2024					P 79,906,277	P 460,031,265	
	2023					P 68,971,707	P 405,058,507	
	2022					P 77,669,984	P 837,567,210	

Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

- i. UMI and certain stockholders provide financing for the Group. Eventually, these funds are transferred and used to support ATN Solar's capital expenditures and operating expenses.
- ii. In prior years, the Group provided cash advances to Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines (SMCM) to fund its mining activities. Such advances will be converted into equity interest in SMCM when mining operations commence. Due to unforeseen circumstances, SMCM encountered financial difficulties and was unable to operate and generate revenues and cash flows. Accordingly, the Group provided a full impairment loss on its advances to SMCM in 2014 amounting to P7.45 million.
- iii. On April 5, 2022, a Deed of Assignment was executed wherein the advances provided by a certain stockholder to the Company amounting to P210 million were assigned to UMI. On the same date, a Subscription Agreement was executed wherein the Company issued 2,325,055,429 shares to UMI in exchange for the latter's advances to the Parent Company amounting to P466,451,550. This non-cash transaction was excluded in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.
- iv. The details of subsidiaries' accounts that were eliminated in the process of consolidation are as follows:

	Due from subsidiaries					
	2024		2023		2022	
Palladian Land Development, Inc.	P	23,529,860	P	23,245,620	P	28,919,160
Managed Care Philippines, Inc.		8,642,328		8,642,328		8,642,328
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation		10,938,677		10,818,677		10,768,677
	P	43,110,865	P	42,706,625	P	48,330,165

- v. The amount of compensation paid to key management personnel amounted to P423,241 and P370,000 for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, the Group did not recognize any key management compensation nor provided any stock options and bonuses.
- vi. There were no provisions for ECL during 2024, 2023 and 2022 covering Advances to related parties.
- vii. As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the net carrying values of these advances are as follows:

	2024		2023		2022	
Due from related parties	P	79,906,277	P	68,971,707	P	77,669,984
Less: Allowance for impairment losses		(7,450,000)		(7,450,000)		(7,450,000)
		72,456,277		61,521,707		70,219,984
Due to related parties	P	460,031,265	P	405,058,507	P	837,567,210

Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

a. ATN Holdings, Inc. 25-Year Mineral Production Sharing Agreement

On January 22, 2024, ATN Holdings, Inc. and the Republic of the Philippines under Department of Environment and Natural Resources – Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) executed a **Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) No. 354-2024-IVA**. Under the MPSA Section III "Term of Agreement" Item 3.1 states: "This Agreement shall have a term of twenty-five (25) years from Effective Date and may be renewed thereafter for another term not exceeding twenty-five (25) years. The total term of the Special Mines Permit issued to the Contractor on January 04, 2023, including its renewals if any, shall be deducted from the term of this Agreement. The renewal of this Agreement, as well as the changes in the terms and conditions thereof, shall be upon mutual consent by the parties..."

The MPSA was issued after DENR-MGB's approval of ATN Holdings, Inc.'s (1) Special Mines Permit, (2) Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF), and (3) Exploration Permit No. EP-IVA-019, which confirms basalt mineral resources within the MPSA area (82.7092 hectares) as validated by MGB. In line with the issuance, the Company paid the required Registration Fee

(O.R. # 8160902) and Occupation Fees to the LGU (O.R. # 21023535 dated February 15, 2024) as required under DAO No. 2010-21.



b. Competent Person Technical Report: Mineral Resource Estimates

Per the Final Exploration Report of ATN Holdings Aggregates Project under EP-IVA-019 located at Brgy. Macabud, Rodriguez, Rizal conducted by Competent Person Geologist Leo A. Sosa and Geologist Abner Padrique, the resource estimation conducted on the both rock aggregates and fill materials revealed an indicated resource of 66,132,300 tons of rock aggregates and 31,264,375 tons of fill materials. Table 23 below shows the resource summary within the project site:

Table 23. EP-IVA-19 Resource Summary

Resource	Indicated		Inferred	
	Volume (m ³)	Tonnes	Volume (m ³)	Tonnes
Fill Materials	12,505,750	31,264,375	18,982,875	47,457,188
Rock Aggregates	25,435,500	66,132,300	42,410,250	110,266,650

c. Share of the Government

Per Section 6.4 of the MPSA, “The Government Share from the MPSA shall be the excise tax on mineral products at the time of removal and at the rate provided for in the National International Revenue Code, as amended, as well as other taxes, duties and fees levied by existing laws. The Excise Tax shall be timely and completely paid to the nearest Bureau of Internal Revenue Office in the province concerned xxx...xxx The Government share shall be allocated in accordance with Section 290 and 292 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as “The Local Government Code of 1991”.

d. Development of the Community

Per Section 9.1.j.3 of the MPSA, ATN is required to allot annually a minimum of 1.5% of the operating cost necessary to implement the activities for the development of the host and neighboring communities, development of Mining Technology and Geosciences, and the Information, Education and Communication Program for greater public awareness and understanding of responsible mining and geosciences.

e. ATN Holdings' MPSA Value Contribution to National Infrastructure Growth Prospects under the PBBM *Build Better More Program*

The 25-Year MPSA positioned ATN Holdings as one of the few “legal sources of high-quality basalt rocks in Montalban” for high-impact value infrastructure of PBBM Php 9 Trillion projects, accelerating GDP growth in National Capital Region.

The real estate sector of holding company plans to continue its focus on existing principal activities and has no plan to engage in product research and development or purchase or sell any plant and significant equipment. The Company values its human resources and it has no plan to decrease the number of its employees.

On renewable energy generation, ATN Holdings secured Php 1.1 Billion credit facility from UCPB (in lieu of Unicap), but solar project implementation was superseded by the Php 1.0 Billion Integrated Rock Processing Project to serve the urgent need for rocks of the Build, Build, Build Program of President Duterte.

ATN Solar expects annual revenues to reach P1 Billion per year once the government infrastructure projects on water supply and waste water treatment procure large volumes of rock aggregates, which can start in 2023 or 2024. The Japanese ODA projects for Metro Manila railway and subway likewise provide a large market for ATN rock aggregates. Palladian Land expects to earn P70 million annually from tenement fees to be paid by ATN Solar

There is no other change in the plan of operations for the next 12 months.

f. Major Risks Involved and other disclosures

Since President Ferdinand R. Marcos Jr. formally lifted the state of public health emergency declared due to the coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19) pandemic last July 22, 2023, ATN expect demand to increase in the next following months given the government infrastructure projects. ATN corporate cash flow is expected to be positive because the (a) market prices of rock aggregates have significantly increased due to increases in prices of diesel which is a major production input, and (b) some quarry operators have ceased operation stemming from liquidity problems and the firmness of DENR requirement for industry participants to have legal sources of raw material.

Local/foreign acquisitions, mergers & consolidations, disposals, joint ventures, other forms of business co-operation, new line of business.

Except for the ATN Solar project, ATN Holdings has no local/foreign acquisitions, mergers & consolidations, new business and other forms of business cooperation.

Material change in ATN's financial or trading position.

There is no material change in ATN financial position since the last audited FS other than that already made public.

Material contracts entered into, or are being negotiated.

On January 22, 2024, ATN Holdings, Inc. and the Republic of the Philippines under Department of Environment and Natural Resources – Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) executed a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) No. 354-2024-IVA.

Material change in the operations, operating environment, business plans.

Given the issuance of the MPSA, ATN shall continue with its quarry and crushing operations for the next 25-years. The solar power generation project shall augment the requirement to the existing crushing plant and expansion plans. There is no other change in operations, operating environment, and business plans.

Operating divisions/particular business segments possess with the largest areas of concern.

ATN's competitive advantage is being one of the three MPSA holders in the area out of the 20 crushing plant operators. Crushing Plant operators are required to source raw materials from legitimate MPSA holders.

On the property segment, the financial structure with low debt ratio allows the company to hold on to real estate assets for higher value expectation in the long term. Challenging competition has always been around for all business segments of ATN Holdings.

Major risks to ATN's future operating performance and asset position.

The risks associated with the ATN Solar business will be minimized via joint venture with large solar operators or solar PV manufacturers. There is no the major risk facing ATN's operating performance and rate of return on investment in solar power generation. No effect in asset position of ATN Holdings, since project site is already owned by ATN Holdings, Inc subsidiary Palladian Land Development, Inc. The low debt ratio and zero foreign exchange denominate debt of ATN Holdings maintains corporate stability even under the severe test of high interest rates and peso devaluation.

Plan for corporate restructuring (dissolution of the existing subsidiaries, affiliates, associates or joint ventures)

There is no plan for corporate restructuring, except the increase of ATN Holdings capitalization.

ATN long-term vision, key success factors to achieve this vision.

The ATN investment program covers three strategic business sectors including (a) renewable energy, (b) raw materials for infra and construction for Build, Better, More, and (c) real estate development that involves PEZA development and land equity. While ATN initiated the solar project ahead of its other business sectors, it has become necessary to remove the excess rock materials first to make the 256 hectares site ready for development of the solar farm, and the PEZA land equity. The long term vision is to flatten the terrain of the property to make the area valuable at its maximum for PEZA and solar energy development. Key success factors stem from the (a) existence of rock materials that can be used for construction activities inside the PEZA area, as well as the infrastructure projects of the government in Metro Manila., and (b) the proximity of the project site to Metro Manila where there is maximum economic activity.

ATN market position, vis-à-vis domestic competitors.

On the real estate business sector, ATN Holdings market share is relatively small compared to large real estate competitors. However, in absolute terms, ATN land in Rodriguez Rizal, which is the site of the solar project, can reach Php 75 Billion if the comparative present price of Php 30,000 per square meter of Ayala land in the same area is used in asset valuation. The Php 30,000 price per square meter of ATN land is not a remote possibility within the 25 years life of the solar project (when land becomes available for other uses), given that Ayala Land, SM Malls, San Miguel group and its competitors are flocking to the future site of large business process outsourcing activity and construction of support facilities in Rodriguez Rizal.

The Group has no patent, trademark, license/concession and royalty contracts.

The Group has secured government approval for all its real estate for sale.

The Group has 25 employees. There is no union in the corporation and all of its subsidiaries. As such, CBAs are not applicable.

INTERIM PERIOD ENDING September 30, 2024

	2nd Quarter ending			Fiscal Year Ending March 31		
	Sept 30, 2024	Sept 30, 2023	% Change	2024	2023	% Change
Revenue	₱ 8,885,803	₱ 10,234,640	-13%	₱ 12,099,763	₱ 41,081,410	-71%
Gross profit	4,702,068	4,080,852	15%	3,655,911	11,823,022	-69%
Gross profit %	53%	40%		30%	29%	
Cost of sales and services	4,183,734	6,153,788	-32%	8,443,852	29,258,388	-71%
Administrative expenses	5,987,338	6,450,551	-7%	7,528,448	11,672,971	-36%
Equity in net loss of an associe	-	-	0%	338,788	354,227	-4%
Finance cost	1,729,909	1,682,246	3%	2,948,336	2,518,020	17%
Net income (Net loss) for the p	(3,097,367)	(4,105,385)	-25%	(7,154,054)	(2,683,890)	167%
Net loss %	-35%	-40%		-59%	-7%	
EDITDA	₱ 7,635	₱ 1,127,182		₱ 1,521,322	₱ 3,601,760	

The group's consolidated revenue decreased from P10.234 million in quarter ending September 30, 2023 compared to P8.885 million in quarter ending September 30, 2024.

The net loss of P3.097 million stem from the 25% decrease in sales.

FY 2024

Financial and Operating Highlights

The following table shows the top five (5) important financial indicators of the company during the fiscal years ending March 31, 2024 and comparable period in the past year. Net profit on consolidated basis came from positive margins realized from available-for-sale financial assets and real estate business units.

	ATN Holdings (Consolidated)		Palladian Land		Advanced Home	
	FY 2024	FY 2023	CY 2023	CY 2022	CY 2023	CY 2022
Current Ratio	1.46	0.92	11.56	37.44	0.03	0.03
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.48	0.46	0.44	0.44	3.54	3.48
Asset to Equity Ratio	1.48	1.46	1.44	1.44	4.48	4.48
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	(1.31)	(0.07)	-	-	-	-
Gross Profit Margin	30%	29%	66%	71%	-	-
Net Income to Sales Ratio	-6%	-8%	-41.00%	-37.38%	-	-
Net Income (loss)	-P 7,246,210	-P 3,146,380	-P 1,260,476	-P 1,398,404	-P 67,540	-P 67,538

The following are important performance indicators of the company:

Current Ratio	Calculated ratio of current assets into current liabilities. Indicates the ability of the company to finance current operations without need for long term capital
Debt-to Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total debt into total equity. Indicates the level of indebtedness of the company in relation to buffer funds provided by equity against any operating losses. Also indicates the capacity of the company to absorb or take in more debt
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total asset into total equity. Indicates the long-term or future solvency position or general financial strength of the company.
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	Calculated ratio of earnings before interest and taxes into interest expenses. Indicates the ability to meet its interest payments.
Gross profit Margin	Calculated ratio expressed in percentage of the gross margin into total revenues. Indicates the ability of the company to generate margin sufficient to cover administrative charges, financing charges and provide income for the stockholders
Net Income to Sales Ratio, and Earnings per Share	Calculated ratio of net income into total revenues. Indicates the efficiency of the company in generating revenues in excess of cash operating expenses and non-cash charges, and the ability of the company to declare dividends for stockholders.

Total assets almost the same from P3.763 billion to P3.802 billion as of FY March 31, 2024. The significant movements in assets were as follows:

- (1) Decrease in cash from P5.1 million to P2.2 million due to decrease in revenue.
- (2) Decrease in trade receivables from P6.907 million to P16 thousand due to collection.
- (3) Increase in inventories from P21.671 million to P54.836 million due to production of mineral products.
- (4) Increase in other current assets from P10.807 million to P14.236 million due to increase in Input taxes.
- (5) Decrease in Financial Assets – FVTOIC from P27.430 million to P18.850 million due to fair value changes.
- (6) Increase in due from related parties from P61.521 million to P72.456 million due to working capital requirement.

Current liabilities of the company almost the same from P48.423 million to P48.841million as of FY March 2024. The net increase is due to the following:

- (1) Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses from P4.070 million to P7.538 million due to slower in payment to supplier.
- (2) Decrease in short-term interest bearing loans from P44.353 million to P41.303 million due to partial payment of loan.

Noncurrent liabilities increased from P1.132 billion to P1.188 billion as of FY March 31, 2024. The net increase is due to the following:

- (1) Increase in payables to related parties from P405 million to P460 million due to working capital requirements.
- (2) Increase in retirement liability from P476 thousand to P554 thousand.

The company's equity decreased from P2.581 billion in FY March 31, 2023 to P2.565 billion in FY March 31, 2024. The net decrease is due to the decrease in unrealized gain on financial asset at fair value through OCI from P5 million to unrealized loss P3.390 million.

The group's consolidated sales decreased from P35 million in March 31, 2023 to P6.5 million in March 31, 2024. The decrease in revenue is due to decrease in sale of aggregates. Gross profit percentage decreased from 11.8% in FY2023 to -69% in FY2024.

Cost of sales and services decreased from P29 million in March 31, 2023 to P8.4 million in March 31, 2024. The decrease stem from decrease of cost of aggregates sold from P26 million to P5.4 million (-71%).

Other income of rental income decreased by P488 thousand (-8%) from P6 million in March 2023 to P5.5 million in March 31, 2024.

Consolidated administrative expenses decreased from P11.67 million in March 31, 2023 compared to P7.5 million in March 31, 2024. The following are the accounts with more than 5% change.

- (1) Decreased in taxes and licenses by P2.3 million (-88.7%) due to non-recurring payment of documentary stamp tax on original issue of capital stock.
- (2) Increased in salaries, wages and benefits by P208 thousand (9%) due to increase in staff and salary adjustments.
- (3) Decrease in professional fees by P732 thousand (-40%) due to lesser consultations.
- (4) Decrease in representation and entertainment by P621 thousand (-98%)
- (5) Decrease in transportation and travel by P317 thousand (-64%) due to lesser messenger errands.
- (6) Increase in rent by P35 thousand (7.7%) due to rent adjustments.
- (7) Decrease in office supplies and printing by P178 thousand (-54%).
- (8) Decrease in security and janitorial services by P23 thousand (-7%)
- (9) Increase in insurance by P10 thousand (26%)
- (10) Decrease in repairs and maintenance by P19 thousand (-91%)

The net loss of P7.1million in FY March 2024 resulted from the decrease in sale of aggregate of 28 million and rental income of P0.48 million.

The company does not expect an event that will trigger default on direct and contingent liabilities since foreign currency denominated short-term borrowings are often hedged, and there is no off-balance sheet transaction, arrangement or obligation. Given that the real estate business is still recovering from a long slump, there could not be a trend, events, or uncertainties that will have material impact on company revenues.

The real estate inventory of the holding company, which forms the bulk of its subsidiary assets, are assigned higher values due to the fair value valuation of the investment properties.

The ATN group has secured a Special Mining Permit for 82.7092 hectares issued by the DENR- Mines and Geosciences Bureau for the extraction of rocks/ non- metallic minerals from the property in the name of Palladian Land Development Inc., 100% subsidiary of ATN Holdings, Inc. With special mining permit, the ATN group is ready to supply rock aggregates for infrastructure projects of the government in greater Metro Manila area. The special mining permit supports ATN's application for an MPSA on the same quarrying operation in Montalban, Rizal, which is under evaluation by DENR.

There is no known trend, events or uncertainties that transpired or that is reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenue. The company's real estate sales and rentals are dependent on the health of Philippine economy's growth.

FY 2023

Financial and Operating Highlights

The following table shows the top five (5) important financial indicators of the company during the fiscal years ending March 31, 2023 and comparable period in the past year. Net profit on consolidated basis came from positive margins realized from available-for-sale financial assets and real estate business units.

	ATN Holdings (Consolidated)		Palladian Land		Advanced Home	
	FY 2023	FY 2022	CY 2022	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2021
Current Ratio	0.92	0.65	37.44	13.05	1.29	0.03
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.46	0.76	0.44	0.44	3.48	3.43
Asset to Equity Ratio	1.46	1.76	1.44	1.44	4.48	4.43
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	(0.07)	2.15	-	21.94	-	-
Gross Profit Margin	29%	35%	71%	85%	-	-
Net Income to Sales Ratio	-8%	7%	-37.38%	7.67%	-	-
Net Income (loss)	-₱ 3,146,380	₱ 2,577,923	-₱ 1,398,404	₱ 336,941	-₱ 67,538	-₱ 161,780

The following are important performance indicators of the company:

Current Ratio	Calculated ratio of current assets into current liabilities. Indicates the ability of the company to finance current operations without need for long term capital
Debt-to Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total debt into total equity. Indicates the level of indebtedness of the company in relation to buffer funds provided by equity against any operating losses. Also indicates the capacity of the company to absorb or take in more debt
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total asset into total equity. Indicates the long-term or future solvency position or general financial strength of the company.
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	Calculated ratio of earnings before interest and taxes into interest expenses. Indicates the ability to meet its interest payments.
Gross profit Margin	Calculated ratio expressed in percentage of the gross margin into total revenues. Indicates the ability of the company to generate margin sufficient to cover administrative charges, financing charges and provide income for the stockholders
Net Income to Sales Ratio, and Earnings per Share	Calculated ratio of net income into total revenues. Indicates the efficiency of the company in generating revenues in excess of cash operating expenses and non-cash charges, and the ability of the company to declare dividends for stockholders.

Total assets almost the same from P3.757 billion to P3.763 billion as of FY March 31, 2023. The significant movements in assets were as follows:

- (1) Decrease in cash from P16 million to P5.1 million due to acquisition of plant equipment.
- (2) Increase in trade receivables from P2.808 million to P6.907 million due to increase in revenue and slower in collection.
- (3) Increase in inventories from P5.844 million to P21.672 million due to increase in production.
- (4) Increase in other current assets from P8.768 million to P10.807 million due to increase in vat inputs.
- (5) Decrease in Financial Assets – FVTOIC from P46.235 million to P27.430 million due to fair value adjustments.
- (6) Decrease in due from related parties from P70.219 million to P61.521 million due to payment.

Current liabilities of the company decreased from P51.767 million to P48.423 million as of FY March 2023. The net decrease is due to the following:

- (1) Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses from P4,767 million to P4.070 million due to payment to suppliers.
- (2) Decrease in short-term interest bearing loans from P47 million to P44 million due to partial payment of principal loan.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased from P1.569 billion to P1.133 billion as of FY March 31, 2023. The net decrease is due to the following:

- (1) Decrease in deposits from P19 million to P16 million due to usage of rental deposits.
- (2) Decrease in due to related parties from P837 million to P405 million. The decrease was due to conversion of advances to pay subscription of capital stock amounting to P466,451,550.
- (3) Increase in pension liability from P413 thousand to P476 thousand.

The company's equity increased from P2.137 billion in FY March 31, 2022 to P2.581 billion in FY March 31, 2023. The net increase is due to the following:

- (1) Increase in share capital from P450 million to P682 million due to additional subscription of capital stock by UMI.
- (2) Increase in additional paid-in capital from P22 million to P256 million due to subscription of capital stock above the par value.
- (3) Decrease in unrealized gain on financial asset at fair value through OCI from P24 million to P5 million due to fair value adjustment.

The group's consolidated sales increased from P25 million in March 31, 2022 to P35 million in March 31, 2023. Gross profit percentage increased from 11.85% in FY2022 to 16.55% in FY2023.

Cost of sales and services increased from P22 million in March 31, 2022 to P29 million in March 31, 2023. The increase stem from increase of cost of aggregates sold from P19.673 million to P29.246 million (28.33%).

Other income of rental income decreased by P3 million (-33%) from P9 million in March 2022 to P6 million in March 31, 2023.

Consolidated administrative expenses increased from P7.761 million in March 31, 2022 compared to P11.672 in March 31, 2023. The following are the accounts with more than 5% change.

- (1) Increased in taxes and licenses by P2.4 million (1146%) due to payment of documentary stamp tax on original issue of capital stock.
- (2) Increased in salaries, wages and benefits by P1.2 million (115%) due to increase in staff and salary adjustments.
- (3) Increase in professional fees by P268 thousand (17.53%) due to increase in fees.
- (4) Decrease in communication and association dues by P533 thousand (-26%).
- (5) Increase in representation and entertainment by P97 thousand (18%)
- (6) Increase in transportation and travel by P105 thousand (27%) due to increase in messenger expenses.
- (7) Increase in rent by P35 thousand (8%) due to rent adjustments.
- (8) Increase in office supplies and printing by P48 thousand (17%).
- (9) Increase in security and janitorial services by P28 thousand (10%)
- (10) Decrease in insurance by P35 thousand (-47%)
- (11) Decrease in repairs and maintenance by P77 thousand (-79%)

The net loss of P3.1 million in FY March 2023 resulted from the decrease in rental income of P3 million and increase in taxes and licenses of P2.4 million.

The company does not expect an event that will trigger default on direct and contingent liabilities since foreign currency denominated short-term borrowings are often hedged, and there is no off-balance sheet transaction, arrangement or obligation. Given that the real estate business is still recovering from a long slump, there could not be a trend, events, or uncertainties that will have material impact on company revenues.

The real estate inventory of the holding company, which forms the bulk of its subsidiary assets, are assigned higher values due to the fair value valuation of the investment properties.

FY 2022

Financial and Operating Highlights

The following table shows the top six (6) important financial indicators of the company during the fiscal years ending March 31, 2022 and comparable period in the past year. Net profit on consolidated basis came from positive margins realized from available-for-sale financial assets and real estate business units.

	ATN Holdings (Consolidated)		Palladian Land		Advanced Home	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	CY 2021	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2020
Current Ratio	0.65	0.60	13.05	10.77	0.03	0.04
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.76	0.74	0.44	0.44	3.43	3.33
Asset to Equity Ratio	1.76	1.74	1.44	1.44	4.43	4.33
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	2.15	(0.44)	21.94	(6.19)	-	-
Gross Profit Margin	35%	58%	85%	11%	-	-
Net Income to Sales Ratio	7%	-28%	7.67%	-4.62%	-	-
Net Income (loss)	₱ 2,577,923	-₱ 3,958,479	₱ 515,478	-₱ 3,967,229	-₱ 161,780	-₱ 135,016

The following are important performance indicators of the company:

Current Ratio	Calculated ratio of current assets into current liabilities. Indicates the ability of the company to finance current operations without need for long term capital
Debt-to Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total debt into total equity. Indicates the level of indebtedness of the company in relation to buffer funds provided by equity against any operating losses. Also indicates the capacity of the company to absorb or take in more debt
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total asset into total equity. Indicates the long-term or future solvency position or general financial strength of the company.
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	Calculated ratio of earnings before interest and taxes into interest expenses. Indicates the ability to meet its interest payments.
Gross profit Margin	Calculated ratio expressed in percentage of the gross margin into total revenues. Indicates the ability of the company to generate margin sufficient to cover administrative charges, financing charges and provide income for the stockholders
Net Income to Sales Ratio, and Earnings per Share	Calculated ratio of net income into total revenues. Indicates the efficiency of the company in generating revenues in excess of cash operating expenses and non-cash charges, and the ability of the company to declare dividends for stockholders.

Total assets almost the same from P3.737 billion to P3.757 billion as of FY March 31, 2022. The significant movements in assets were as follows:

- (1) Increase in cash from P11 million to P16 million.
- (2) Decrease in trade receivables from P4.980 million to P2.808 million.
- (3) Decrease in inventories from P8.033 million to P5.844 million
- (4) Increase in Financial Assets – FVOCI from P57.233 million to P46.235 million.
- (5) Increase in due from related parties from P43.818 million to P70.219 million.

Current liabilities of the company decreased from P55 million to P51 million as of FY March 2022. The net decrease is due to the following:

- (1) Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses from P4,470 million to P4.766 million.
- (2) Decrease in short-term interest bearing loans from P50 million to P47 million.
- (3) Full payment of lease liability of P748 thousand.

Noncurrent liabilities increased from P1.538 billion to P1.569 billion as of FY March 31, 2022. The net increase is due to the following:

- (1) Decrease in deposits from P21 million to P19 million.
- (2) Decrease in pension liability from P844 thousand to P413 thousand.

The company's equity almost remain the same from P2.143 billion in FY March 31, 2022 to P2.137 billion in FY March 31, 2022.

The company does not expect an event that will trigger default on direct and contingent liabilities since foreign currency denominated short-term borrowings are often hedged, and there is no off-balance sheet transaction, arrangement or obligation. Given that the real estate business is still recovering from a long slump, there could not be a trend, events, or uncertainties that will have material impact on company revenues.

The real estate inventory of the holding company, which forms the bulk of its subsidiary assets, are assigned higher values due to the fair value valuation of the investment properties.

There is no known trend, events or uncertainties that transpired or that is reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenue. The company's real estate sales and rentals are dependent on the health of Philippine economy's growth.

The company does not expect an event that will trigger default on direct and contingent liabilities since foreign currency denominated short-term borrowings are often hedged, and there is no off-balance sheet transaction, arrangement or obligation. Given that the real estate business is still recovering from a long slump, there could not be a trend, events, or uncertainties that will have material impact on company revenues.

The real estate inventory of the holding company, which forms the bulk of its subsidiary assets, are assigned higher values due to the fair value valuation of the investment properties.

There is no known trend, events or uncertainties that transpired or that is reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenue. The company's real estate sales and rentals are dependent on the health of Philippine economy's growth.

Item 7 - Financial Information

The audited financial statement is attached.

Item 8 - Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There were no events in the past wherein R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs, and the company had any disagreement regarding any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures or auditing scope or procedure.

R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs has acted as the Company's external auditor since 2009 and has complied with the five-year rotation requirement under SRC Rule 68(3)(b)(iv) (Qualifications and reports of Independent Auditors). Mr. Domingo A. Daza Jr. the current audit partner of R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs audited the financial statements for FY March 31, 2024.

Information on Independent Accountant and Related Matter

(1) External Audit Fees and Services

R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs, the external auditor of the company, audited the financial statements with the contract amount of P412,000 for fiscal year 2024, P400,800 for fiscal year March 2023 and P389,600 for fiscal year March 2022 inclusive of VAT and out of pocket expenses.

R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs audited the Company's balance sheet and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ending and provide an audit report on the financial statements referred to above in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. As part of the engagement, R. R. TAN & ASSOCIATES, CPAs assisted in the preparation of the Company's annual income tax returns for filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

There were no tax fees paid for the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered on tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning and any other form of tax services. There were no other fees paid by the company for product and other services provided by the auditor.

The audit committee has no policies and procedures of the above services.

Market Price for Registrant's Common Equity and related Stockholder Matters

(1) Market Information

ATN shares are traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange. ATN High and Low Sales Prices per Quarter for the Last Two Fiscal Years and two quarter of the current year:

Class A	Apr 1, 2023 to Mar. 31, 2024		Apr 1, 2022 to Mar. 31, 2023	
	High	Low	High	Low
Qtr. 1	.40	.39	.42	.41
Qtr. 2	.39	.38	.36	.35
Qtr. 3	.38	.38	.37	.36
Qtr. 4	.65	.60	.40	.39

Class B	Apr 1, 2023 to Mar. 31, 2024		Apr 1, 2022 to Mar. 31, 2023	
	High	Low	High	Low
Qtr. 1	.40	.39	.43	.42
Qtr. 2	.39	.38	.38	.37
Qtr. 3	.38	.38	.39	.36
Qtr. 4	.66	.62	.40	.40

	April to June 2024		July to September 2024	
	High	Low	High	Low
Class A	.64	.61	.43	.43
Class B	.65	.62	.43	.42

Holders

As of October 30, 2024, the company had 222 holders of Class "A" shares and 31 for class "B" shares. As of November 18, 2024 the market price for Class A has a high of P0.475 and low of P0.470. Class 6B has a high and low of 0.475.

The top 20 stockholders as of October 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Class "A" Stockholders	No of Shares Held	% of Total Shares Outstanding	Class "B" Stockholders	No of Shares Held	% of Total Shares Outstanding
1	PCD NOMINEE CORP	898,254,430	22.32%	PCD NOMINEE CORP (FIL)	610,628,229	21.81%
2	NG, ARSENIO T.	2,763,541,260	68.66%	PCD NOMINEE CORP (NON-FIL)	187,472,251	6.70%
3	UNIPAGE MANAGEMENT INC.	332,314,429	8.26%	UNIPAGE MANAGEMENT INC.	2,015,640,000	71.99%
4	NG, HILARIO T.	3,501,000	0.09%	CHOA, BONIFACIO N.	1,000,000	0.04%
5	UNIWELL SECURITIES, INC.	2,200,000	0.05%	YU TING GUAN	500,000	0.02%
6	NG, ARDI BRADLEY	2,000,000	0.05%	CRISOSTOMO, JOSE MARIANO	100,000	0.00%
7	NG, MARK TIMOTHY	1,750,000	0.04%	ANG, MANUEL	40,000	0.00%
8	NG, MATTHEW HILARY	1,750,000	0.04%	ATC SECURITIES, INC.	38,000	0.00%
9	DAVID GO SECURITIES CORP.	1,510,000	0.04%	7K CORPORATION	35,020	0.00%
10	NG, TIFFANY ANNE	1,500,000	0.04%	CUALOPING SECURITIES CORP	30,000	0.00%
11	TY, ANITA	1,500,000	0.04%	MAJOR LORD DESMOND	22,500	0.00%
12	TRENDLINE SECURITIES, INC.	1,040,000	0.03%	BPI SECURITIES CORPORATION	20,000	0.00%
13	MERCANTILE SECURITIES COR	1,020,000	0.03%	MINA, MARIO	20,000	0.00%
14	KHO, DAVID L.	1,000,000	0.02%	I.B. GIMENEZ SECURITIES, INC.	13,000	0.00%
15	CHOA, BONIFACIO	1,000,000	0.02%	ONG GIOK KHENG	10,000	0.00%
16	SI, HYLAND	1,000,000	0.02%	TANSENGCO & CO., INC.	10,000	0.00%
17	PACIFIC VULCAP COR.	997,000	0.02%	VILLANUEVA, JAIME	10,000	0.00%
18	CO, JOYCE ANGELA NG	800,000	0.02%	VILLANUEVA, PATROCINIO P.	10,000	0.00%
19	LIU, JESSILYN NG	800,000	0.02%	GARCIA, KAGTINGAN FLORES	10,000	0.00%
20	CHING, WENDY JANE NG	800,000	0.02%	BARCELON, ROXAS SECURITIE	10,000	0.00%

Dividends

There are no dividends yet declared by the Corporation. For the last two (2) fiscal years, no dividends, whether cash or property, were declared by the Company. Corporate dividend policy is based on (a) cash surplus after allowing for capital expenditure and/or investment program, and (b) excess retained earnings that can be declared for stock dividends or can be supported by any excess cash. The investment program for the quarry and rock crusher in the past five years required cash from earnings and external sources. As such, no dividend has been declared in said period.

Management recognizes the SEC comment on dividend policy and has recommend last December 29, 2011, to the Board and Stockholders to approve the following subject to SEC and PSE's rules and regulations:

- a. Two percent (2%) stock dividend'
- b. Pre-emptive stock rights of one (1) share for every six (6) shares owned at par value of P1.00 per share

The excess of retained earnings against paid-in capital is mainly due to fair value adjustment on Financial assets at FVTPL and fair value adjustment of Investment Property resulting to a gain in the total amount of Php716 million.

There is no restriction on the payment of dividends or common shares, provided there is sufficient retained earnings to support declaration or payment of dividends. There was no cash dividend declared for the last three fiscal years. Stock dividend is planned for the shareholders once the solar energy project is up and running. The available free cash in prior years were used as equity investment for pre-development expenditures of the 30 MW solar project.

In summary, Management action is beneficial to public interest as it complies with SEC governance rules, and results in government collection of taxes.

g. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Subscription of Unipage Management, Inc. of 2,325,055,429 shares and Arsenio T. Ng of 824,944.571 shares at a price per share value of P0.20 per share.

On November 25, 2021, majority of the minority shareholders reaffirmed their waiver to conduct a rights/public offering with respect to the subscription of Unipage Management, Inc. of 2,325,055,429 shares and Arsenio T. Ng of 824,944.571 shares at a price per share value of P0.20 per share used solely for the payment of subscription payable to ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.

The Board of Directors on its special meeting of October 04, 2021 meeting resolved to approve the issuance of the 2,325,055,429 ATN shares for UMI from the unsubscribed portion of the authorized capital stock of the Corporation consisting of Three Hundred Twenty Five Million Fifty Five Thousand Four Hundred Twenty Nine (325,055,429) Common Class "A" Shares and Two Billion (2,000,000,000) Common Class "B" shares, and listing thereof in the Philippine Stock Exchange. Likewise, the Stockholders of the Corporation ratified the board resolution in the Annual Stockholders Meeting of November 25, 2021. The subject shares were approved for listing by the Philippine Stock Exchange last August 25, 2022.

The Company has not sold any securities within the past three years that were not registered under the SRC. Still pending is the issuance of 824,944.571 shares for Mr. Arsenio Ng.

h. Compliance with leading practice on Corporate Governance

Evaluation System in terms of Compliance with Registrant's Manual on Corporate Governance

The company will make a separate submission on filing of Integrated Annual Corporate Governance. The detailed discussion of the Annual Corporate Governance Section deleted as per SEC memorandum Circular No. 5, series of 2013, issued last March 20, 2013.

Measures for full compliance with the adopted leading practices on good corporate governance

The Corporation religiously submit the SEC mandated Corporate Governance Scorecard pursuant to the requirement of SEC and PSE. The documents can be accessible at Company's website. The Company likewise complied with all the mandatory submissions relating to corporate governance specified under relevant SEC regulations, which includes (i) filing of the Company's Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) for the year 2023 and (ii) submission of the advisement letter on the attendance of the members of the Board of Directors in the 2023 regular board meetings.

Deviations

The Company did not deviate from the adopted Manual of Corporate Governance and all members of the Board Directors as well as Senior Management officers completed and were duly certified to have

attended a 1-day special in-house seminar on Corporate Governance. There is no additional plan to improve corporate governance of the company from the existing manual.

Improvement of Corporate Governance

The Company's directors are mandated to attend at least one seminars and trainings relating to good corporate governance in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20 Series of 2013. All of the incumbent directors and key corporate officers of the Company attended at least one of these accredited corporate governance trainings and continuing education seminars for the year 2023, conducted by the Center for Global Best Practices (CGBP) entitled "New Year SEC Updates and Compliance" on January 31, 2024 under course director and lecturer Atty. Justina Callangan, and "Awareness Training and Updates on AMLA" on March 5, 2024 under course director and lecturer Atty. Alphecca Madrid The Company also intends to continue monitoring the performance of key officers and employees.

SEC FORM 17-A

A copy of SEC Form 17-A will be provided to any stockholder of ATN Holdings, Inc. without any charge upon written request addressed to:

**Mr. Paul Saria
ATN Holdings, Inc.
9thFloor Summit One Tower
530 Shaw Blvd. Mand. City**

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

) s.s.

MAKATI

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **Paul B. Saria**, of legal age, Filipino, married, with office address at 9TH Floor Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, after being duly sworn in accordance with law dispose and state that:

1. I am the duly-elected Assistant Corporate Secretary of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, with principal office at 9th Floor Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila;
2. On a special meeting of the Board of Directors held at its principal office on October 29, 2024, the following resolution were unanimously approved, a legal quorum, being present and voting;

RESOLUTION

"RESOLVED, the Corporation approves the Notice of Annual Stockholder' Meeting (attached) and the same be distributed to the shareholders or the Corporation and the investing public as per rules and regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange;

RESOLVED FINALLY, that the foregoing resolutions is valid, unless and except to the extent that these resolutions shall be revoked or modified by any subsequent resolution of the Board of Directors".

3. That the foregoing information is in accordance with the records of the corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature at MAKATI City, this ___ day of NOV 11 2024 2024.

Paul B. Saria
PAUL B. SARIA
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this NOV 11 2024; affiant exhibiting to me his Competent Evidence of Identification consisting of his DL N04-93-264992 which expires on December 15, 2031.

Doc. No. 238
Page No. 48
Book No. 1
Series of 2024.

Notary Public T. Verano
NOTARY PUBLIC T. VERANO
NOTARY PUBLIC MAKATI CITY
APPOINTMENT NO. M-299
VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
ISSUED ON DECEMBER 14, 2022
PTR NO. INT 10675812 - 05-03-2024 MAKATI CITY
ISP NO. 226485 ROLL NO. 23024
MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. VM-0023843
VALID UNTIL APRIL 14, 2025
OFFICE ADDRESS #2703 B/F GARREON BLDG.
ZENARDA ST., BRGY POBLACION MAKATI CITY

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

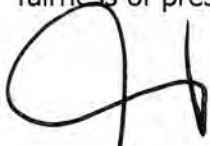
July 11, 2024

The management on **ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the fiscal years ended **March 31, 2024 and 2023**, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

R.R. Tan and Associates, CPAs, the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.



Arsenio T. Ng
Chairman and CEO



Hilario T. Ng
Chief Finance Officer




Paul Saria
Chief Operating Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this JUL 12 2024 day of 2024, affiants exhibiting to me their driver's license as follows:

NAMES	RES. CERT. NO.	DATE OF EXPIRATION	PLACE OF ISSUE
Arsenio T. Ng	DL# NO1-86-031588	03/13/2033	Mandaluyong
Hilario T. Ng	PP# P9996126A	12/19/2028	Manila
Paul B. Saria	DL# N04-93-264-992	12/15/2031	Mandaluyong

Doc. No. 132 ;
Page No. 14 ;
Book No. 2024 ;
Series of 2024.


ATTY. ROGELIO J. BOLIVAR
NOTARY PUBLIC
NOTARY PUBLIC IN QUEZON CITY
Commission No. Adm. Matter No. NP 158 (2023-2024)
IBP O.R. No. 180815 2023 & IBP O.R. No. 180816 2024
PTR O.R. No. 3916669 D 01/03/2023 / RoH No. 33832 / TIN # 129-874-009-000
MCLE No. 7&8 FROM APRIL 15, 2023 UNTIL APRIL 14, 2025
Address: 31-F Harvard St. Cubao, Q.C.

Report of Independent Public Accountants

The Stockholders and Board of Directors
ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
9TH Floor, Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES** (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2024, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2024, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recoverability of Investment in an Associate

As of March 31, 2024, the Group's investment in an associate amounted to P851 million equivalent to 49% beneficial equity interest. The asset represents 22% of the total assets at year-end. The investment in associate is accounted under the equity method. The associate is still in the pre-operating stage. We consider this as a key audit matter

based on the following key assessments: (i) volume of investments, (ii) complex nature of associate's operations and (iii) certainty or uncertainty of commencing operations.

The Group's disclosure in Investment in associate is discussed in Note 13 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Audit procedures conducted

In the audit of Investment in associates, the following procedures were carried out:

- Performing an analytical procedures of the associate's latest financial statements and impairment assessment, where necessary;
- Discussion with key management and technical personnel regarding the development of solar projects during the year and any subsequent material events;
- Review of financial forecast of the associates including project financing, revenue estimates and other investment opportunities; and
- Review of significant agreements entered into with other parties related to its solar energy, including minutes of Board of Directors meeting.

Recoverability of Mine-related Assets

As at March 31, 2024, mine related assets included under Property and equipment amounted to P2.4 billion. This asset represents 62% of the total consolidated assets as at March 31, 2024. We consider this as key audit matter based on the following key assessments: (i) Carrying value of the asset and (ii) Adherence to certain mine and environmental laws and regulation which ultimately affect the production of aggregates.

The Group's disclosure on Property and equipment is presented under Note 15 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Audit procedures conducted

In the audit of Property and equipment, the following procedures were carried out:

- Review and validation of communications with relevant government agencies particularly those affecting operations;
- Analysis and recalculation of management's estimates related to the assets' useful lives, production volume, residual value including impairment assessment;
- Performing analytical procedures of the Group's lapsing schedule of Property and equipment; and
- Review of sales contract entered into with customers including verification of sales invoices issued after reporting date.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of subsidiaries as of and for the three years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, which are consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Total assets and total liabilities of these subsidiaries included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements amounted to P2.4 billion and P798 million, respectively, in December 31, 2023, P2.4 billion and P796 million, respectively, in December 31, 2022, and P2.4 billion and P796 million, respectively, in December 31, 2021. Gross income and total expenses amounted to P3 million and P6.6 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2023, P3.7 million and P8.2 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2022, and P7.1 million and P8.7 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2021. The financial statements of these subsidiaries were audited by another auditor whose unmodified reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to these amounts included for these subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2024, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2024 are expected to be made available to us after the date of auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted

in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe

these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Domingo A. Daza, Jr.

R. R. TAN AND ASSOCIATES, CPAs



By: DOMINGO A. DAZA, JR.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 109993

Tax Identification No. 203-917-449

PTR No. 0173936, January 05, 2024, Pasig City

BIR Accreditation No. 07-100512-002-2022, valid until September 14, 2025

July 11, 2024
Pasig City

Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Schedules

The Stockholders and Board of Directors
ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
9TH Floor, Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES** (the Group) as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 and for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2024, included in this Form 17-A, and have issued our report thereon dated July 11, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Group's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 and are not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

R. R. TAN AND ASSOCIATES, CPAs



By: DOMINGO A. DAZA, JR.
Partner
CPA Certificate No. 109993
Tax Identification No. 203-917-449
PTR No. 0173936, January 05, 2024, Pasig City
BIR Accreditation No. 07-100512-002-2022, valid until September 14, 2025

July 11, 2024
Pasig City

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	Notes	2024	2023
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash in banks	8 P	2,285,843 P	5,190,128
Trade receivables	9	16,550	6,907,302
Inventories	10	54,836,452	21,671,838
Other current assets	11	14,236,557	10,807,488
		71,375,402	44,576,756
Non-current Assets			
Investments in:			
Financial assets - Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	12	18,850,000	27,430,000
Associates - net	13	851,254,279	851,593,067
Investment properties	14	349,667,279	349,667,279
Property and equipment - net	15	2,434,561,455	2,425,888,340
Due from related parties - net	26	72,456,277	61,521,707
Trust funds	16	4,756,971	2,389,379
		3,731,546,261	3,718,489,772
TOTAL ASSETS	P	3,802,921,663 P	3,763,066,528
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17 P	7,538,407 P	4,070,116
Short-term loans payable	18	41,303,000	44,353,000
		48,841,407	48,423,116
Non-current Liabilities			
Deposits	19	16,322,746	16,091,419
Due to related parties	26	460,031,265	405,058,507
Pension liability	24	554,989	476,364
Deferred tax liabilities - net	27	711,332,130	711,351,786
		1,188,241,130	1,132,978,076
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,237,082,537	1,181,401,192
EQUITY			
Share capital	20	682,505,543	682,505,543
Additional paid-in capital	20	256,319,963	256,319,963
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial asset at fair value through OCI	20	(3,390,061)	5,189,939
Retained earnings - March 31		1,630,403,681	1,637,649,891
TOTAL EQUITY		2,565,839,126	2,581,665,336
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	P	3,802,921,663 P	3,763,066,528

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

	<i>Notes</i>	2024	2023	2022
REVENUES				
Sale of aggregates	21	P 6,566,557	P 35,059,949	P 25,679,177
Rental income	14,25	5,533,206	6,021,461	9,014,450
		12,099,763	41,081,410	34,693,627
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES				
	22	8,443,852	29,258,388	22,636,634
GROSS PROFIT				
		3,655,911	11,823,022	12,056,993
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
	23	7,528,448	11,672,971	7,761,076
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS				
		(3,872,537)	150,051	4,295,917
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)				
Interest income	8	5,607	38,306	15,212
Finance costs	23	(2,948,336)	(2,518,020)	(2,244,901)
Equity in net income (loss) of an associate	13	(338,788)	(354,227)	88,519
Reversal of pension liability	24	-	-	431,605
		(3,281,517)	(2,833,941)	(1,709,565)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE				
		(7,154,054)	(2,683,890)	2,586,352
INCOME TAX EXPENSE				
	27	92,156	462,490	8,429
INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD				
		P (7,246,210)	P (3,146,380)	P 2,577,923
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE				
	28	P (0.00106)	P (0.00046)	P 0.00057

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

	<i>Notes</i>	2024	2023	2022
INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		P (7,246,210)	P (3,146,380)	P 2,577,923
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
<i>Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:</i>				
Fair value changes in Financial asset at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	<i>12,20</i>	(8,580,000)	(18,805,000)	(8,622,577)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		P (15,826,210)	P (21,951,380)	P (6,044,654)

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

	<i>Notes</i>	Share Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through OCI	Retained Earnings	Total				
Balance at March 31, 2021	P	450,000,000	P	22,373,956	P	32,617,516	P	1,638,218,348	P	2,143,209,820
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI	<i>20</i>	-	-	(8,622,577)	-	(8,622,577)	-	-	-	(8,622,577)
Income for the period		-	-	-	2,577,923	2,577,923				2,577,923
Balance at March 31, 2022		450,000,000		22,373,956		23,994,939		1,640,796,271		2,137,165,166
Issuances during the year	<i>20</i>	232,505,543		233,946,007		-		-		466,451,550
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI	<i>20</i>	-	-	(18,805,000)	-	(18,805,000)	-	-	-	(18,805,000)
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(3,146,380)	(3,146,380)				(3,146,380)
Balance at March 31, 2023		682,505,543		256,319,963		5,189,939		1,637,649,891		2,581,665,336
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI	<i>20</i>	-	-	(8,580,000)	-	(8,580,000)	-	-	-	(8,580,000)
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(7,246,210)	(7,246,210)				(7,246,210)
Balance at March 31, 2024	P	682,505,543	P	256,319,963	P	(3,390,061)	P	1,630,403,681	P	2,565,839,126

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024, 2023, AND 2022

	Notes	2024	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income (loss) before income tax expense	P	(7,154,054)	P (2,683,890)	P 2,586,352
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	15	5,732,647	3,805,936	2,693,585
Interest income	8	(5,607)	(38,306)	(15,212)
Equity in net (income) loss of associate	13	338,788	354,227	(88,519)
Interest expense	23	2,948,336	2,518,020	2,244,901
Provision for (reversal of) retirement liability	24	78,625	63,019	(431,605)
Operating Income Before Working Capital Changes		1,938,735	4,019,006	6,989,502
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:				
Trade receivable		6,890,752	(4,098,422)	2,171,068
Inventories		(33,164,614)	(15,827,796)	(5,454,330)
Other current assets		(3,540,881)	(1,650,110)	879,773
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,468,291	(696,821)	296,537
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operations		(24,407,717)	(18,254,143)	4,882,550
Income taxes paid		-	(863,613)	(457,364)
Interest received		5,607	38,306	15,212
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(24,402,110)	(19,079,450)	4,440,398
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of property and equipment	15	(14,405,762)	(23,303,571)	-
Contributions to trust funds		(2,367,592)	(2,389,379)	-
Proceeds from disposal of				
Cash advances made to related parties	26	(10,934,570)	(280,813)	(26,401,348)
Collection of advances to related parties	26	-	8,979,090	-
Decrease in deposits		231,327	(3,613,053)	(1,677,657)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(27,476,597)	(20,607,726)	(28,079,005)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds of short-term loans		41,303,000	44,353,000	-
Payment of short-term loans:				
Principal		(44,353,000)	(47,000,000)	(3,748,070)
Interest		(2,948,336)	(2,518,020)	(2,244,901)
Availment of advances from related parties	26	54,972,758	69,487,541	35,106,234
Payment of advances from related parties	26	-	(35,544,694)	(634,237)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		48,974,422	28,777,827	28,479,026
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,904,285)	(10,909,349)	4,840,419
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,190,128	16,099,477	11,259,058
CASH AT END OF YEAR	P	2,285,843	P 5,190,128	P 16,099,477

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2024, 2023, AND 2022

1. Corporate Information

ATN Holdings, Inc. (*ATN, the Parent or the Group*) was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 12, 1969 under the name Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation. On March 14, 1996, Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation changed its corporate name to ATN Holdings, Inc. and its primary and secondary purposes were amended to enable it to perform the acts of a holding group, real estate investments and exploration and development of mineral resources.

On November 10, 2016, the Group's articles of incorporation was amended extending its corporate life for another fifty (50) years from February 12, 2019. The amendment was approved by the SEC on November 21, 2016.

The registered office address of ATN is 9th Floor Summit One Tower Bldg., 530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City.

The common shares of ATN are listed and traded on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

ATN Integrated Aggregates Project

On March 14, 2019, the Group was granted by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) through the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) an Exploration Permit (EP) denominated as EP-IVA-019. The EP covering approximately 83 hectares of private land located in Barangay Macabud in Rodriguez, Rizal (the "contract area"), involves the quarrying of basalt to be processed into marketable concrete aggregate products. On February 8, 2021, the Environment Compliance Certificate (ECC) was issued by DENR for its Integrated Aggregate Project. The project component includes the following:

- Crushing plant consisting of dump hoppers, vibrating feeders, jaw crusher, vibrating screens and belt conveyors;
- Batching plant with concrete mixing stations equipped with dust collector and twin shaft mixer;
- Concrete hollow blocks plant;
- Support facilities such as office and housing facilities, bunkhouses and security outpost
- Pollution control facilities such sedimentation ponds/settling ponds and pit drainage.

The quarry operation will employ open cast mining method wherein the mining extraction utilizes a hillside cut approach forming multiple benches at 5-10 meters height and of 5 meters width for each bench. Pit wall slope ranges from 35 to 45 degrees or steeper. It entails the crushing of the blasted materials to reduce to its saleable size. The Final Exploration Report revealed an indicated resource of 66 million tons of rock aggregates and 31 million tons of fill materials for the whole contract area. A Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) confirmed that basalt mineral resource exists in the Company's mine site.

Following the approval of DMPF, the Special Mines Permit (SMP) covering the contract area, was issued with inclusive term from January 4, 2023 to January 3, 2024 denominated as SMP No. 2022-03 also by the DENR-MGB. During 2023, the Company undertook production of aggregates consisting of armor rocks and aggregates.

On January 22, 2024, ATN was granted by the DENR a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) denominated as MPSA No. 354-2024-IVA. ATN was given the exclusive right to conduct mining operations and to provide for the development and commercial utilization of aggregates and other associated mineral deposits within the mineral property over a period of 25 years commencing from its date of effectivity for a contract area of 82.7092 hectares.

Approval of Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the President on July 11, 2024.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation and Presentation

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC) and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

Basis of Financial Statement Preparation and Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and investment properties that have been measured at fair values.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is the Group's functional currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with PFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Principle for Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and those of the subsidiaries. The reporting dates of the subsidiaries are December 31. A parent controls a subsidiary when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with a subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Specifically, control is achieved if and only if the Parent Company has the following;

- (i) Power over the investee;
- (ii) Exposure rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Parent Company's returns.

The parent reassesses whether or not it controls a subsidiary if facts and circumstances indicates that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

As of March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

Subsidiary	Principal place of business	Principal Activity	% of Ownership
Palladian Land Development, Inc. (PLDI)	Marbella Bldg. Roxas Blvd, Pasay	Real Property Developer	100%
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation (AHCDC)	Summit One Tower, Mandaluyong	Real Property Developer	100%
Managed Care Philippines, Inc. (MCPI)	Summit One Tower, Mandaluyong	Health and Wellness Provider	100%

PLDI holds real estate properties that are either for lease or for development.

AHCDC are companies engaged in the development of residential real estate projects. MCPI is an out-patient ambulatory surgical center. These companies have ceased to operate actively. Management is contemplating on the most advantageous business strategy to spin off its operations.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when control is transferred to the ATN Group and cease to be consolidated when control is transferred out of the ATN Group.

For consolidation purposes, the financial statements of the subsidiaries with calendar period ending December 31, are consolidated in the Parent Company's financial statements as of March 31 which is allowed by the existing standard if the difference is not more than three months. Adjustments and disclosures are made for the effects of significant transactions or events that occurred between the date of subsidiaries' financial statements and the date of the consolidated financial statements.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

New Accounting Standards and Amendments to Existing Standards Effective in Fiscal Year 2024

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following amendments to standards effective in fiscal year 2024. The adoption however did not result to any material changes in the consolidated financial statements.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgment (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the consolidated financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

An entity applies the amendments to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented for annual reporting periods on or after January 1, 2023. The amendments did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

An entity applies the amendments to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after January 1, 2023 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgments to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial

statements and if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information.

The amendments have had an impact on the Group's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition, or presentation of any items in the financial statements. The application of these amendments is reflected in the Group's consolidated financial statements under Note 4.

Amendments to PAS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments introduce a mandatory exception in PAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

The amendments also clarify that PAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax law enacted or enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), including tax law that implements qualified domestic minimum top-up taxes. Such tax legislation, and the income taxes arising from it, are referred to as 'Pillar Two legislation' and 'Pillar Two income taxes', respectively. Management assessed that the application of such amendments had no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

New Accounting Standard, Amendments to Existing Standards and Interpretations Effective Subsequent to Fiscal Year 2024

The standards, amendments and interpretations which have been issued but not yet effective as at Fiscal Year 2024 are disclosed below. Except as otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect the adoption of the applicable new and amended PFRS to have a significant impact on its financial position or performance.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify paragraphs 69 to 76 of PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and must be applied retrospectively. However, in November 2021, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) tentatively decided to defer the effective date to no earlier than January 1, 2024. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice.

Amendments to PFRS 16, Leases - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments clarify that the liability that arises from a sale and leaseback transaction, that satisfies the requirements of PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, to be accounted for as a sale, is a lease liability to which PFRS 16 applies and give rise to a right-of-use asset. For the subsequent measurement, the seller-lessee shall determine 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in a way that the seller-lessee would not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. Applying this subsequent measurement does not prevent the seller-lessee from recognizing any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of lease. Any gain or loss to the partial or full termination of the lease does not relate to the right of use retained but to the right of use terminated.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Early application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, *Supplier Finance Arrangements*

The amendments added disclosure requirements, and 'signposts' within existing disclosure requirements, that ask entities to provide qualitative and quantitative information about supplier finance arrangements.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Early application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025

PFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts*

PFRS 17 establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts within the scope of the standard. The objective of PFRS 17 is to ensure that an entity provides relevant information that faithfully represents those contracts. This information gives a basis for users of the financial statements to assess the effect that insurance contracts have on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

The key principles in PFRS 17 are that an entity:

- Identifies as insurance contracts those contracts under which the entity accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder;
- Separates specified embedded derivatives, distinct investment components and distinct performance obligations from the insurance contracts;
- Divides the contracts into groups that it will recognize and measure;
- Recognizes and measures groups of insurance contracts at:
 - i. a risk-adjusted present value of the future cash flows (the fulfillment cash flows) that incorporates all of the available information about the fulfillment cash flows in a way that is consistent with observable market information; plus (if this value is a liability) or minus (if this value is an asset); or
 - ii. an amount representing the unearned profit in the group of contracts (the contractual service margin);
- Recognizes the profit from a group of insurance contracts over the period the entity provides insurance cover, and as the entity is released from risk. If a group of contracts is or becomes loss-making, an entity recognizes the loss immediately;
- Presents separately insurance revenue (that excludes the receipt of any investment component), insurance service expenses (that excludes the repayment of any investment components) and insurance finance income or expenses; and
- Discloses information to enable users of the financial statements to assess the effect that contracts within the scope of PFRS 17 have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

On December 15, 2021, the FRSC amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted. The new standard is not applicable to the Group since it has no activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred effectivity

PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

These amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in PFRS 10 and those in PAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

These amendments are originally effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. This mandatory adoption date was later on deferred indefinitely pending the final outcome of the IASB's research project on International Accounting Standards 28. Adoption of these amendments when they become effective will not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements.

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied for all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Current versus Non-Current Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the end of the reporting period; or
- Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or use to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Financial Instruments

Date of recognition

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the transaction date.

Initial recognition

All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Except for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, the initial measurement of these financial instruments includes transaction costs.

(a) Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified in their entirety based on the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets and the Group's business model for managing the financial assets.

The Group classifies and measures its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost
- financial assets measured at FVPL
- financial assets measured at FVOCI, where gains or losses in fair value is recognized to profit or loss
- financial assets measured at FVOCI, where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are not reclassified to profit or loss

If the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, the Group assesses whether the cash flows from the financial asset represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. In making this assessment, the Group determines whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic service arrangement, i.e., interest includes consideration only for the time value of money, credit risk and other risks and costs associated with holding the financial asset for a particular period of time.

The Group's business model is determined at a level that reflects how a group of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Group's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. The Group's business model refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The Group's business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. Relevant factors considered by the Group in determining the business model for a group of financial assets include how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Group's key management personnel, the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how these risks are managed and how managers of the business are compensated.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's financial assets consists of (i) financial assets at FVOCI and (ii) financial assets measured at amortized cost.

- *Financial assets at FVOCI*

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are carried at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Included in this category are the Group's investments in shares of stock in a publicly listed company.

- *Financial assets measured at amortized cost*

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and

- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's financial assets under this category include cash in banks, trade receivables, advances to related parties and trust funds.

b.) Financial Liabilities

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Group determines the classification of financial liabilities, at initial recognition based on the following categories:

- financial liabilities at FVPL
- other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are categorized as *Other financial liabilities*. These include accounts payable and accrued expenses, short-term loans payable, deposits, and advances from related parties.

After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost, taking into account the impact of applying the effective interest method of amortization for any direct attributable transaction cost. Gains or losses on financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. If a transfer of financial asset does not result in derecognition since the Group has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a liability for the consideration received.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such modification is treated as the derecognition of the carrying value of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability at fair value, and any resulting difference is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. ECLs are recognized in

two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL).

For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are generally 1 to 3 months past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the assets or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" loss) in profit or loss unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset or liability. In cases where use is made of data that is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" loss amount.

The fair values for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date are based on their quoted market prices, without any deduction for transaction costs. When current market prices

are not available, the price of the most recent transaction provides evidence of the current fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances since the time of the transaction.

For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, option pricing models, and other relevant valuation models. Any difference noted between the fair value and the transaction price is treated as expense or income, unless it qualifies for recognition as some type of asset or liability.

Cash in Banks

Cash in banks are deposits which generally earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Inventories

Stockpile inventories are aggregates for sale, which are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). Cost consists of fuel, utilities, manpower services, depreciation, and other costs that are directly attributable in bringing the aggregates in its saleable conditions. Cost is determined by the moving average production and handling cost during the period. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost necessary to make the sale. Any write-down of inventory to NRV is recognized in the consolidated statements of income in the period the write-down occurs. Periodic inventory survey is performed to determine the volume of aggregates inventory.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets include 12% input tax from purchases of goods and services which can be claimed against output tax, prior year's excess credit and security deposits. Other current assets are carried at original amounts.

Investment Properties

Investment properties consist of properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both and that is not occupied by the Group.

Investment property is measured at cost at initial recognition. Subsequently, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by the Group.

Fair value measurement of investment property, takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Investment property that is being redeveloped for continuing use as investment property or for which the market has become less active continues to be measured at fair value.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from service and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the statement of income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Investment in Associates

The Group's investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. An associate is an entity in which a Group has significant influence. Under the equity method, the investments in associates is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee is recognized in the investor's profit or loss. Distributions received from an investee reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the equity method is discontinued and the investment is accounted in accordance with PAS 39/PFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the expenses to get the property ready for its intended use. Subsequent to initial recognition, property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Expenditures for major improvements and renewals are capitalized while minor repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are sold, retired or otherwise disposed of, their cost and related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in the statements of income for the period.

When assets are sold, retired or otherwise disposed of, their cost and related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Divisor</u>
Land improvements	Unit-of-production	25.4 million cubic meters
Machinery and equipment	Straight line	25 years
Office furniture and improvements	Straight line	10 years
Transportation equipment	Straight line	5 years
Right-of-use assets	Straight line	5 years

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

An asset's residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the period, residual value and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated statements of income in the year the item is derecognized.

Trust Funds

Trust funds are cash on deposit with financial institutions which is not available for use by the Group and shall not be released until certain conditions are met under contractual obligations.

Stripping Costs

As part of its mining operations, the Group incurs stripping costs both during the development phase and production phase of its operations. Stripping costs incurred in the development phase of a mine before the production phase commences (development stripping) are capitalized as part of the cost of constructing the mine and subsequently amortized over its useful life using unit-of-production method. Stripping costs incurred during the development phase is included under land improvements.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Group's investment in associates and subsidiaries and investment properties are subject to impairment testing. All other individual assets' or cash generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less cost to sell and value in use, based on an internal discounted cash flow evaluation. Impairment loss is charged pro-rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit.

All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognized may no longer exist and the carrying amount of the asset is adjusted to the recoverable amount resulting in the reversal of the impairment loss.

Deposits

Deposits represent security deposits from tenants. Deposits are refundable upon expiration of the lease term.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group uses the definition of a lease in PFRS 16. This policy is applied to contracts entered into, on or after January 1, 2019.

The Group As a Lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset of the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case, the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payment that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group used a number of practical expedients when applying PFRS 16 to leases previously classified as operating leases under PAS 17. In particular, the Group:

- Did not recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application;
- Excluded initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application; and
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term.

The Group As a Lessor

When the Group acted as a lessor, it determined at lease inception whether each lease was a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group made an overall assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially the entire risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this was the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it was an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considered certain indicators such as whether the lease was for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Short-term lease

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payables are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied and have been invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier. Accounts payable are non-interest bearing and are stated at their original invoice amount since the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Accruals are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied but have not been paid, invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier, including amounts due to employees.

Equity

Share capital is determined using the par value of shares that have been issued and fully paid.

Additional paid-in capital includes premiums received on the issuance of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVOCI pertains to mark-to-market valuation of financial asset.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period results of operations as disclosed in the consolidated statements of income.

Other Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income comprises items of income and expenses that are not recognized in the profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

Revenue comprises revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services measured by reference to the fair value of consideration received or receivable by the Group for services rendered (transaction price), excluding VAT and discounts. Revenue is recognized only when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of the promised goods or services to a customer. The transfer of control can occur over time or at a point in time.

A performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time unless it meets one of the following criteria, in which case it is satisfied over time:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; and,
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The transaction price allocated to performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is recognized as revenue when control of the goods or services transfers to the customer. If the performance obligation is satisfied over time, the transaction price allocated to that performance obligation is recognized as revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

In addition, the following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

- (i) Sale of aggregates – revenue is recognized when control passes to the customer, which occurs at a point in time when the aggregates are physically transferred to the customer or buyer.
- (ii) Rental income - properties leased out under operating leases are included in investment property in the consolidated statements of financial position. Lease income is recognized over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis.
- (iii) Interest – interest income from bank deposits is recognized as interest accrues taking into account the effective yield on the related asset.

Cost and expenses are recognized in the consolidated statements of income upon utilization of the assets or services or at the date they are incurred.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period these occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Retirement Benefit Cost

The Group accrues retirement expense based on the provision of the Retirement Pay Law (R.A. 7641). The RA requires that employers with no formal retirement plan or agreement providing for retirement benefits shall provide for retirement pay equivalent to at least 15 days plus 1/12 of the 13th month pay and the cash equivalent of not more than five (5) days of service incentive leave for employees who have rendered at least five (5) years of service and have reach the age of 60 at the time of retirement. Annually, the Group assesses the sufficiency of the recorded retirement liability. Any increase or decline thereto is adjusted in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Income Taxes

Current tax liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences at the end of reporting period between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Under the balance sheet liability method, with certain exceptions, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset is to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

Most changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in the consolidated statements of income. Only changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities that relate to a change in value of assets or liabilities that is charged directly to equity are charged or credited directly to equity.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (*the functional currency*). The consolidated financial statements of the Parent company and subsidiaries are presented in Philippine Peso, the Group's functional and presentation currency.

Provisions

Liabilities are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using the pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Earnings (Loss) per share are determined by dividing the profit for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the fiscal year.

Related Party Transactions and Relationships

Related party relationships exist when one party has the ability to control directly or indirectly through one or more of the intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among the reporting entity and its key management personnel, directors or its shareholders.

Transactions between related parties are accounted for at arm's length prices or on terms similar to those offered to non-related entities in an economically comparable market.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

Segment Reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

Events after the Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

5. Summary of Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with PFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about varying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Although, these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from these estimates.

(i) Judgments

The following judgments were applied which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Commencement of commercial production

The Group assesses when a property reaches the stage when it is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. The Group considers various relevant criteria to assess when the commercial production phase is considered to commence. Some of the criteria used will include, but is not limited to, the following:

- the completion of a reasonable period of testing of mine plant;
- securing the necessary government agreements and permits
- the ability to produce saleable aggregates;
- the ability to achieve production targets;
- sufficiency of hauling access from the pit;
- ability to sustain ongoing production;
- capital expenditures incurred relative to the expected costs to complete.

Impairment of mine properties

Mine properties are reviewed and evaluated for impairment at each reporting period or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Common indicators of impairment of a resource property include, but is not limited to:

- the right to explore in a specific area has expired, or will soon expire, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration in a specific area is neither budgeted or planned;
- exploration in an area has not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources, or the results are not compelling enough to warrant further exploration, and the Group has decided to discontinue activities in the area; or sufficient data exists to indicate that, although exploration or development in an area is likely to proceed, the

carrying amount of the resource property is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Mineral reserves

Proven and probable mineral reserves are the economically mineable parts of the Group's measured and indicated mineral resources as determined in the Final Exploration Report. The Group estimates its proven and probable mineral reserves based on information compiled by appropriately qualified persons. Geological estimates of the size, depth and shape of the mineral body requires complex judgments. The estimation of future cash flows related to proven and probable mineral reserves is based upon factors such as:

- estimates of prices of aggregates;
- future capital requirements;
- mineral recovery factors and production costs;
- unforeseen operational issues; and
- geological assumptions and judgments made in estimating the size and grade of the mineral body.

Changes in the proven and probable mineral reserves estimates may impact the carrying value of resource properties, property and equipment and environmental rehabilitation obligations the Group conducts a regular review of its reserves and mineral resources. Changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Going-concern assumption of certain subsidiaries

Included in consolidated financial statements are accounts of certain subsidiaries which are either reported a limited or no operation for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Management intends to re-focus its current business thrust into other ventures which are deemed to be more profitable and continue operation for a foreseeable future. Hence, the consolidated financial statements are prepared under the going concern assumption.

Classification of financial assets at FVOCI

In classifying its financial assets, the Group follows the guidance of PFRS 9. In making the judgment, the Group evaluates its intention, marketability of the instrument and its ability to hold the investments until maturity.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group classifies its investment in equity securities as financial assets at FVOCI.

Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. If an insignificant portion is leased out under the operating lease, the property is treated as property and equipment. If the property is not occupied and is held to earn rental, it is treated as investment property.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of services or for administrative purposes. If these portions cannot be sold separately as of the end of reporting period, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use to the production or supply of services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgment.

Operating leases – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into property leases on a portion of its investment property. The Group has determined that it retains all significant risks and rewards of ownership of those properties which are leased out on operating leases.

The Group's rental income amounted to P5,533,206 in 2024, P6,021,461 in 2023, and P9,014,450 in 2022.

Determination of fair value of financial assets at FVOCI and Investment properties

The Group measures fair value of financial assets at FVOCI and Investment properties using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Fair value determination is discussed below.

Level 1

Included in the Level 1 category are assets and liabilities that are measured in whole or in part by reference to published quotes in an active market. An asset or liability is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The fair value of assets and liabilities were determined in a manner disclosed in Note 6.

Provision and contingencies

Judgment is exercised by management to distinguish between provisions and contingencies.

(ii) Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation of uncertainty at end of reporting period, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Estimating allowance for ECL on receivables and due from related parties

The assessment of the correlation between historically observed default rates, forward-looking information, and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecasted economic conditions.

The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of actual default in the future.

Inventory valuation

The Group values inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value ("NRV"). The net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and costs to sell. Estimates of net realizable value are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the end of the period to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the end of the period. The key assumptions require the use of management judgment regarding reliability of evidence available and are reviewed on a regular basis. Write-downs of inventory in stockpiles and in-process resulting from NRV impairments are reported in consolidated statement of income.

Estimated useful lives of property and equipment

The Group reviews annually the estimated useful lives of property and equipment, based on the period on which the assets are expected to be available for use. It is possible that future results of operation could be materially affected by changes in these estimates. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment would increase recorded depreciation and decrease the related asset account.

Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, amounted to P2,434,561,455 and P2,425,888,340 as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Estimating fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Group determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its judgment, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- (i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
- (iii) appraisal of independent qualified appraisers.

Impairment of investment in associates and due from related parties

The Group assesses impairment on assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Several factors are considered which could trigger that impairment has occurred. Though management believes that the assumptions used in the estimation of fair values reflected in the financial statements are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in these assumptions may materially affect the assessment of recoverable values and any resulting impairment loss could have material adverse effect on the results of operations.

The net carrying value of Investments in Associates and Due from Related Parties as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024		
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for impairment	Net carrying value
Investments in associates:			
ATN Phils Solar Energy Group, Inc.	P 851,254,279	P -	P 851,254,279
Mariestad Mining Corporation	11,306,000	11,306,000	-
Due from related parties:			
ATN Phils Solar Energy Group, Inc.	54,075,464	-	54,075,464
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l, Inc.	18,380,813	-	18,380,813
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	7,450,000	-
	P 942,466,556	P 18,756,000	P 923,710,556
	2023		
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for impairment	Net carrying value
Investments in associates:			
ATN Phils Solar Energy Group, Inc.	P 851,593,067	P -	P 851,593,067
Mariestad Mining Corporation	11,306,000	11,306,000	-
Due from related parties:			
ATN Phils Solar Energy Group, Inc.	45,140,894	-	45,140,894
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l, Inc.	16,380,813	-	16,380,813
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	7,450,000	-
	P 931,870,774	P 18,756,000	P 913,114,774

6. Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active market at the reporting date is based on their quoted market price. For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate techniques or comparison to similar instruments for which market observable price exists.

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instruments or based on a valuation technique, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and the fair value in the consolidated statements of income unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset.

Set out below is the comparison of fair value and carrying value by category of financial assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

	2024		2023	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Cash	P 2,285,843	P 2,285,843	P 5,190,128	P 5,190,128
Trade receivables	16,550	16,550	6,907,302	6,907,302
Financial asset at FVOCI	18,850,000	18,850,000	27,430,000	27,430,000
Deposits	1,515,639	1,515,639	1,595,276	1,595,276
Due from related parties	72,456,277	72,456,277	61,521,707	61,521,707
Trust funds	4,756,971	4,756,971	2,389,379	2,389,379
Other financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,538,407	7,538,407	4,070,116	4,070,116
Short-term loans payable	41,303,000	41,303,000	44,353,000	44,353,000
Deposits	16,322,746	16,322,746	16,091,419	16,091,419
Due to related parties	460,031,265	460,031,265	405,058,507	405,058,507

Fair values were determined as follows:

- *Cash, trade receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses* – The fair values are approximately the carrying amounts at initial recognition due to their short-term nature.
- *Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income* – The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organized markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on reporting date.
- *Bank loans* – The fair value of the loans payable is determined by discounting the principal using the market rate.
- *Deposits, due to related parties and trust funds* - The fair value of deposits, due to related parties and trust funds approximates the carrying value as at year end.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the summary of the Group's assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of March 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024						2023					
	Fair value hierarchy			Fair value hierarchy			Fair value hierarchy			Fair value hierarchy		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets												
Cash in bank	P	-	P 2,285,843	P	-		P	-	P 5,190,128	P	-	
Trade receivables		-	16,550		-			-	6,907,302		-	
Financial assets at fair value through OCI		18,850,000	-		-			27,430,000	-		-	
Deposits		-	1,515,639		-			-	1,595,276		-	
Due from related parties		-	72,456,277		-			-	61,521,707		-	
Trust funds		-	4,756,971		-			-	2,389,379		-	
	P	18,850,000	P 81,031,280	P	-		P	27,430,000	P 77,603,792	P	-	
Liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P	-	P 7,538,407	P	-		P	-	P 4,070,116	P	-	
Short-term loans payable		-	41,303,000		-			-	44,353,000		-	
Deposits		-	16,322,746		-			-	16,091,419		-	
Due to related parties		-	460,031,265		-			-	405,058,507		-	
	P	-	P 525,195,418	P	-		P	-	P 469,573,042	P	-	

Investment Properties

On April 2, 2018 certain investment properties situated in Mandaluyong and Rodriguez, Rizal were re-appraised to properly reflect its fair market value. The appraisal resulted to an increase in value of investment amounting to P420.22 million. The fair market value is determined by a firm of independent appraiser on April 2, 2018 using the Market approach. In this approach, the value of the land was based on sales and listings of comparable property registered within the vicinity. The technique of this approach requires the adjustments of comparable property by reducing reasonable comparative sales and listings to a common denominator. Accordingly, the Group categorized these condominium units under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Townhouses located at Riverside Village, Pasig City were re-appraised to properly reflect its fair market value. The appraisal resulted to an increase in value of investment amounting to P25.65 million. The fair market value of the townhouses was arrived using the Market approach. In this approach, the value of the townhouse units was based on sales and listings of comparable property registered within vicinity. The technique of this approach requires the adjustments of comparable property by reducing reasonable comparative sales and listings to a common denominator. This was done by establishing the differences between the subject property and those actual sales and listings regarded as comparable.

The description of valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of investment properties in fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Location	Type	Valuation techniques	Significant observable inputs	Fair value hierarchy	Range
Riverside Village	Townhouses	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter) Size Location Improvements	Level 3	P22,500 - P36,333 5.0% -5% to -10% -25% to -35%
Summit One Tower	Parking lots	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter) Size Location Improvements	Level 2	P61,818 - P82,926 5% -5% -
	Condominium units	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter) Size Location Improvements	Level 2	P61,864 - P64,937 5% -5% 10% to 15%

7. Financial Instruments, Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk, and market risk. Risk management policies are summarized below.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity or funding risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from either the inability to sell financial assets quickly at their fair values; or counterparty failing on repayment of a contractual obligation; or inability to generate cash inflows as anticipated.

The Group manages its liquidity profile to: a) ensure that adequate funding is available at all times; b) meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; c) be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost, and d) maintain an adequate time spread of financial maturities.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at March 31, 2024 and 2023 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

2024	On demand	Not later than one month	Later than 1 month & not later than 3 months	Later than 3 months & not later than 1 year	No fixed payment period	Total
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P 7,538,407	P -	P -	P -	P -	P 7,538,407
Short-term loans payable	-	-	-	41,303,000	-	41,303,000
Deposits	-	-	-	-	16,322,746	16,322,746
Due to related parties	-	-	-	-	460,031,265	460,031,265
	P 7,538,407	P -	P -	P 41,303,000	P 476,354,011	P 525,195,418

2023	On demand	Not later than one month	Later than 1 month & not later than 3 months	Later than 3 months & not later than 1 year	No fixed payment period	Total
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P 4,070,116	P -	P -	P -	P -	P 4,070,116
Short-term loans payable	-	-	-	44,353,000	-	44,353,000
Deposits	-	-	-	-	16,091,419	16,091,419
Due to related parties	-	-	-	-	405,058,507	405,058,507
	P 4,070,116	P -	P -	P 44,353,000	P 421,149,926	P 469,573,042

Credit Risk

Credit risk is risk due to uncertainty in a counterparty's (also called an obligor) ability to meet its obligation.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the consolidated statements of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to consolidated financial statements).

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk of the Group as of March 31, 2024 and 2023. Net maximum exposure is the effect after considering collaterals and other credit enhancements.

	Gross maximum exposure	
	2024	2023
Cash	P 2,285,843	P 5,190,128
Trade receivables	16,550	6,907,302
Financial asset at fair value through OCI	18,850,000	27,430,000
Deposits	1,515,639	1,595,276
Due from related parties	79,906,277	68,971,707
Trust funds	4,756,971	2,389,379
	P 107,331,280	P 112,483,792

The credit quality of the Group's assets as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

2024	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-months ECL	Lifetime ECL	Credit impaired	
Cash	P 2,285,843	P -	P -	P 2,285,843
Trade receivables	16,550	-	-	16,550
Financial asset at fair value - OCI	18,850,000	-	-	18,850,000
Deposits	1,515,639	-	-	1,515,639
Due from related parties	-	72,456,277	7,450,000	79,906,277
Trust funds	-	4,756,971	-	4,756,971
	22,668,032	77,213,248	7,450,000	107,331,280
ECL	-	-	7,450,000	7,450,000
Net carrying value	P 22,668,032	P 77,213,248	P -	P 99,881,280

2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-months ECL	Lifetime ECL	Credit impaired	
Cash	P 5,190,128	P -	P -	P 5,190,128
Trade receivables	6,907,302	-	-	6,907,302
Financial asset at fair value - OCI	27,430,000	-	-	27,430,000
Deposits	1,595,276	-	-	1,595,276
Due from related parties	-	61,521,707	7,450,000	68,971,707
Trust funds	-	2,389,379	-	2,389,379
	41,122,706	63,911,086	7,450,000	112,483,792
ECL	-	-	7,450,000	7,450,000
Net carrying value	P 41,122,706	P 63,911,086	P -	P 105,033,792

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of change in fair value of financial instrument from fluctuation in foreign exchange rates (currency risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk) and market prices (price risk), whether such change in price is caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Market risk represents what the Group would lose from price volatilities. Market risk can be measured as the potential gain or loss in a position or portfolio that is associated with a price movement of a given probability over a specified time horizon.

The Group manages market risk by evenly distributing capital among investment instruments in different financial institution.

Price Risk

The Group's price risk exposure at year-end relates to financial asset whose value fluctuates as a result of changes in market price, principally, Investment in financial assets at FVOCI. Before taking into account the effect of taxes, equity as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 would either decrease or increase by P0.38 million and P0.55 million, respectively, had the variable changed by 2%. The impact on the Group's equity excludes the impact of transactions affecting profit or loss since financial instrument carried at fair value are classified as Investment in financial asset at fair value through OCI.

Capital Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

The capital structure of the Group consists of issued share capital and additional paid-in capital.

The financial ratio at the fiscal year end, which is within the acceptable range of the Group, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Equity	P 2,565,839,126	P 2,581,665,336
Total assets	3,802,921,663	3,763,066,528
Ratio	0.67	0.69

8. Cash in Banks

Cash in banks generally earn interest based on prevailing bank deposit rates. Cash in banks amounted to P2,285,843 and P5,190,128 as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Interest earned from these deposits amounted to P5,607, P38,306 and P15,212 for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

9. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables represent receivable from sale of aggregates and rental of properties amounting to P16,550 and P6,907,302 as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These are non-interest bearing and are generally collectible within twelve (12) months.

The aging of trade receivables is as follows:

	Current	Past due		Total
		31-60 days	61-90 days	
2024	P 16,550	P -	P -	P 16,550
2023	3,815,860	2,177,740	913,702	6,907,302

10. Inventories

The Group's aggregates inventories as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Armor rocks	P 40,564,839	P 5,126,800
Crushed basalt aggregates	14,271,613	16,545,038
	P 54,836,452	P 21,671,838

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, inventories are carried at cost. Due to a relatively high demand, the NRV approximates the carrying value.

11. Other Current Assets

The composition of this account as of March 31 is as follows:

	2024	2023
Input taxes - net of allowance		
for impairment loss of P90,669 in 2023 and 2022	P 5,796,574	P 2,612,560
Deposits	1,515,639	1,595,276
Prepaid taxes	6,924,344	6,599,652
	P 14,236,557	P 10,807,488

- Input taxes represent the 12% tax on domestic purchases of goods and services from VAT registered entities. Input tax is applied against output taxes in the succeeding month.
- Deposits are payment to secure leasing arrangements. The amounts are refundable within the next 12 months.

- Prepaid taxes represent 5% tax withheld on rental. The same may be applied against future income tax liabilities. As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, creditable withholding taxes are considered recoverable in full and no impairment loss is necessary.

12. Financial Asset at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

This account represents 130,000,000 listed shares of Transpacific Broadband Group International, Inc. (TBGI), a publicly listed company in the Philippine Stock Exchange. Fair value was determined through reference to published price quotations.

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of this account at the beginning and end of the fiscal year is as follows:

	2024		2023	
Balance at the beginning of fiscal year	P	27,430,000	P	46,235,000
Changes in fair value		(8,580,000)		(18,805,000)
Balance at the end of fiscal year	P	18,850,000	P	27,430,000

Changes in fair value are reported separately in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income as "Fair value changes in financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income".

13. Investments in Associates - net

This account consists of the following:

	2024		2023		2022	
Cost						
ATN Phils. Solar Energy Group, Inc. (ATN Solar)	P	865,080,120	P	865,080,120	P	865,080,120
Mariestad Mining Corporation (MMC)		11,306,000		11,306,000		11,306,000
		876,386,120		876,386,120		876,386,120
Equity in net losses (ATN Solar)						
Beginning		(13,487,053)		(13,132,826)		(13,221,345)
Income (Loss) during the year		(338,788)		(354,227)		88,519
Ending		(13,825,841)		(13,487,053)		(13,132,826)
Total		862,560,279		862,899,067		863,253,294
Allowance for impairment losses		(11,306,000)		(11,306,000)		(11,306,000)
	P	851,254,279	P	851,593,067	P	851,947,294

ATN Solar

ATN Solar is a grantee of Solar Energy Service Contract with the Philippine Government through the Department of Energy to develop, own and operate a 30MW solar power plant in Rodriguez, Rizal.

In 2023, ATN Solar has commenced discussion with Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) groups for the construction of the plant. Construction phases are (1) 250kW pilot plant to test possible technical issues and improve construction efficiency of commercial scale plant to reduce construction timelines. (2) 250kW pilot plant to be expanded to 2MW for the complete modular assembly of DC/AC system.

The Company has awarded in principle the construction of the 250kW plant. Initial output power will be utilized by its parent company ATN Holding, Inc. for internal use, with no export to the grid. Completion in project phases will allow ATN Solar to finalized supply agreements with a Retail Electricity Supplier (RES) and/or the Meralco group.

After successful construction of the pilot plant, the Company will decide on the award of construction of modular 3 x 10MW Solar PV plant to the EPC or other EPC to complete the three modules.

The project site of 15 hectares for 30 MW have been leveled and cleared. With the advances in solar panel capacity from to 210Wp to 630Wp per panel, a 15-hectare land area will be allocated for the 30 MW project. The Company needs to install the DC components of the project since the 3 x 10MW sub-distribution lines connected to Meralco have been installed in place. All temporary and ancillary facilities including but not limited to water supply facility, personnel housing, heavy equipment for construction, power supply for construction are ready for the implementation off the 30 MW project, pending the result of the pilot project.

As of July 11, 2024, the Company is finalizing its Power Supply Agreement with Meralco and various RES. Demand for electricity given the expected depletion of the Malampaya Natural Gas, which supplies to 2,400MW power plants. The increase in coal prices by 400x, due to the Ukraine war, hasten the need of renewable energy like solar to supply peak hour demands.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group owns 49.49% and 48.80% of ATN Solar, respectively, and it exercises significant influence over the financial and operating matters of the associate.

The latest financial information of ATN Solar is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Current assets	P 6,938,436	P 7,275,783
Non-current assets	1,891,868,801	1,845,276,119
Current liabilities	18,022,858	14,880,000
Non-current liabilities	1,213,718,562	1,168,766,643
Equity	P 667,065,817	P 668,905,259

Other financial information:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Carrying value of investment in ATN Solar	P 851,254,279	P 851,593,067
Net income (loss)	(684,559)	(725,874)
Group's share in net income (loss)	(338,788)	(354,227)

ATN Solar's accounting period is January 1 to December 31.

MMC

In 2007, the Group entered into an investment agreement with MMC to participate in the extraction of manganese ores in the former's mining site. The Group's participation is in the form of providing financial resources to undertake the mining operations. The Group has financed a total of P11,306,000 in MMC. Due to the non-commencement of mining operation, the Group provided a full impairment loss on its investment in MMC. Furthermore, there was no recent financial information available for MMC.

14. Investment Properties

The composition of this account as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

Land	P	15,810,000
Condominium units		284,554,278
Parking lots		26,350,000
Townhouses		22,953,001
	P	349,667,279

Rental income on investment properties amounted to P5,533,206 in 2024, P6,021,461 in 2023 and P9,014,450 in 2022. Direct operating cost incurred on these properties amounted to P1,039,194 in 2024, P1,077,280 in 2023 and P1,028,870 in 2022.

Certain investment properties were mortgaged to the bank to secure the Group's financing requirements. (see Note 18).

15. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of:

2024	Land and mine site improvements	Machineries and equipment	Office furniture and improvements	Transportation equipment	Total
Costs					
At April 1, 2023	P 2,358,943,606	P 70,329,329	P 6,331,055	P 7,879,464	P 2,443,483,454
Additions during the year	-	14,185,039	220,723	-	14,405,762
At March 31, 2024	2,358,943,606	84,514,368	6,551,778	7,879,464	2,457,889,216
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss					
At April 1, 2023	120,789	5,344,673	6,197,363	5,932,289	17,595,114
Provisions for depreciation and depletion	53,684	4,920,094	35,804	723,065	5,732,647
At March 31, 2024	174,473	10,264,767	6,233,167	6,655,354	23,327,761
Carrying value					
At March 31, 2024	P 2,358,769,133	P 74,249,601	P 318,611	P 1,224,110	P 2,434,561,455
2023					
Costs					
At April 1, 2022	P 2,358,943,606	P 47,025,758	P 6,331,055	P 7,879,464	P 2,420,179,883
Additions during the year	-	23,303,571	-	-	23,303,571
At March 31, 2023	2,358,943,606	70,329,329	6,331,055	7,879,464	2,443,483,454
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss					
At April 1, 2022	67,105	2,351,290	6,161,559	5,209,224	13,789,178
Provisions for depreciation and depletion	53,684	2,993,383	35,804	723,065	3,805,936
At March 31, 2023	120,789	5,344,673	6,197,363	5,932,289	17,595,114
Carrying value					
At March 31, 2023	P 2,358,822,817	P 64,984,656	P 133,692	P 1,947,175	P 2,425,888,340

Machinery and equipment include crushing plant, transport equipment for aggregates and rock drilling machine. In October 2023, certain machinery was acquired for P5.85 million payable within ten (10) months from November 2024 to October 2024. The balance as March 30, 2024 is presented as part of Accounts payable amounting to P2.87 million.

Land and improvements with carrying value of P2.3 billion was reclassified from Investment property in 2021. This was measured using the fair value model prior to the reclassification. The increase in carrying value arising from fair value adjustment as of the latest appraisal amounted to P230.5 million was credited to Fair value gains in investment properties reported in the consolidated statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2018. As allowed under PAS 40 on the transfer from investment property carried at fair value to property and equipment, the fair value at the time of change in use is the cost of property under its new classification. The reclassification was made in view of the owner-occupation (quarry activities).

To prepare the site for quarry operation, the Group incurs stripping costs. These costs are incurred in the development phase which are capitalized as part of constructing the quarry site and subsequently amortized over its useful life using the unit-of-production method. The capitalization of stripping costs ceases when the quarry site is ready for production.

Depreciation allocated to direct costs and administrative expenses are as follows:

		2024		2023
Cost of production	P	3,039,062	P	1,112,351
Direct costs		1,934,716		1,934,716
Administrative expenses		758,869		758,869
	P	5,732,647	P	3,805,936

16. Trust funds

In accordance with MPSA and ECC, the Group is required by the DENR-MGB to set up the following funds:

- Environment Trust Fund (ETF) – fund set aside to address the environmental impacts and safety concerns in the implementation, operation and abandonment/decommissioning and rehabilitation of mining projects.
- Monitoring Trust Fund (MTF) – fund to cover maintenance and other operating budget for the transportation and travel expenses, cost of laboratory analysis, cost of supplies and materials, cost of communication services, cost of consultancy work and other reasonable expenses incurred by the monitoring team of the MRF Committee.
- Rehabilitation Cash Fund (RCF) - fund to ensure compliance with the approved rehabilitation activities and schedules, including research programs, as defined in the EPEP.
- Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Fund (FMRDF) – fund to be established and maintained through cash deposits to cover the Group’s rehabilitation liability upon the closure of the mine and to ensure payment of compensable damages that may be caused by mine wastes.

The movements of these funds are as follows:

2024	Beginning	Contributions	Transfers	Interest earned	Ending
ETF	P 60,042	P -	P -	P 30	P 60,072
MTF	159,958	-	-	81	160,039
RCF	554,030	745,802	-	648	1,300,480
FMRDF	1,615,349	1,620,000	-	1,031	3,236,380
	P 2,389,379	P 2,365,802	P -	P 1,790	P 4,756,971

2023	Beginning	Contributions	Transfers*	Interest earned	Ending
ETF	P 10,000	P 150,004	P (100,000)	P 38	P 60,042
MTF	10,000	49,935	100,000	23	159,958
RCF	10,000	543,980	-	50	554,030
FMRDF	10,000	1,605,229	-	120	1,615,349
	P 2,389,379	P 2,349,148	P -	P 231	P 2,389,379

*Transferred to MTF or Initial contribution

These trust funds are held in government depository banks as required by the MPSA. Withdrawal is restricted only based on the duly approved purpose of the funds.

17. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Capital gains tax payable	P 2,985,000	P 2,985,000
Accounts payable (see Note 15)	3,327,730	270,916
Accrued expenses	1,171,188	784,459
Taxes payable	54,489	29,741
	P 7,538,407	P 4,070,116

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities are as follows:

- Accounts payable are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on a 90-day term;
- Accruals are liabilities from services rendered but not yet billed by the supplier;
- Taxes payable are settled in the following month.

The fair values of accounts payable and accrued expenses have not been disclosed due to their short duration. Management considers the carrying amounts recognized in the statement of financial position to be a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

18. Short-term Loans Payable

The Group has an omnibus line with China Banking Corporation for a maximum amount of P50 million. Interest is charged every month on the outstanding loan balance at 6.50% per annum in 2024 and 5.75% per annum in 2023. The loan has a term of 360 days and is collateralized by condominium units in Summit One Tower. As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the balance of the loan amounted to P41.3 million and P44.3 million, respectively. Proceeds of the loan are used for working capital requirements.

Interest expense related to this loan amounted to P2,948,336, P2,518,020 and P2,220,283 for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

19. Deposits

This account represents deposit on operating leases which is made in compliance with the existing leasing agreement with the lessee. The amount is refundable at the expiration of lease contracts.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, deposits on operating leases amounted to P16,322,746 and P16,091,419, respectively.

20. Equity

Share capital

Component of the Group's share capital as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

Title of issue	Authorized share capital at P0.10 par value per share		Subscribed and paid	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Common				
Class A	4,200,000,000	P 420,000,000	4,025,055,429	P 402,505,543
Class B	2,800,000,000	280,000,000	2,800,000,000	280,000,000
Preferred	5,000,000,000	500,000,000	-	-
	12,000,000,000	P 1,200,000,000	6,825,055,429	P 682,505,543

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, certain restrictions have been imposed regarding issuance and transfer of share capital as follows:

- Class "A" common shares are to be issued only to citizens of the Philippines or to partnership, association or corporation organized under the laws of the Philippines.
- Class "B" common shares are to be issued to any person subject to the required foreign ownership limitation under the laws of the Philippines.
- Preferred shares are cumulative, non-participating, non-voting shares that are entitled for mandatory redemption on the 5th, 7th and 10th year anniversary of issue.

The movement of capital as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P 682,505,543	P 450,000,000
Debt-to-equity conversion	-	232,505,543
Balance at the end of year	P 682,505,543	P 682,505,543

During the annual stockholders meeting held on November 14, 2019, the stockholders approved the following resolutions:

- Issuance of 2,325,055,429 shares to Unipage Management, Inc. (UMI) from the unsubscribed portion of the authorized capital stock.
- The Group to increase its authorized capital from 12 billion shares to 24 billion shares both with par value of P0.10.
- Issuance of 824,944,571 shares to a certain shareholder upon increase of Authorized Capital Stock.

On April 5, 2022, a subscription agreement was executed wherein UMI subscribed to 2,325,055,429 shares of the Group for a total subscription price amounting to P466,451,550. Payment was satisfied through the conversion of the former's advances to the Group. The additional subscription was allocated as follows:

Share capital	P 232,505,543
Additional paid-in capital	233,946,007
	P 466,451,550

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, Additional paid-in capital amounted to P256,319,963.

As of March 31, 2024, the application for increase in capital is due for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Unrealized gain (loss) on Financial assets at fair value through OCI

The movement of this account is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	P 5,189,939	P 23,994,939	P 32,617,516
Changes in fair value	(8,580,000)	(18,805,000)	(10,998,000)
Effect of deferred tax adjustment	-	-	2,375,423
Balance at the end of year	P (3,390,061)	P 5,189,939	P 23,994,939

21. Sales

The Group sells aggregates in different sizes (armor rocks, crushed basalt, etc.) to various customers. Revenue is recognized only when the Group satisfies a performance obligation which is the delivery and acceptance of the aggregates by the customers. That is the point in time when the transfer of control of the aggregates occurs from the Group to the customers.

Sale of aggregates is made directly to customers. All sales are made locally and the geographical information of customers is irrelevant.

Sale of aggregates amounted to P6.6 million, P35.1 million, and P25.7 million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Sales generated from 2022-2024 were all produced during the period of the SMP.

22. Cost of Sales and Services

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Cost of aggregates sold	P 5,469,942	P 26,246,392	P 19,673,048
Direct costs on real estate leasing (see Note 14)	1,039,194	1,077,280	1,028,870
Depreciation (see Note 15)	1,934,716	1,934,716	1,934,716
	P 8,443,852	P 29,258,388	P 22,636,634

The details of cost of aggregates sold are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Inventory, beginning	P 21,671,838	P 5,844,042	P -
Add: Cost of production			
Fuel and gasoline	18,707,719	21,526,293	14,362,501
Utilities	5,360,635	7,984,604	2,703,552
Manpower services	9,950,378	6,636,810	1,827,212
Trucking and freight	1,576,762	4,814,130	6,623,825
Depreciation (see Note 15)	3,039,062	1,112,351	-
	38,634,556	42,074,188	25,517,090
	60,306,394	47,918,230	25,517,090
Less: Inventory, ending	(54,836,452)	(21,671,838)	(5,844,042)
	P 5,469,942	P 26,246,392	P 19,673,048

23. Administrative Expenses and Finance Costs

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Salaries and employee benefits (see Note 24)	P 2,518,741	P 2,310,459	P 1,070,574
Communication and association dues	1,453,700	1,510,155	2,043,978
Professional fees	1,070,301	1,802,856	1,534,000
Depreciation (see Note 15)	758,869	758,869	758,869
Rent	495,988	460,561	425,133
Taxes and licenses	299,014	2,637,677	211,600
Security and janitorial services	289,919	313,000	284,352
Government contributions	198,314	295,940	-
Transportation and travel	177,819	495,093	388,569
Office supplies and printing	150,530	329,226	281,245
Insurance	50,595	39,969	75,530
Representation and entertainment	8,770	630,767	533,679
Repairs and maintenance	1,710	20,499	98,013
Miscellaneous	54,178	67,900	55,534
	P 7,528,448	P 11,672,971	P 7,761,076

Salaries and other employee benefits account include salaries, wages and retirement benefits of the employees.

Sources of finance costs for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term loans (see Note 18)	P 2,948,336	P 2,518,020	P 2,220,283
Lease liabilities	-	-	24,618
	P 2,948,336	P 2,518,020	P 2,244,901

24. Salary and Employee Benefits

This account consists of the following:

	2024	2023	2022
Salaries and wages	P 2,440,116	P 2,247,440	P 1,070,574
Provisions for retirement	78,625	63,019	-
	P 2,518,741	P 2,310,459	P 1,070,574

The Group provides for retirement benefits costs required to be paid under RA 7641 (the Act) otherwise known as *Retirement Pay Law*. The Act provides for retirement benefits to employees reaching the age of 60 who have rendered at least five (5) years of service to the Group. Benefits accruing to employee are computed as the sum of (i) one half month of salary for every year of service, (ii) one-twelfth of 13th month pay and (iii) the cash equivalent of not more than five (5) days of service incentive leaves.

The movement of the pension liability account is as follows:

		2024		2023		2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	P	476,364	P	413,345	P	844,950
Provisions during the year		78,625		63,019		-
Reversal of pension liability		-		-		(431,605)
	P	554,989	P	476,364	P	413,345

25. Leases

Group as a Lessor

The Group leases its investment properties to various tenants. The term of the lease is for a period of one year renewable at the option of both parties. Rental income for the years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P5,533,206, P6,021,461 and P9,014,450, respectively.

The agreements, among others, have the following terms:

- Payment of monthly rent;
- Payment of security deposit;
- Annual escalation clause of rental rates upon renewal; and
- Restriction of use, among others.

Direct operating cost related to lease of these properties amounted to P1,039,194 in 2024, P1,077,280 in 2023 and P1,028,870 in 2022.

26. Related Party Transactions

Transactions, year-end balances and terms and conditions with related parties are as follows:

Category	Year	Transactions during the year				Outstanding balance		Terms and conditions	
		Cash transactions		Non-cash transactions		Due from related parties	Due to related parties		
		Due from (Collections)	Due to (Settlement)	Assignment of advances	Conversion to capital				
<i>Associate</i>									
<i>ATN Solar</i>									
Cash advances	2024	P 8,934,570	P -	P -	P -	P 54,075,464	P -	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>	
	2023	(8,979,090)	-	-	-	45,140,894	-		
	2022	26,401,348	-	-	-	54,119,984	-		
<i>Companies under common control</i>									
<i>Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l, Inc. (TBGI)</i>									
Cash advances	2024	2,000,000	494,340	-	-	18,380,813	5,437,885	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>	
	2023	280,813	4,943,545	-	-	16,380,813	4,943,545		
	2022	-	(634,237)	-	-	16,100,000	-		
<i>Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines (SMCM)</i>									
Cash advances	2024	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>	
	2023	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-		
	2022	-	-	-	-	7,450,000	-		
<i>Unipage Management, Inc. (UMI)</i>									
Cash advances	2024	-	12,300,000	-	-	-	90,885,899	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>	
	2023	-	64,543,996	210,000,000	(466,451,550)	-	78,585,899		
	2022	-	33,698,856	-	-	-	270,493,453		
<i>Stockholders</i>									
Cash advances	2024	-	42,178,418	-	-	-	363,707,481	<i>Demandable; Non-interest bearing; Unsecured; Payable in cash</i>	
	2023	-	(35,544,694)	(210,000,000)	-	-	321,529,063		
	2022	-	1,407,378	-	-	-	567,073,757		
	2024						P 79,906,277	P 460,031,265	
	2023						P 68,971,707	P 405,058,507	
	2022						P 77,669,984	P 837,567,210	

Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

1. UMI and certain stockholders provide financing for the Group. Eventually, these funds are transferred and used to support ATN Solar's capital expenditures and operating expenses.
2. In prior years, the Group provided cash advances to SMCM to fund its mining activities. Such advances will be converted into equity interest in SMCM when mining operations commence. Due to unforeseen circumstances, SMCM encountered financial difficulties and was unable to operate and generate revenues and cash flows. Accordingly, the Group provided a full impairment loss on its advances to SMCM in 2014 amounting to P7.45 million.
3. On April 5, 2022, a Deed of Assignment was executed wherein the advances provided by a certain stockholder to the Company amounting to P210 million were assigned to UMI. On the same date, a Subscription Agreement was executed wherein the Company issued 2,325,055,429 shares to UMI in exchange for the latter's advances to the Parent Company amounting to P466,451,550. This non-cash transaction was excluded in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.
4. The details of subsidiaries' accounts that were eliminated in the process of consolidation are as follows:

	Due from subsidiaries		
	2024	2023	2022
Palladian Land Development, Inc.	P 23,529,860	P 23,245,620	P 28,919,160
Managed Care Philippines, Inc.	8,642,328	8,642,328	8,642,328
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation	10,938,677	10,818,677	10,768,677
	P 43,110,865	P 42,706,625	P 48,330,165

5. The amount of compensation paid to key management personnel amounted to P423,241 and P370,000 for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, the Group did not recognize any key management compensation nor provided any stock options and bonuses.
6. There were no provisions for ECL during 2024, 2023 and 2022 covering Advances to related parties.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the net carrying values of these advances are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Due from related parties	P 79,906,277	P 68,971,707	P 77,669,984
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(7,450,000)	(7,450,000)	(7,450,000)
	72,456,277	61,521,707	70,219,984
Due to related parties	P 460,031,265	P 405,058,507	P 837,567,210

27. Income Taxes

Components of income tax reported in the consolidated statements of income are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Current	P 71,706	P 475,094	P 326,925
Deferred	20,450	(12,604)	(318,496)
	P 92,156	P 462,490	P 8,429

The reconciliation of tax on pretax income computed at the applicable statutory rates to tax expense is as follows:

	2024		2023		2022	
Statutory income tax	P	(1,788,514)	P	(670,973)	P	646,588
Tax effect of:						
Reduced tax rate		-		-		(1,435,917)
Non-deductible expenses		555,234		2,065		303
Unrecognized deferred income tax		1,326,838		1,140,975		1,860,769
Utilized NOLCO		-		-		(1,059,510)
Income subject to final tax		(1,402)		(9,577)		(3,804)
Actual provision for income tax	P	92,156	P	462,490	P	8,429

The component of the Group's net deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

	2024		2023		2022	
Unrealized gain on fair value adjustment of investment properties	P	711,467,726	P	711,467,726	P	711,467,726
Retirement liability		(135,596)		(115,940)		(103,336)
	P	711,332,130	P	711,351,786	P	711,364,390

The Group did not recognize any deferred tax assets as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 on impairment losses, net operating loss carry over (NOLCO) and minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) since it does not expect to have sufficient profit against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. The breakdown is as follows:

	2024		2023	
Impairment losses	P	4,510,167	P	4,510,167
Net Operating Loss Carry Over (NOLCO)		4,742,654		3,544,513
Minimum Corporate Income Tax (MCIT)		273,298		161,486
	P	9,526,119	P	8,216,166

Components of the Group's unutilized NOLCO and MCIT and the year until which these are deductible from taxable income are as follows:

NOLCO							
Year incurred	Amount	Applied	Expired	Remaining balance	Year of expiry		
2024	P 4,792,562	P -	P -	P 4,792,562	2027		
2023	4,502,499	-	-	4,502,499	2026		
2022	329,690	-	-	329,690	2025		
2021	10,315,029	(969,165)	-	9,345,864	2026		
	P 19,939,780	P (969,165)	P -	P 18,970,615			

MCIT							
Year incurred	Amount	Applied	Expired	Remaining balance	Year of expiry		
2024	P 111,812	P -	P -	P 111,812	2027		
2022	83,001	-	-	83,001	2025		
2021	78,485	-	-	78,485	2026		
	P 273,298	P -	P -	P 273,298			

NOLCO

On September 30, 2020, the BIR issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 implementing Section 4(bbbb) of "Bayanihan to Recover As One Act" which provide that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over and claimed as a deduction from gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

28. Earnings (Loss) per Share

Earnings (Loss) per share is computed by dividing the income for the period by the weighted average number of common shares as follows:

	2024		2023		2022
Income (Loss) (A)	P	(7,246,210)	P	(3,146,380)	P 2,577,923
Divided by:					
Weighted Average Shares (B)		6,825,055,429		6,825,055,429	4,500,000,000
Earnings (Loss) per share (A/B)	P	(0.00106)	P	(0.00046)	P 0.00057

As of the respective year ends, there were no potential ordinary shares with dilutive effect.

29. Segment Information

For management reporting purposes, the Group is divided into two (2) reportable segments consisting of the (i) Real estate leasing and (ii) Aggregates which is involve in the production and selling of rock aggregates.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which in certain respects is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Segment information for the reportable segment is shown in the following table:

	As of March 31, 2024				
	Real estate leasing	Sale of aggregates	Non-segment items	Total	
Revenues	P 5,533,206	P 6,566,557	P 5,607	P 12,105,370	
Cost and Expenses	1,680,432	5,469,942	12,201,206	19,351,580	
Segment results	3,852,774	1,096,615	(12,195,599)	(7,246,210)	
Reportable segment assets	351,969,672	2,492,612,157	958,339,834	3,802,921,663	
Reportable segment liabilities	16,322,746	-	1,220,759,791	1,237,082,537	
Non-cash expenses					
Depreciation	-	4,973,778	758,869	5,732,647	

	As of March 31, 2023				
		Real estate leasing	Sale of aggregates	Non-segment items	Total
Revenues	P	6,021,461	P 35,059,949	P 38,306	P 41,119,716
Cost and Expenses		1,763,370	26,246,392	16,256,334	44,266,096
Segment results		4,258,091	8,813,557	(16,218,028)	(3,146,380)
Reportable segment assets		354,905,801	2,454,727,598	953,433,129	3,763,066,528
Reportable segment liabilities		16,091,419	-	1,165,309,773	1,181,401,192
Non-cash expenses					
Depreciation		-	3,047,067	758,869	3,805,936

	As of March 31, 2022				
		Real estate leasing	Sale of aggregates	Non-segment items	Total
Revenues	P	9,014,450	P 25,679,177	P 535,336	P 35,228,963
Cost and Expenses		1,698,365	19,673,048	11,279,627	32,651,040
Segment results		7,316,085	6,006,129	(10,744,291)	2,577,923
Reportable segment assets		365,835,891	2,412,134,756	980,010,873	3,757,981,520
Reportable segment liabilities		19,704,472	-	1,601,111,882	1,620,816,354
Non-cash expenses					
Depreciation		-	1,934,716	758,869	2,693,585

Sale of aggregates to three (3) major customers in 2024 accounted to 96% of the revenues arising from Sale of aggregates segment.

Sale of aggregates to four (4) major customers in 2023 accounted to 93% of the revenues arising from Sale of aggregates segment.

Sale of aggregates to three (3) major customers in 2022 accounted to 100% of the revenues arising from Sale of aggregates segment.

30. Other Matters

Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Fund (FMRDF)

As provided for in FMRDF, the Group is required to set up a fund designed to ensure compliance with the approved rehabilitation activities and schedules, including research programs as defined in the Environment Protection and Enhancement Program (EPEP). As provided for in the EPEP and FMRDF Plan, initial funding will commence in the 4th year of operation amounting to P1.035 million. The fund is required to have P5 million in 13 years. Annual contribution is based on a specific formula as provided under DAO 2005-07. Withdrawal thereto shall be based on a committee-approved work and financial plan.

Supplemental disclosure to consolidated statements of cash flows

Details of the movement in cash flows from financing activities for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

2024	Beginning	Net cash flows	Others	End
Due to related parties	P 405,058,507	P 54,972,758	P -	P 460,031,265
Short-term loans payable	44,353,000	(3,050,000)	-	41,303,000
Interest payable	-	(2,948,336)	2,948,336	-
	P 449,411,507	P 48,974,422	P 2,948,336	P 501,334,265

2023	Beginning	Net cash flows	Others	End
Due to related parties	P 837,567,210	P 33,942,847	P(466,451,550)	P 405,058,507
Short-term loans payable	47,000,000	(2,647,000)	-	44,353,000
Interest payable	-	(2,518,020)	2,518,020	-
	P 884,567,210	P 28,777,827	P(463,933,530)	P 449,411,507

Non cash financing activities

Others pertaining to due to related parties in 2023 represent debt to capital conversion for the subscription of Group's additional shares by a certain stockholder. (see Notes 20 and 26)

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules
Under Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68
March 31, 2024

Table of Contents

Schedule	Description	Page
I	Financial Soundness Indicators	1
II	Parent Company's Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration	2
III	A Map Showing the Relationship Between and Among the Parent Company and its Subsidiary and Associate	3
A	Financial Assets	4
B	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	5
C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	6
D	Long-term Debt	Not applicable
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	7
F	Guarantee Securities of Other Issuers	Not applicable
G	Capital Stock	8

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule I - Financial Soundness Indicators

Key Performance Indicators	Formula	For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31	
		2024	2023
A. Current/Liquidity Ratio			
Current Ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	1.461:1	0.921:1
Quick Ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets} - \text{Inventory} - \text{Other Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	0.047:1	0.250:1
B. Solvency Ratio/Debt-to-Equity Ratio			
Solvency Ratio	$\frac{\text{Net Income (Loss) Before Depreciation and Amortization}}{\text{Total Liabilities}}$	(0.001):1	0.001:1
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Liabilities}}{\text{Total Equity}}$	0.482:1	0.458:1
C. Asset to Equity Ratio			
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Assets}}{\text{Total Equity}}$	1.482:1	1.458:1
D. EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization)	Profit Before Tax Add: Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization Interest Expense Less: Interest Income	P 1,521,322	P 3,601,760
E. Profitability Ratios			
Profit Before Tax Margin Ratio	$\frac{\text{Profit (Loss) Before Tax}}{\text{Total Revenue}}$	(59.13%)	(6.53%)
Return on Assets	$\frac{\text{Net Income (Loss)}}{\text{Average Total Assets}}$	(0.192%)	(0.084%)
Return on Equity	$\frac{\text{Net Income (Loss)}}{\text{Average Total Equity}}$	(0.443%)	(0.133%)

Parent Company's Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

MARCH 31, 2024

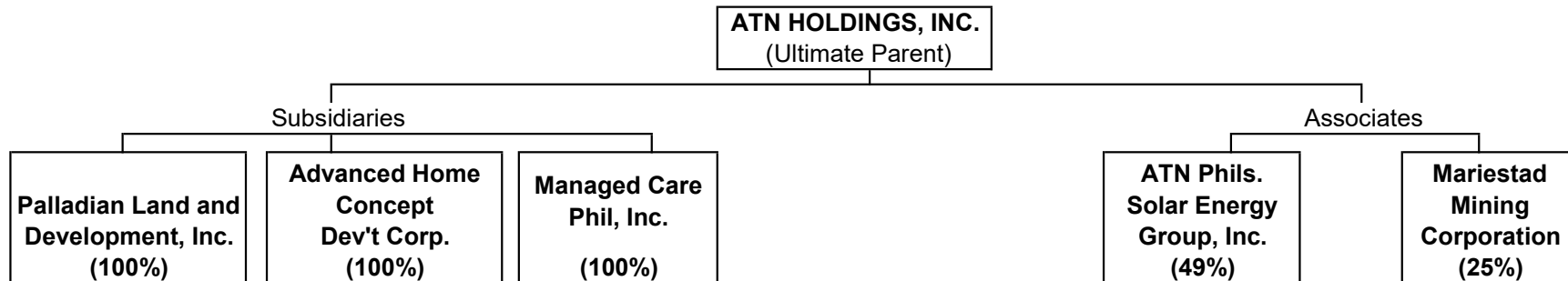
ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

9th Floor Summit One Tower Bldg., 530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning of reporting period	P	17,638,915
Add: Category A: Items that are directly credited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings		
Reversal of Retained Earnings Appropriation/s	-	
Effect of restatements or prior-period adjustments	-	
Others	-	
		<hr/>
Less: Category B: Items that are directly debited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings		
Dividend declaration during the reporting period	-	
Retained Earnings appropriated during the reporting period	-	
Effect of restatements or prior-period adjustments	-	
Others	-	
		<hr/>
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted		17,638,915
Add/Less: Net Income (loss) for the current year		(3,310,855)
Less: Category C.1: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax)		
Equity in net income of associate/joint venture, net of dividends declared	-	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	-	
Unrealized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	-	
Unrealized fair value gain of Investment Property	-	
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS	-	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Add: Category C.2: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss in prior reporting periods but realized in the current reporting period (net of tax)		
Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	-	
Realized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	-	
Realized fair value gain of Investment Property	-	
Other realized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS	-	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Add: Category C.3: Unrealized income recognized in profit or loss in prior periods but reversed in the current reporting period (net of tax)		
Reversal of previously recorded foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents	-	
Reversal of previously recorded fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	-	
Reversal of previously recorded fair value gain of Investment Property	-	
Reversal of other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS, previously recorded	-	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Adjusted Net Income/Loss		<hr/> <hr/>
Add: Category D: Non-actual losses recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax)		
Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax)	-	
Equity in net income of associate/joint venture	-	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss during the year	-	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Add/Less: Category E: Adjustments related to relief granted by the SEC and BSP		
Amortization of the effect of reporting relief	-	
Total amount of reporting relief granted during the year	-	
Others	-	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Add/Less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from the determination of the amount of available for dividends distribution		
Net movement of treasury shares (except for reacquisition of redeemable shares)	-	
Net movement of deferred tax asset not considered in the reconciling items under the previous categories	-	
Net movement in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liabilities related to same transaction, e.g., set up of right of use of asset and lease liability, set-up of asset and asset retirement obligation, and set-up of service concession asset and concession payable	-	
Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain (loss)	-	
Others	(41,834,818)	
Subtotal		<hr/> <hr/>
Total Retained Earnings, end of the reporting period available for dividend	P	(27,506,758)

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule III - A map showing the relationship between and among the Parent Company
and its Subsidiaries and Associates
Pursuant to Rule 68
March 31, 2024



ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule A - Financial assets

March 31, 2024

Name of Issuing entity and association of each issue	Number of shares or principal amount of bonds and notes	Amount shown in the statement of financial position	Equity in net earnings (losses) of the investee for the period	Income received and accrued
INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES				
Mariestad Mining Corporation (MMC)	P -	P 11,306,000	P -	P -
ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.	-	851,254,279	(338,788)	-
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (MMC)	-	(11,306,000)	-	-
	P -	P 851,254,279	P (338,788)	P -
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OCI				
Transpacific Broadband Group International, Inc.	130,000,000 shares	P 18,850,000	P -	P -

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule B - Amount Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)

March 31, 2024

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Amounts collected	Amounts Written off	Allowance for impairment	Current	Non-current	Balance at end of the period
ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.	P 45,140,894	P 8,934,570	P -	P -	P -	P -	P 54,075,464	P 54,075,464
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l Inc.	16,380,813	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	18,380,813	18,380,813
	P 61,521,707	P 10,934,570	P -	P -	P -	P -	P 72,456,277	P 72,456,277

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Schedule C - Amounts Receivable from Related Parties
which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements
March 31, 2024

Related Party	Balance at beginning of period	Net Transactions	Balance at end of period
Palladian Land and Development, Inc.	P 23,245,620	P 284,240	P 23,529,860
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation	10,818,677	(120,000)	10,938,677
Managed Care Philippines, Inc.	8,642,328	-	8,642,328
Total	P 42,706,625	P 164,240	P 43,110,865

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Schedule E - Indebtedness to Related Parties
March 31, 2024

Related Party	Balance at beginning of period	Payment	Addition	Balance at end of period
Transpacific Broadband				
Group International, Inc.	P 4,943,545	P -	P 494,340	P 5,437,885
Unipage Management Corp.	78,585,899	-	12,300,000	90,885,899
Stockholder	321,529,063	-	42,178,418	363,707,481
Total	P 405,058,507	P -	P 54,972,758	P 460,031,265

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule G - Capital Stock

March 31, 2024

Title of Issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion, and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Number of shares held by directors, officers, and employees	Others
Common shares - P 0.10 par value						
Class A	4,200,000,000	4,025,055,429	-	325,131,429	2,780,219,357	919,704,643
Class B	2,800,000,000	2,800,000,000	-	2,041,779,000	-	758,221,000
Preferred shares	5,000,000,000	-	-	-	-	-
	12,000,000,000	6,825,055,429	-	2,366,910,429	2,780,219,357	1,677,925,643

Report of Independent Public Accountants

The Stockholders and Board of Directors

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

9TH Floor, Summit One Tower

530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.** (the Company), which comprise the Parent Company statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and Parent Company statements of income, Parent Company statements of comprehensive income, Parent Company statements of changes in equity and Parent Company statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2024, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2024, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless

management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulation (RR) 15-2010 of the Bureau of Internal Revenue

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Domingo A. Daza, Jr.

R. R. TAN AND ASSOCIATES, CPAs



By: DOMINGO A. DAZA, JR.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 109993

Tax Identification No. 203-917-449

PTR No. 0173936, January 05, 2024, Pasig City

BIR Accreditation No. 07-100512-002-2022, valid until September 14, 2025

July 11, 2024

Pasig City

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	Notes	2024	2023
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash in banks	8	P 947,028	P 2,107,900
Trade receivables	9	-	6,858,908
Inventories	10	54,836,452	21,671,838
Other current assets	11	6,064,304	2,531,144
		61,847,784	33,169,790
Non-current Assets			
Investments in:			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	12	18,850,000	27,430,000
Subsidiaries and associates - net	13	1,067,080,120	1,067,080,120
Investment properties	14	77,080,709	77,080,709
Property and equipment - net	15	30,268,229	22,191,220
Advances to related parties	24	106,924,814	95,586,004
Trust funds	16	4,756,971	2,389,379
		1,304,960,844	1,291,757,432
TOTAL ASSETS		P 1,366,808,628	P 1,324,927,222
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17	P 6,817,900	P 3,758,338
Short-term loans payable	18	41,303,000	44,353,000
		48,120,900	48,111,338
Non-current Liabilities			
Deposits	19	15,068,006	15,068,006
Advances from related parties	24	373,185,909	319,423,210
Deferred tax liability	25	2,670,308	2,670,308
		390,924,223	337,161,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES		439,045,123	385,272,862
EQUITY			
Share capital	20	682,505,543	682,505,543
Additional paid-in capital	20	234,319,963	234,319,963
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial asset at fair value through OCI	20	(3,390,061)	5,189,939
Retained earnings - March 31		14,328,060	17,638,915
TOTAL EQUITY		927,763,505	939,654,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P 1,366,808,628	P 1,324,927,222

See accompanying Notes to Parent Company Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	2024	2023
SALES	21	P 6,566,557	P 35,059,949
COST OF SALES	22	5,469,942	26,246,392
GROSS PROFIT		1,096,615	8,813,557
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	23	3,880,576	6,790,299
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		(2,783,961)	2,023,258
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)			
Rental income	14	2,488,698	2,280,321
Interest income	8	4,450	33,048
Finance cost	18	(2,948,336)	(2,518,020)
		(455,188)	(204,651)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(3,239,149)	1,818,607
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	25	71,706	448,455
INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		P (3,310,855)	P 1,370,152
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	26	P (0.0005)	P 0.0002

See accompanying Notes to Parent Company Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	2024	2023
INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		P (3,310,855)	P 1,370,152
<i>Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:</i>			
Fair value changes in financial assets at fair value through			
other comprehensive income	<i>12,20</i>	(8,580,000)	(18,805,000)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		P (11,890,855)	P (17,434,848)

See accompanying Notes to Parent Company Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	Share Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through OCI	Retained Earnings	Total				
Balance at March 31, 2022	P	450,000,000	P	373,956	P	23,994,939	P	16,268,763	P	490,637,658
Issuances during the year	20	232,505,543		233,946,007		-		-		466,451,550
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20	-		-		(18,805,000)		-		(18,805,000)
Income for the period		-		-		-		1,370,152		1,370,152
Balance at March 31, 2023		682,505,543		234,319,963		5,189,939		17,638,915		939,654,360
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20	-		-		(8,580,000)		-		(8,580,000)
Loss for the period		-		-		-		(3,310,855)		(3,310,855)
Balance at March 31, 2024		P 682,505,543	P	234,319,963	P	(3,390,061)	P	14,328,060	P	927,763,505

See accompanying Notes to Parent Company Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
PARENT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

	<i>Notes</i>	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income (loss) before income tax expense	P	(3,239,149)	P 1,818,607
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	<i>15</i>	3,039,062	1,112,351
Interest expense	<i>18</i>	2,948,336	2,518,020
Interest income	<i>8</i>	(4,450)	(33,048)
Operating Income Before Working Capital Changes		2,743,799	5,415,930
Decrease (Increase) in Operating assets:			
Trade receivables		6,858,908	(4,119,163)
Inventories		(33,164,614)	(15,827,796)
Other current assets		(3,604,867)	(2,371,846)
Increase in Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,059,562	92,391
Cash Used in Operations		(24,107,212)	(16,810,484)
Income taxes paid		-	(401,123)
Interest received		4,450	33,048
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(24,102,762)	(17,178,559)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment	<i>15</i>	(11,116,071)	(23,303,571)
Contributions to trust funds		(2,367,592)	(2,389,379)
Advances to related parties	<i>24</i>	(13,838,810)	(330,813)
Collection of advances to related parties	<i>24</i>	2,500,000	14,652,630
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(24,822,473)	(11,371,133)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of short term loans		41,303,000	44,353,000
Payment of short term loans:			
Principal		(44,353,000)	(47,000,000)
Interest		(2,948,336)	(2,518,020)
Availment of advances from related parties	<i>24</i>	53,762,699	26,656,500
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		47,764,363	21,491,480
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,160,872)	(7,058,212)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,107,900	9,166,112
CASH AT END OF THE YEAR	P	947,028	P 2,107,900

See accompanying Notes to Parent Company Financial Statements

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

1. General Information

Corporate Information

ATN Holdings, Inc. ('ATN', the 'Parent Company' or the 'Company') was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 12, 1969 under the name Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation. On March 14, 1996, Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation changed its corporate name to ATN Holdings, Inc. and its primary and secondary purposes were amended to enable it to perform the acts of a holding company, real estate investments and exploration and development of mineral resources.

On November 10, 2016, the Company's articles of incorporation was amended extending its corporate life for another fifty (50) years from February 12, 2019. The amendment was approved by the SEC on November 21, 2016.

The registered office address of ATN is at 9th Floor Summit One Tower Bldg., 530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City.

The common shares of ATN are listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange.

ATN Integrated Aggregates Project

On March 14, 2019, the Company was granted by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) through the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) an Exploration Permit (EP) denominated as EP-IVA-019. The EP covering approximately 83 hectares of private land located in Barangay Macabud in Rodriguez, Rizal (the "contract area"), involves the quarrying of basalt to be processed into marketable concrete aggregate products. On February 8, 2021, the Environment Compliance Certificate (ECC) was issued by DENR for its Integrated Aggregate Project. The project component includes the following:

- Crushing plant consisting of dump hoppers, vibrating feeders, jaw crusher, vibrating screens and belt conveyors;
- Batching plant with concrete mixing stations equipped with dust collector and twin shaft mixer;
- Concrete hollow blocks plant;
- Support facilities such as office and housing facilities, bunkhouses and security outpost
- Pollution control facilities such sedimentation ponds/settling ponds and pit drainage.

The quarry operation will employ open cast mining method wherein the mining extraction utilizes a hillside cut approach forming multiple benches at 5-10 meters height and of 5 meters width for each bench. Pit wall slope ranges from 35 to 45 degrees or steeper. It entails the crushing of the blasted materials to reduce to its saleable size. The Final Exploration Report revealed an indicated resource of 66 million tons of rock aggregates and 31 million tons of fill materials for the whole contract area. A Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) confirmed that basalt mineral resource exists in the Company's mine site.

Following the approval of DMPF, the Special Mines Permit (SMP) covering the contract area, was issued with inclusive term from January 4, 2023 to January 3, 2024 denominated as SMP No. 2022-03 also by the DENR-MGB. During 2023, the Company undertook production of aggregates consisting of armor rocks and aggregates.

On January 22, 2024, ATN was granted by the DENR a Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) denominated as MPSA No. 354-2024-IVA. ATN was given the exclusive right to conduct mining operations and to provide for the development and commercial utilization of aggregates and other associated mineral deposits within the mineral property over a period of 25 years commencing from its date of effectivity for a contract area of 82.7092 hectares.

Approval of Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements were authorized for issue by the President on July 11, 2024.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation and Presentation

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC) and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

The financial statements are prepared as the Company's separate financial statements. The Company's investment in its subsidiaries is accounted at cost, less any impairment loss.

Impairment loss is provided when there is objective evidence that the investment in subsidiaries will not be recovered.

Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost method except for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and investment properties which are carried at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, the Company's functional currency. All values are rounded off to the nearest peso and represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with PFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

New Accounting Standards and Amendments to Existing Standards Effective in Fiscal Year 2024

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the following amendments to standards effective in fiscal year 2024. The adoption however did not result to any material changes in the financial statements.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgment (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

An entity applies the amendments to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented for annual reporting periods on or after January 1, 2023. The amendments did not have a material impact on the Company.

Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

An entity applies the amendments to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after January 1, 2023 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments did not have a material impact on the Company.

Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, *Disclosure of Accounting Policies*

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgment to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements and if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information.

The amendments have had an impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition, or presentation of any items in the financial statements. The application of these amendments is reflected in the Company's financial statements under Note 4.

Amendments to PAS 12, *International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules*

The amendments introduce a mandatory exception in PAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

The amendments also clarify that PAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax law enacted or enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), including tax law that implements qualified domestic minimum top-up taxes. Such tax legislation, and the income taxes arising from it, are referred to as 'Pillar Two legislation' and 'Pillar Two income taxes', respectively. Management assessed that the application of such amendments had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

New Accounting Standard, Amendments to Existing Standards and Interpretations Effective Subsequent to Fiscal Year 2024

The standards, amendments and interpretations which have been issued but not yet effective as at Fiscal Year 2024 are disclosed below. Except as otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect the adoption of the applicable new and amended PFRS to have a significant impact on its financial position or performance.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*

The amendments clarify paragraphs 69 to 76 of PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right

- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and must be applied retrospectively. However, in November 2021, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) tentatively decided to defer the effective date to no earlier than January 1, 2024. The Company is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice.

Amendments to PFRS 16, *Leases - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*

The amendments clarify that the liability that arises from a sale and leaseback transaction, that satisfies the requirements of PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, to be accounted for as a sale, is a lease liability to which PFRS 16 applies and give rise to a right-of-use asset. For the subsequent measurement, the seller-lessee shall determine 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in a way that the seller-lessee would not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. Applying this subsequent measurement does not prevent the seller-lessee from recognizing any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of lease. Any gain or loss to the partial or full termination of the lease does not relate to the right of use retained but to the right of use terminated.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Early application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, *Supplier Finance Arrangements*

The amendments added disclosure requirements, and 'signposts' within existing disclosure requirements, that ask entities to provide qualitative and quantitative information about supplier finance arrangements.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Early application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025

PFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts*

PFRS 17 establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts within the scope of the standard. The objective of PFRS 17 is to ensure that an entity provides relevant information that faithfully represents those contracts. This information gives a basis for users of the financial statements to assess the effect that insurance contracts have on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

The key principles in PFRS 17 are that an entity:

- Identifies as insurance contracts those contracts under which the entity accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder;
- Separates specified embedded derivatives, distinct investment components and distinct performance obligations from the insurance contracts;
- Divides the contracts into groups that it will recognize and measure;
- Recognizes and measures groups of insurance contracts at:
 - i. a risk-adjusted present value of the future cash flows (the fulfillment cash flows) that incorporates all of the available information about the fulfillment cash flows in a way that is consistent with observable market information; plus (if this value is a liability) or minus (if this value is an asset); or

- ii. an amount representing the unearned profit in the group of contracts (the contractual service margin);
- Recognizes the profit from a group of insurance contracts over the period the entity provides insurance cover, and as the entity is released from risk. If a group of contracts is or becomes loss-making, an entity recognizes the loss immediately;
 - Presents separately insurance revenue (that excludes the receipt of any investment component), insurance service expenses (that excludes the repayment of any investment components) and insurance finance income or expenses; and
 - Discloses information to enable users of the financial statements to assess the effect that contracts within the scope of PFRS 17 have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

On December 15, 2021, the FRSC amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted. The new standard is not applicable to the Company since it has no activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred effectivity

PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements* and PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*

These amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in PFRS 10 and those in PAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

These amendments are originally effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. This mandatory adoption date was later on deferred indefinitely pending the final outcome of the IASB's research project on International Accounting Standards 28. Adoption of these amendments when they become effective will not have any impact on the financial statements.

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied for all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the end of the reporting period; or
- Cash and cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or use to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Financial Instruments

Date of recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statement of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the transaction date.

Initial recognition

All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Except for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, the initial measurement of these financial instruments includes transaction costs.

a.) Financial Assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified in their entirety based on the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

The Company classifies and measures its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost
- financial assets measured at FVPL
- financial assets measured at FVOCI, where gains or losses in fair value is recognized to profit or loss
- financial assets measured at FVOCI, where cumulative gains or losses previously recognized are not reclassified to profit or loss

If the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, the Company assesses whether the cash flows from the financial asset represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. In making this assessment, the Company determines whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic service arrangement, i.e., interest includes consideration only for the time value of money, credit risk and other risks and costs associated with holding the financial asset for a particular period of time.

The Company's business model is determined at a level that reflects how a group of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Company's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. The Company's business model refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The Company's business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. Relevant factors considered by the Company in determining the business model for a group of financial assets include how the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel, the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how these risks are managed and how managers of the business are compensated.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's financial assets consists of (i) financial assets at FVOCI and (ii) financial assets measured at amortized cost.

- *Financial assets at FVOCI*

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are carried at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Included in this category are the Company's investments in shares of stock in a publicly listed company.

- *Financial assets measured at amortized cost*

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's financial assets under this category include cash in banks, trade receivables, advances to related parties and trust funds.

b.) Financial Liabilities

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The Company determines the classification of financial liabilities, at initial recognition based on the following categories:

- financial liabilities at FVPL
- other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are categorized as *Other financial liabilities*. These include accounts payable and accrued expenses, short-term loans payable, deposits, and advances from related parties.

After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost, taking into account the impact of applying the effective interest method of amortization for any direct attributable transaction cost. Gains or losses on financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement

- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. If a transfer of financial asset does not result in derecognition since the Company has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the transferred asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a liability for the consideration received.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such modification is treated as the derecognition of the carrying value of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability at fair value, and any resulting difference is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL).

For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are generally 1 to 3 months past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the assets or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" loss) in profit or loss unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset or liability. In cases where use is made of data that is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" loss amount.

The fair values for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date are based on their quoted market prices, without any deduction for transaction costs. When current market prices are not available, the price of the most recent transaction provides evidence of the current fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances since the time of the transaction.

For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, option pricing models, and other relevant valuation models. Any difference noted between the fair value and the transaction price is treated as expense or income, unless it qualifies for recognition as some type of asset or liability.

Cash in banks

Cash in banks are deposits which generally earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates.

Inventories

Inventories represent aggregates for sale. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). Cost consists of fuel, utilities, manpower services, depreciation, and other costs that are directly attributable in bringing the aggregates in its saleable conditions. Cost is determined by the moving average production and handling cost during the period. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost necessary to make the sale. Any write-down of inventory to NRV is recognized in the statement of income in the period the write-down occurs. Periodic inventory survey is performed to determine the volume of aggregates inventory.

Input tax

Input tax represents 12% VAT input from purchases of goods and services. Input tax can be claimed against output tax in the subsequent period.

Investment properties

Investment properties consist of properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both and that is not occupied by the Company.

Investment property is measured at cost at initial recognition. Subsequently, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any

difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Company uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by the Company.

Fair value measurement of investment property, takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Investment property that is being redeveloped for continuing use as investment property or for which the market has become less active continues to be measured at fair value.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from service and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the statement of income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Investment in subsidiaries and associates

In these separate financial statements, the Company's investments in its subsidiaries and associates are accounted for using the cost method as allowed under PAS 27.

Under the cost method, the Company recognizes income from the investment only to the extent that the Company received distributions from accumulated profits of the investee from date of acquisition.

A parent controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with an investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over that investee. Specifically, control is achieved if and only if the a parent company has all the following;

- (i) Power over the investee;
- (ii) Exposure rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the parent company's returns.

The Parent reassesses whether or not it controls a subsidiary if facts and circumstances indicates that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

The Company derecognizes an investment only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or when it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

Property and equipment

The initial cost of property and equipment consists of its purchase price, including import duties, taxes, borrowing costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to income in the period in which costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures would result in an increase in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional cost of such property and equipment.

Property and equipment are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation or amortization of an item of property and equipment begins when it becomes available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the stipulated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Machinery and equipment	10 years
-------------------------	----------

When assets are sold or retired, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in profit or loss.

Trust funds

Trust funds are cash on deposit with financial institutions which is not available for use by the Company and shall not be released until certain conditions are met under contractual obligations.

Stripping costs

As part of its mining operations, the Company incurs stripping costs both during the development phase and production phase of its operations. Stripping costs incurred in the development phase of a mine before the production phase commences (development stripping) are capitalized as part of the cost of constructing the mine and subsequently amortized over its useful life using unit-of-production method. Stripping costs incurred during the development phase is included under land improvements.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's investment in associates and subsidiaries and investment properties are subject to impairment testing. All other individual assets' or cash generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less cost to sell and value in use, based on an internal discounted cash flow evaluation. Impairment loss is charged pro-rata to the other assets in the cash generating unit.

All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognized may no longer exist and the carrying amount of the asset is adjusted to the recoverable amount resulting in the reversal of the impairment loss.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Accounts payables are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied and have been invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier. Accounts payable are non-interest bearing and are stated at their original invoice amount.

Accruals are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied but have not been paid, invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier, including amounts due to employees.

Equity

Share capital is determined using the par value of shares that have been issued and fully paid.

Additional paid-in capital includes any premiums received on the initial issuance of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of any related income tax benefits.

Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVOCI pertains to mark-to-market valuation of financial asset.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period results of operations as disclosed in the statements of income.

Revenue and cost recognition

Revenue is recognized when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer. Revenue is measured at the transaction price which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for a good or service. The following specific revenue recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

- (i) Sale of aggregates – revenue is recognized when control passes to the customer, which occurs at a point in time when the aggregates are physically transferred to the customer or buyer.
- (ii) Rental from operating leases - properties leased out under operating leases are included in investment properties in the statement of financial position. Lease income is recognized over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis.
- (iii) Interest – interest income from bank deposits is recognized as interest accrues taking into account the effective yield on the related asset.

Cost and expenses are recognized in the statements of income upon utilization of the assets or services or at the date they are incurred.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period these occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Leases – Company as lessor

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company uses the definition of a lease in PFRS 16.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership over the asset are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Rental income on operating leases is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis of accounting over the period of the lease.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income tax using the deferred income taxes method. Under the deferred income taxes method, the Company recognizes the current and future tax consequences of transactions and other events that have been recognized in the financial statements. These recognized amounts comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet method on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable differences between the financial and tax reporting bases of liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates expected to apply to the periods when the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized.

Most changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in the statement of comprehensive income. Only changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities that relate to items recognized directly to equity are recognized in equity and other comprehensive income.

Provisions

Liabilities are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using the pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Earnings (Loss) per share

Earnings (Loss) per share is determined by dividing the profit (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the fiscal year.

Related party transactions and relationships

Related party relationships exist when one party has the ability to control directly or indirectly through one or more of the intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among the reporting entity and its key management personnel, directors or its shareholders. Transactions between related parties are accounted for at arm's length prices or on terms similar to those offered to non-related entities in an economically comparable market.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

Events after the reporting period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

5. Summary of Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Judgments

The following judgments were applied which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Commencement of commercial production

The Company assesses when a property reaches the stage when it is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. The Company considers various relevant criteria to assess when the

commercial production phase is considered to commence. Some of the criteria used will include, but is not limited to, the following:

- the completion of a reasonable period of testing of mine plant;
- securing the necessary government agreements and permits
- the ability to produce saleable aggregates;
- the ability to achieve production targets;
- sufficiency of hauling access from the pit;
- ability to sustain ongoing production;
- capital expenditures incurred relative to the expected costs to complete.

Impairment of mine properties

Mine properties are reviewed and evaluated for impairment at each reporting period or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Common indicators of impairment of a resource property include, but are not limited to:

- the right to explore in a specific area has expired, or will soon expire, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration in a specific area is neither budgeted or planned;
- exploration in an area has not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources, or the results are not compelling enough to warrant further exploration, and the Company has decided to discontinue activities in the area; or sufficient data exists to indicate that, although exploration or development in an area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the resource property is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Mineral reserves

Proven and probable mineral reserves are the economically mineable parts of the Company's measured and indicated mineral resources as determined in the Final Exploration Report. The Company estimates its proven and probable mineral reserves based on information compiled by appropriately qualified persons. Geological estimates of the size, depth and shape of the mineral body requires complex judgments. The estimation of future cash flows related to proven and probable mineral reserves is based upon factors such as:

- estimates of prices of aggregates;
- future capital requirements;
- mineral recovery factors and production costs;
- unforeseen operational issues; and
- geological assumptions and judgments made in estimating the size and grade of the mineral body.

Changes in the proven and probable mineral reserves estimates may impact the carrying value of resource properties, property and equipment and environmental rehabilitation obligations. The Company conducts a regular review of its reserves and mineral resources. Changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Determination of control

The Company controls an entity if and only if the Company has (i) Power over the entity, (ii) Exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and (iii) The ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of Company's returns.

Control is achieved when the Parent Company is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. In the event the Parent Company loses this power, the Parent Company will have to change the classification of its investment in investee companies.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company is in control of its subsidiaries.

Significant influence in associate

The Company classifies its investment in associate if the Company has significant influence in the investee company. Significant influence is presumed to exist if the Company has a holding of 20% or more of the voting power of the investee. Holding of less than 20% of the voting power is presumed not to give rise to significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that there is in fact significant influence.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company determined that it exercise significant influence over its associates.

Classification of listed shares

Judgement is exercise when classifying shares of stock that are listed in an exchange. In making the judgment, the Company evaluates its intention and marketability of the instrument. Financial assets classifications are disclosed in Note 4.

As of March 31, listed shares are classified as financial assets at FVOCI amounting to P18.8 million in 2024 and P27.4 million in 2023.

Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Company determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. If an insignificant portion is leased out under the operating lease, the property is treated as property and equipment. If the property is not occupied and is held to earn rentals, it is treated as Investment property.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of services or for administrative purposes. If these portions cannot be sold separately as of the end of reporting period, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use to the production or supply of services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Company considers each property separately in making its judgment.

Accordingly, the condominium units and parking lots are classified as investment properties.

Operating leases – Company as lessor

The Company has entered into property leases on a portion of its investment property. The Company has determined that it retains all significant risks and rewards of ownership of those properties which are leased out on operating leases.

The Company's rental income amounted to P2,488,698 in 2024 and P2,280,321 in 2023.

Provision and contingencies

Judgment is exercised by management to distinguish between provisions and contingencies.

(ii) Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation of uncertainty at end of reporting period, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Estimating allowance for ECL on receivables on Advances to related parties

The assessment of the correlation between historically observed default rates, forward-looking information, and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecasted economic conditions.

The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of actual default in the future.

Inventory valuation

The Company values inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value ("NRV"). The net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and costs to sell. Estimates of net realizable value are based on the

most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring after the end of the period to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the end of the period. The key assumptions require the use of management judgment regarding reliability of evidence available and are reviewed on a regular basis. Write-downs of inventory in stockpiles and in-process resulting from NRV impairments are reported in statement of income.

Impairment of investment in subsidiaries and associates

In assessing impairment losses from investments in subsidiaries and associates, the Company considers the following at the minimum:

- The ability to declare dividend; or
- the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeding the carrying amount of the investee's net assets.

The Company calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the fair value less cost to sell or value-in-use, whichever is higher, and the carrying value of the investments in associate and recognizes the difference in profit or loss.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying values of Investment in subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

Investment in:	
Subsidiaries	P 202,000,000
Associates	865,080,120

Determination of fair value of assets and liabilities

The Company measures fair value of assets and liabilities using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Level 1

Included in the Level 1 category are assets and liabilities that are measured in whole or in part by reference to published quotes in an active market. Assets and liabilities are regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

Fair value measurement is discussed in Note 6.

Estimating fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Company determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its judgment, the Company considers information from a variety of sources including:

1. current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
2. recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
3. appraisal of independent qualified appraisers.

The Company's investment properties were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers which is an industry specialist in valuing these types of investment properties. The appraisal resulted into an increment amounting to P17.05 million. For lots, raw land and condominium units, the values were arrived at using the *Sales Comparison Approach*. This is a comparative approach to value that considers the sales of similar substitute properties and related market data and establishes a value estimate by processes involving comparison, listings and offerings. The value of improvements was determined under the *Cost approach*. The approach is based on the reproduction cost of the subject property, less depreciation, plus the value of the land to which an estimate of entrepreneurial incentive is commonly added.

Investment properties amounted to P77.08 million both in March 31, 2024 and 2023.

Recognition of deferred tax asset

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets at each reporting dates and reduces deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Management believes that there is no assurance that the Company will generate sufficient taxable profit to allow all or part of its deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted of P1,191,651 and P309,323 as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

6. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value for assets and liabilities traded in active market at the reporting date is based on their quoted market price. For all other assets and liabilities not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate techniques or comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exists.

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instruments or based on a valuation technique, the Parent Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value in the statement of income unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value and those which are not measured at fair value but fair value is required to be disclosed are categorized in a manner discussed in note 5.

The following table presents the summary of the Company's assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis recognized in the Statements of Financial Position as of March 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024						2023					
	Fair value hierarchy						Fair value hierarchy					
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Assets												
Cash in bank	P	-	P	947,028	P	-	P	-	P	2,107,900	P	-
Trade receivables		-		-		-		-		6,858,908		-
Financial assets at fair value through OCI		18,850,000		-		-		27,430,000		-		-
Investment properties		-		77,080,709		-		-		77,080,709		-
Advances to related parties		-		106,924,814		-		-		95,586,004		-
Trust funds		-		4,756,971		-		-		2,389,379		-
	P	18,850,000	P	189,709,522	P	-	P	27,430,000	P	184,022,900	P	-
Liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P	-	P	6,817,900	P	-	P	-	P	3,758,338	P	-
Short-term loans payable		-		41,303,000		-		-		44,353,000		-
Deposits		-		15,068,006		-		-		15,068,006		-
Advances from related parties		-		373,185,909		-		-		319,423,210		-
	P	-	P	436,374,815	P	-	P	-	P	382,602,554	P	-

7. Financial Instruments, Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk, and price risk. Risk management policies are summarized below.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity or funding risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from either the inability to sell financial assets quickly at their fair values; or counterparty failing on repayment of a contractual obligation; or inability to generate cash inflows as anticipated.

The Company manages its liquidity profile to: a) ensure that adequate funding is available at all times; b) meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; and c) be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost.

Funding is principally sourced through advances or collection of advances to related parties.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts payable and accrued expenses and deposits have maximum maturities of less than 1 year. Advances from related parties do not have fixed repayment period but management believes that settlement is expected after 12 months but not more than 5 years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is risk due to uncertainty in a counterparty's (also called an obligor) ability to meet its obligation.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of statements of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to financial statements).

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk of the Company as of March 31, 2024 and 2023.

	Gross maximum exposure			
	2024		2023	
Cash in bank	P	947,028	P	2,107,900
Trade receivables		-		6,858,908
FVOCI investments		18,850,000		27,430,000
Advances to related parties		123,017,142		111,678,332
Trust funds		4,756,971		2,389,379
	P	147,571,141	P	150,464,519

Credit quality of the Company's assets as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

2024	Stage 1 12-months ECL		Stage 2 Lifetime ECL		Stage 3 Credit impaired		Total
	P		P		P		
Cash in bank	P	947,028	P	-	P	-	P 947,028
FVOCI investments		18,850,000		-		-	18,850,000
Advances to related parties:							
Stockholders and related companies		-		72,456,277		7,450,000	79,906,277
Subsidiaries		-		34,468,537		8,642,328	43,110,865
Trust funds		4,756,971		-		-	4,756,971
		24,553,999		106,924,814		16,092,328	147,571,141
ECL		-		-		16,092,328	16,092,328
Net carrying value	P	24,553,999	P	106,924,814	P	-	P 131,478,813

2023	Stage 1 12-months ECL		Stage 2 Lifetime ECL		Stage 3 Credit impaired		Total
	P		P		P		
Cash in bank	P	2,107,900	P	-	P	-	P 2,107,900
Trade receivables		6,858,908		-		-	6,858,908
FVOCI investments		27,430,000		-		-	27,430,000
Advances to related parties:							
Stockholders and related companies		-		61,521,707		7,450,000	68,971,707
Subsidiaries		-		34,064,297		8,642,328	42,706,625
Trust funds		2,389,379		-		-	2,389,379
		38,786,187		95,586,004		16,092,328	150,464,519
ECL		-		-		16,092,328	16,092,328
Net carrying value	P	38,786,187	P	95,586,004	P	-	P 134,372,191

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of change in fair value of financial instrument from fluctuation in foreign exchange rates (currency risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk) and market prices (price risk), whether such change in price is caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Market risk represents what the Company would lose from price volatilities. Market risk can be measured as the potential gain or loss in a position or portfolio that is associated with a price movement of a given probability over a specified time horizon.

The Company manages market risk by evenly distributing capital among investment instruments in different financial institutions.

Currency risk

The Company is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Floating interest rate instruments expose the Company to cash flow interest risk, whereas fixed interest rate instruments expose the Company to fair value interest risk.

The Company's interest risk policy requires it to manage interest rate risk by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and variable rate instruments. The policy also requires it to manage the maturities of interest-bearing financial assets. Interest on fixed interest rate instruments is priced at inception of the financial instrument and is fixed until maturity.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises from bank loans with interest dependent on the prevailing market rate.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, the Company's income before tax for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

Increase (Decrease) in interest rates	Effect on profit before tax	
	2024	2023
+100 basis points	P (428,280)	P (443,530)
-100 basis points	428,280	443,530

Price risk

The Company's price risk exposure at year end relates to financial assets whose values will fluctuate as a result of changes in market price, principally, FVOCI financial assets.

Observed volatility rates of the fair values of Company's investments held at fair value and their impact on the Company's equity as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 is shown below:

% change in market values	Impact on equity	
	2024	2023
+2%	P 377,000	P 548,600
-2%	(377,000)	(548,600)

Changes in fair value of Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are charged to equity and therefore do not affect profit and loss.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to these ratios in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities.

No changes have been made in the objective, policies and processes as they have been applied in previous years.

The financial ratio at year end, which is within the acceptable range of the Company, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Equity	P 927,763,505	P 939,654,360
Total assets	1,366,808,628	1,324,927,222
Ratio	0.68	0.71

8. Cash in Banks

Cash in banks generally earn interest based on prevailing bank deposit rates. Cash in banks amounted to P947,028 and P2,107,900 as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Interest earned on these deposits amounted to P4,450 in 2024 and P33,048 in 2023.

9. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables of P6,858,908 as of March 31, 2023 represents receivable from sale of aggregates. These are non-interest bearing and are generally collectible within twelve (12) months.

The aging of trade receivables as at March 31, 2023 is as follows:

		Current	Past due		Total
			31-60 days	61-90 days	
Trade receivables	P	3,767,466	P 2,177,740	P 913,702	P 6,858,908

10. Inventories

The Company's aggregates inventories as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Armor rocks	P 40,564,839	P 5,126,800
Crushed basalt aggregates	14,271,613	16,545,038
	P 54,836,452	P 21,671,838

Movement of the Company's inventories is as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P 21,671,838	P 5,844,042
Cost of production (see Note 22)	38,634,556	42,074,188
Cost of sales	(5,469,942)	(26,246,392)
Balance at end of year	P 54,836,452	P 21,671,838

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, inventories are carried at cost. Due to a relatively high demand, the NRV approximates the carrying value.

11. Other Current Assets

This account consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Input vat	P 5,715,485	P 2,411,447
Prepaid taxes	348,819	119,697
	P 6,064,304	P 2,531,144

Input VAT represents 12% tax in local purchase of goods and services. Input taxes are creditable against output taxes in the subsequent period.

Prepaid taxes represent excess tax credits which are creditable against income tax in succeeding period.

12. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

This account represents 130,000,000 listed shares of Transpacific Broadband Group International, Inc. (TBGI), a publicly listed company in the Philippine Stock Exchange. Fair value was determined through reference to published price quotations.

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of this account at the beginning and end of the fiscal year is as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance, April 1	P 27,430,000	P 46,235,000
Changes in fair value	(8,580,000)	(18,805,000)
Balance, March 31	P 18,850,000	P 27,430,000

Changes in fair value are reported separately in the parent company statements of comprehensive income as "Unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

13. Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, this account consists of the following:

Investments in subsidiaries	
Cost	P 227,000,000
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(25,000,000)
Net carrying value	202,000,000
Investments in associates	
Cost	872,080,120
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(7,000,000)
Net carrying value	865,080,120
Total investments in subsidiaries and associates	P 1,067,080,120

(i) *Investment in subsidiaries*

The details of this account as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	% of ownership		
Palladian Land Development, Inc. (PLDI)	100%	P	200,000,000
Managed Care Phils., Inc. (MCPI)	100%		25,000,000
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation (AHCDC)	100%		2,000,000
			227,000,000
Less: Allowance for impairment losses			(25,000,000)
Net carrying value		P	202,000,000

PLDI holds real estate properties that are either for lease or for development.

AHCDC are companies engaged in the development of residential real estate projects. MCPI is an out-patient ambulatory surgical center. These companies have ceased to operate actively.

Management is contemplating on the most advantageous business strategy to spin off its operations.

All subsidiaries are incorporated and domiciled in the Philippines.

(ii) *Investment in associates*

The composition of this account as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

Cost			
ATN Phils. Solar Energy Group, Inc. (ATN Solar)		P	865,080,120
Mariestad Mining Corporation (MMC)			7,000,000
			872,080,120
Less: Allowance for impairment losses			(7,000,000)
Net carrying value		P	865,080,120

ATN Solar

ATN Solar is a grantee of Solar Energy Service Contract with the Philippine Government through the Department of Energy to develop, own and operate a 30MW solar power plant in Rodriguez, Rizal.

In 2023, ATN Solar has commenced discussion with Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) groups for the construction of the plant. Construction phases are (1) 250kW pilot plant to test possible technical issues and improve construction efficiency of commercial scale plant to reduce construction timelines. (2) 250kW pilot plant to be expanded to 2MW for the complete modular assembly of DC/AC system.

The Company has awarded in principle the construction of the 250kW plant. Initial output power will be utilized by its parent company ATN Holding, Inc. for internal use, with no export to the grid. Completion in project phases will allow ATN Solar to finalized supply agreements with a Retail Electricity Supplier (RES) and/or the Meralco group.

After successful construction of the pilot plant, the Company will decide on the award of construction of modular 3 x 10MW Solar PV plant to the EPC or other EPC to complete the three modules.

The project site of 15 hectares for 30 MW have been leveled and cleared. With the advances in solar panel capacity from 210Wp to 630Wp per panel, a 15-hectare land area will be allocated for the 30 MW project. The Company needs to install the DC components of the project since the 3 x 10MW sub-distribution lines connected to Meralco have been installed in place. All temporary and ancillary facilities including but not limited to water supply facility, personnel housing, heavy equipment for construction, power supply for construction are ready for the implementation of the 30 MW project, pending the result of the pilot project.

As of July 11, 2024, the Company is finalizing its Power Supply Agreement with Meralco and various RES. Demand for electricity given the expected depletion of the Malampaya Natural Gas, which supplies to 2,400MW power plants. The increase in coal prices by 400x, due to the Ukraine war, hasten the need of renewable energy like solar to supply peak hour demands.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Parent Company owns 49.49% and 48.80% of ATN Solar, respectively, and it exercises significant influence over the financial and operating matters of the associate.

The latest financial information of ATN Solar is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Current assets	P 6,938,436	P 7,275,783
Non-current assets	1,891,868,801	1,845,276,119
Current liabilities	18,022,858	14,880,000
Non-current liabilities	1,213,718,562	1,168,766,643
Equity	P 667,065,817	P 668,905,259

Other financial information:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Carrying value of investment in ATN Solar	P 851,254,279	P 851,593,067
Net income (loss)	(684,559)	(725,874)
Group's share in net income (loss)	(338,788)	(354,227)

ATN Solar's accounting period is January 1 to December 31.

MMC

In 2007, the Company entered into an investment agreement with MMC to participate in the extraction of manganese ores in the former's mining site. The Company's participation is in the form of providing financial resources to undertake the mining operations. The Company has financed a total of P7 million that is equivalent to 25% equity interest in MMC. Due to the non-commencement of mining operation, the Company provided a full impairment loss on its investment in MMC. Furthermore, there was no recent financial information available for MMC.

14. Investment Properties

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, this account consists of the following:

Commercial condominium units	P 37,468,709
Residential units	6,962,000
Parking lots	26,350,000
Vacant lots	6,300,000
	P 77,080,709

Condominium units and parking lots are located at Summit One Tower, Mandaluyong City. The fair market value of condominium units and parking lots is determined by a firm of independent appraiser using the Market Approach, a comparative approach valuation that considers the sale of similar or substitute properties and related market data and establishes a value estimate by processes involving comparison. Accordingly, the Company categorized these condominium units and parking lots under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Management believes that there are no present material factors that would significantly increase or decrease the fair value of these properties as of March 31, 2024.

Residential units and vacant lots are located at Riverside Village, Pasig City. The fair market value of residential units is determined by a firm of independent appraiser on April 2, 2018 based on analysis of prevailing land usage in the neighborhood and the property itself which represents the highest and best use of the property under Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair market value of vacant lots is determined by a firm of independent appraiser using the Market Approach, a comparative approach valuation that considers the sale of similar or substitute properties and related market data and establishes a value estimate by processes involving comparison.

The description of valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of investment properties are classified as Level 2 and 3 in fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Location	Type	Valuation techniques	Significant observable inputs	Fair value hierarchy	Range	
Riverside Village	Residential and vacant lots	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter)	Level 3	P22,500 - P36,333	
			Size			5.0%
			Location			-5% to -10%
			Improvements			-25% to -35%
Summit One Tower	Parking lots	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter)	Level 2	P61,818 - P82,926	
			Size			5%
			Location			-5%
	Condominium units	Market approach	Selling price (per square meter)	Level 2	P61,864 - P64,937	
			Size			5%
			Location			-5%
			Improvements		10% to 15%	

Rental income on investment properties amounted to P2,488,698 and P2,280,321 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. No direct operating costs were incurred on these investment properties in both 2024 and 2023 except for real property taxes amounting to P12,241 in 2024 and 2023 which were charged as part of Administrative expenses under "Taxes and Licenses".

15. Property and Equipment - Net

The detail of this account is as follows:

Machinery and equipment	2024	2023
Cost		
Balance, beginning of fiscal year	P 23,303,571	P -
Additions	11,116,071	23,303,571
Balance, end of fiscal year	34,419,642	23,303,571
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance, beginning of fiscal year	1,112,351	-
Provisions	3,039,062	1,112,351
Balance, end of fiscal year	4,151,413	1,112,351
Net book value	P 30,268,229	P 22,191,220

Machinery and equipment include crushing plant, transport equipment for aggregates and rock drilling machine. In October 2023, certain machinery was acquired for P5.85 million payable within ten (10) months from November 2024 to October 2024. The balance as March 30, 2024 is presented as part of Accounts payable amounting to P2.87 million.

Depreciation charged to direct costs amounted to P3,039,062 in 2024 and P1,112,351 in 2023.

16. Trust Funds

In accordance with MPSA and ECC, the Company is required by the DENR-MGB to set up the following funds:

- Environment Trust Fund (ETF) – fund set aside to address the environmental impacts and safety concerns in the implementation, operation and abandonment/decommissioning and rehabilitation of mining projects.
- Monitoring Trust Fund (MTF) – fund to cover maintenance and other operating budget for the transportation and travel expenses, cost of laboratory analysis, cost of supplies and materials, cost of communication services, cost of consultancy work and other reasonable expenses incurred by the monitoring team of the MRF Committee.
- Rehabilitation Cash Fund (RCF) - fund to ensure compliance with the approved rehabilitation activities and schedules, including research programs, as defined in the EPEP.
- Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Fund (FMRDF) – fund to be established and maintained through cash deposits to cover the Company’s rehabilitation liability upon the closure of the mine and to ensure payment of compensable damages that may be caused by mine wastes.

The movements of these funds are as follows:

2024	Beginning	Contributions	Transfers	Interest earned	Ending
ETF	P 60,042	P -	P -	P 30	P 60,072
MTF	159,958	-	-	81	160,039
RCF	554,030	745,802	-	648	1,300,480
FMRDF	1,615,349	1,620,000	-	1,031	3,236,380
	P 2,389,379	P 2,365,802	P -	P 1,790	P 4,756,971

2023	Beginning	Contributions	Transfers*	Interest earned	Ending
ETF	P 10,000	P 150,004	P (100,000)	P 38	P 260,042
MTF	10,000	149,935	100,000	23	59,958
RCF	10,000	543,980	-	50	554,030
FMRDF	10,000	1,605,229	-	120	1,615,349
	P 40,000	P 2,449,148	P -	P 231	P 2,489,379

*Transferred to MTF or Initial contribution

These trust funds are held in government depository banks as required by the MPSA. Withdrawal is restricted only based on the duly approved purpose of the funds.

17. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of the following:

	2024		2023
Capital gains tax payable	P 2,985,000	P	2,985,000
Accounts payable (see Note 15)	3,327,730		270,916
Accrued expenses	450,681		472,681
Taxes and social security	54,489		29,741
	P 6,817,900	P	3,758,338

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities are as follows:

- Accounts payable are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on a 90-day term;
- Accruals are liabilities from services rendered but not yet billed by the supplier;
- Taxes and social security costs are settled in the following month.

The fair values of accounts payable and accrued expenses have not been disclosed due to their short duration. Management considers the carrying amounts recognized in the statement of financial position to be a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

18. Short-term Loans Payable

The Parent Company has an omnibus line with China Banking Corporation for a maximum amount of P50 million. Interest is charged every month on the outstanding loan balance at 6.50% per annum in 2024 and 5.75% per annum in 2023. The loan has a term of 360 days and is collateralized by condominium units in Summit One Tower. As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the balance of the loan amounted to P41.3 million and P44.3 million, respectively. Proceeds of the loan are used for working capital requirements.

Interest expense related to this loan amounted to P2,948,336 and P2,518,020 for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

19. Deposits

This account represents deposit on operating leases which is made in compliance with the existing leasing agreement with the lessee. The amount is refundable at the expiration of lease contracts.

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, deposits on operating leases amounted to P15,068,006.

20. Equity

Share capital

The component of the Parent Company's share capital as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

Title of issue	Authorized share capital at P0.10 par value per share		Subscribed and paid	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Common				
Class A	4,200,000,000	P 420,000,000	4,025,055,429	P 402,505,543
Class B	2,800,000,000	280,000,000	2,800,000,000	280,000,000
Preferred	5,000,000,000	500,000,000	-	-
	12,000,000,000	P 1,200,000,000	6,825,055,429	P 682,505,543

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, certain restrictions have been imposed regarding issuance and transfer of share capital as follows:

- Class "A" common shares are to be issued only to citizens of the Philippines or to partnership, association or corporation organized under the laws of the Philippines.
- Class "B" common shares are to be issued to any person subject to the required foreign ownership limitation under the laws of the Philippines.
- Preferred shares are cumulative, non-participating, non-voting shares that are entitled for mandatory redemption on the 5th, 7th and 10th year anniversary of issue.

The movement of capital as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P 682,505,543	P 450,000,000
Debt-to-equity conversion	-	232,505,543
Balance at the end of year	P 682,505,543	P 682,505,543

During the annual stockholders meeting held on November 14, 2019, the stockholders approved the following resolutions:

- Issuance of 2,325,055,429 shares to Unipage Management, Inc. (UMI) from the unsubscribed portion of the authorized capital stock.
- The Parent Company to increase its authorized capital from 12 billion shares to 24 billion shares both with par value of P0.10.
- Issuance of 824,944,571 shares to a certain shareholder upon increase of Authorized Capital Stock.

On April 5, 2022, a subscription agreement was executed wherein UMI subscribed to 2,325,055,429 shares of the Company for a total subscription price of P466,451,550. Payment was satisfied through the conversion of the former's advances to the Company. The additional subscription was allocated as follows:

Share capital	P 232,505,543
Additional paid-in capital	233,946,007
	P 466,451,550

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, Additional paid-in capital amounted to P234,319,963.

As of March 31, 2024, the application for increase in capital is due for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Unrealized gain (loss) on financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income
The movement of this account is as follows:

		2024		2023
Balance at beginning of year	P	5,189,939	P	23,994,939
Changes in fair value		(8,580,000)		(18,805,000)
Balance at the end of year	P	(3,390,061)	P	5,189,939

21. Sales

The Parent Company sells aggregates in different sizes (armor rocks, crushed basalt, etc.) to various customers. Revenue is recognized only when the Parent Company satisfies a performance obligation which is the delivery and acceptance of the aggregates by the customers. That is the point in time when the transfer of control of the aggregates occurs from the Company to the customers.

Sale of aggregates is made directly to customers. All sales are made locally and the geographical information of customers is irrelevant.

Sale of aggregates amounted to P6.6 million and P35.1 million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Sales generated from 2022-2024 were all produced during the period of the SMP.

22. Cost of Sale of Aggregates

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

		2024		2023
Inventory, beginning	P	21,671,838	P	5,844,042
Add: Cost of production				
Fuel and gasoline		18,707,719		21,526,293
Utilities		5,360,635		7,984,604
Manpower services		9,950,378		6,636,810
Trucking and freight		1,576,762		4,814,130
Depreciation (see Note 15)		3,039,062		1,112,351
		38,634,556		42,074,188
		60,306,394		47,918,230
Less: Inventory, end		(54,836,452)		(21,671,838)
	P	5,469,942	P	26,246,392

23. Administrative Expenses

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

	2024	2023
Salaries and wages	P 1,281,143	P 988,760
Professional fees	1,020,301	1,752,858
Rent	425,133	35,428
Security services	254,401	36,000
Taxes and licenses	201,723	2,425,964
Government contributions	198,314	295,940
Communication, light and water	178,111	381,450
Transportation and travel	145,959	373,292
Office supplies	112,543	294,474
Representation and entertainment	8,770	147,088
Miscellaneous	54,178	59,045
	P 3,880,576	P 6,790,299

24. Related Party Transactions

It is the policy of the Company that any transaction with a Related Party be conducted at arms' length and on terms generally available to an unaffiliated third party under at least the same or similar circumstances. There must be sound business reason(s) to enter into such a related party transaction, taking into account such factors as cost efficiency, time, and such other terms advantageous to Company, among others. The Audit Committee is tasked to oversee and review the propriety of related party transactions (RPT) and the required reporting disclosures. The Company's material RPT Policy covers all transactions meeting the materiality threshold of transactions, i.e., 10% or more of the total consolidated assets as of the latest audited financial statements.

RPT is defined as a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Company and a related party, regardless of whether or not a price is charged; or, outstanding transactions that are entered into with an unrelated party that subsequently becomes a related party.

Related Parties covers the Company's directors, officers, substantial shareholders and their spouses and relatives within the fourth civil degree of consanguinity or affinity, legitimate or common-law, if these persons have control, joint control or significant influence over the company. It also covers Company's parent company, subsidiary, associate, affiliate, joint venture or an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled, or significantly influenced or managed by a person who is a related party.

The BOD shall have the overall responsibility in ensuring that transactions with Related Parties are handled in a sound and prudent manner, with integrity, and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations to protect the interests of the company's shareholders and other stakeholders.

The details of related party transaction during 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Transactions and balances

(a) Advances to related parties

Related parties	2024			
	Balance at beginning of year	Availment	Collection	Balance at end of year
<i>Subsidiaries</i>				
Managed Care Philippines, Inc.	P 8,642,328	P -	P -	P 8,642,328
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation	10,818,677	120,000	-	10,938,677
Palladian Land Development, Inc.	23,245,620	2,784,240	2,500,000	23,529,860
<i>Associate</i>				
ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.	45,140,894	8,934,570	-	54,075,464
<i>Companies under common control</i>				
Transpacific Broadband Group Intl, Inc.	16,380,813	2,000,000	-	18,380,813
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	-	-	7,450,000
	111,678,332	13,838,810	2,500,000	123,017,142
Allowance for ECL	16,092,328	-	-	16,092,328
	P 95,586,004	P 13,838,810	P 2,500,000	P 106,924,814
<hr/>				
Related parties	2023			
	Balance at beginning of year	Availment	Collection	Balance at end of year
<i>Subsidiaries</i>				
Managed Care Philippines, Inc.	P 8,642,328	-	P -	P 8,642,328
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation	10,768,677	50,000	-	10,818,677
Palladian Land Development, Inc.	28,919,160	-	5,673,540	23,245,620
<i>Associate</i>				
ATN Philippines Solar Energy Group, Inc.	54,119,984	-	8,979,090	45,140,894
<i>Companies under common control</i>				
Transpacific Broadband Group Intl, Inc.	16,100,000	280,813	-	16,380,813
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	-	-	7,450,000
	126,000,149	330,813	14,652,630	111,678,332
Allowance for ECL	16,092,328	-	-	16,092,328
	P 109,907,821	P 330,813	P 14,652,630	P 95,586,004

In prior years, the Company provided cash advances to Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines (SMCM) to fund its mining activities. Such advances will be converted into equity interest in SMCM when mining operations commence. Due to unforeseen circumstances, SMCM encountered financial difficulties and were unable to operate and generate revenues and cash flows. Accordingly, the Company provided a full impairment loss on its advances to SMCM in 2014 amounting to P7.45 million.

During the fiscal year 2022, the Company provided a full allowance for impairment on its advances to Managed Care Philippines, Inc. (MCPI) amounting to P8,642,328. MCPI has ceased its healthcare operations and accordingly sold a significant portion of its medical equipment during 2020.

(b) Advances from related parties

Related party	2024			
	Balance at beginning of year	Availments	Payment	Balance at end of year
<i>Company under common control</i>				
Unipage Management Inc. (UMI)	P 7,459,643	P 12,300,000	P -	P 19,759,643
Stockholders	311,963,567	41,462,699	-	353,426,266
	P 319,423,210	P 53,762,699	P -	P 373,185,909

Related party	2023			
	Balance at beginning of year	Availments	Conversion to Share capital	Balance at end of year
<i>Company under common control</i>				
Unipage Management Inc. (UMI)	P 250,911,193	P 13,000,000	P 256,451,550	P 7,459,643
Stockholders	508,307,067	13,656,500	210,000,000	311,963,567
	P 759,218,260	P 26,656,500	P 466,451,550	P 319,423,210

Terms and conditions

Advances to/from related parties has the following terms and condition:

- Generally payable in cash
- Clean and unsecured
- Not subject to interest
- No fixed repayment periods

The amount of compensation paid to key management personnel amounted to P423,241 in 2024 and P370,000 in 2023.

On April 5, 2022, a Deed of Assignment was executed wherein the advances provided by a certain stockholder to the Company amounting to P210 million were assigned to UMI. On the same date, a Subscription Agreement was executed wherein the Company issued 2,325,055,429 shares to UMI in exchange for the latter's advances to the Parent Company amounting to P466,451,550. This non-cash transaction was excluded in the statement of cash flows for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

25. Income Taxes

Income tax expense amounting to P71,706 in 2024 and P448,455 in 2023 represents current income tax.

The reconciliation of pretax income computed at the applicable statutory rates to tax expense is as follows:

	2024	2023
Statutory income tax	P (809,787)	P 454,652
Tax effect of:		
Income subject to final tax	(1,113)	(8,262)
Non-deductible expense	278	2,065
Unrecognized deferred income tax - NOLCO	810,622	-
Unrecognized deferred income tax - MCIT	71,706	-
	P 71,706	P 448,455

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's deferred tax liabilities amounting to P2,670,308 represents deferred tax on unrealized gains on investment properties.

The Company did not recognize any deferred tax assets as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 on the following items since it does not expect to have sufficient profit against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. The breakdown is as follows:

		2024		2023
Net Operating Loss Carry Over (NOLCO)	P	1,010,468	P	199,846
Minimum Corporate Income Tax (MCIT)		181,183		109,477
	P	1,191,651	P	309,323

The carry-forward benefits of NOLCO and the excess of the MCIT over the regular corporate income tax, which can be claimed by the Parent Company as credits against the regular corporate income tax due, are as follows:

NOLCO									
Year		Amount	Applied	Expired	Remaining	Year of			
incurred					balance	expiry			
2024	P	3,242,486	P	-	P	-	P	3,242,486	2027
2021		1,768,550		(969,165)		-		799,385	2026
	P	5,011,036	P	(969,165)	P	-	P	4,041,871	

MCIT									
Year		Amount	Applied	Expired	Remaining	Year of			
incurred					balance	expiry			
2024	P	71,706	P	-	P	-	P	71,706	2027
2022		83,001		-		-		83,001	2025
2021		26,476		-		-		26,476	2026
	P	181,183	P	-	P	-	P	181,183	

26. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Earnings (Loss) per share is computed by dividing the income (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of common shares as follows:

		2024		2023
Income (Loss) for the year	P	(3,310,855)	P	1,370,152
Weighted average numbers of shares outstanding during the year		6,825,055,429		6,825,055,429
	P	(0.0005)	P	0.0002

As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no potential ordinary shares with dilutive effect.

27. Other Matters

Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Fund (FMRDF)

As provided for in FMRDF, the Company is required to set up a fund designed to ensure compliance with the approved rehabilitation activities and schedules, including research programs as defined in the Environment Protection and Enhancement Program (EPEP). As provided for in the EPEP and FMRDF Plan, initial funding will commence in the 4th year of operation amounting to P1.035 million. The fund is required to have P5 million in 13 years. Annual contribution is based on a specific formula as provided under DAO 2005-07. Withdrawal thereto shall be based on a committee-approved work and financial plan.

Operating Lease Commitments

Certain investment properties of the Companies are leased out to third parties under the operating lease agreement. The lease term is for a period of 1 year renewable at the option of both parties.

Supplemental disclosure to statements of cash flows

Details of the movement in cash flows from financing activities for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

2024	Beginning	Net cash flows	Others	End
Due to related parties	P 319,423,210	P 53,762,699	P -	P 373,185,909
Short-term loans payable	44,353,000	(3,050,000)	-	41,303,000
Interest payable	-	(2,948,336)	2,948,336	-
	P 363,776,210	P 47,764,363	P 2,948,336	P 414,488,909

2023	Beginning	Net cash flows	Others	End
Due to related parties	P 759,218,260	P 26,656,500	P (466,451,550)	P 319,423,210
Short-term loans payable	47,000,000	(2,647,000)	-	44,353,000
Interest payable	-	(2,518,020)	2,518,020	-
	P 806,218,260	P 21,491,480	P (463,933,530)	P 363,776,210

Non cash financing activities

Others pertaining to due to related parties in 2023 represent debt to capital conversion for the subscription of Company's additional shares by a certain stockholder. (see Notes 20 and 24)

28. Supplementary Information Required under Revenue Regulation 15-2010

The Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulation 15-2010 which requires additional tax information to be disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements. The following information covering the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 is presented in compliance thereto.

- The VAT output tax declared amounted to P1,064,827.
- The VAT input tax claimed is broken down as follows:

Beginning of the year	P	2,411,447
Domestic purchases of goods and services during the year		4,368,865
Claimed against Output VAT and adjustments		(1,064,827)
	P	5,715,485

- Withholding taxes paid and accrued during the fiscal year are as follows:

Expanded Compensation	P	138,023
		10,000

- As of March 31, 2024, the Company has no pending tax cases within and outside the administration of the BIR.

- All other taxes, local and national, lodge under taxes and licenses account are as follows:

<hr/>		
Local		
Mayor's permit	P	126,982
Real property tax		12,241
National		
BIR Annual registration		500
Environmental permits		62,000
	P	<hr/>
		201,723
		<hr/>

SEC Number 37535
File Number _____

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

(Company)

**9th Floor, Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong**

(Address)

717-0523

(Telephone Number)

March 31

(Fiscal Year Ending)
(month & day)

SEC 17Q

(Form Type)

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

September 30, 2024

(Period Ended Date)

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17 (2) (b) THEREUNDER**

1. For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024
2. Commission identification no. 37535 3.BIR Tax Identification No. 005-056-869
4. ATN Holdings, Inc. (the "Company")
5. Philippines
6. Industry Classification Code:
7. 9th Floor, Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Blvd., 1550 Mandaluyong City
8. Telephone No.7717-0523
9. The Company did not change its name, address or fiscal year during the period covered by this report.
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each Class	Number of shares of common stock outstanding and amount of debt outstanding
Common Stock, P.01	
Class "A"	4,025,055,429
Class "B"	2,800,000,000

11. These securities are not all listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.
 - (a) The company has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)
 - (b) The company has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

I. Financial Statements.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. and Subsidiaries**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITIONS**

	Notes	Unaudited 30-Sep 2024	Audited 31-Mar 2024
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	7 P	1,754,662	P 2,285,843
Trade receivables	8	4,640,674	16,550
Inventories	9	74,658,066	54,836,452
Other current assets	10	16,610,111	14,236,557
		97,663,513	71,375,402
Noncurrent assets			
Investment in:			
Financial Assets - Fair value through other comprehensive income FV(OIC)	11	18,850,000	18,850,000
Associates - net	12	851,254,279	851,254,279
Investment properties	13	349,667,279	349,667,279
Property and equipment - net	14	2,447,521,447	2,434,561,455
Due from related parties	21	90,230,793	72,456,277
Trust funds		4,756,971	4,756,971
		3,762,280,769	3,731,546,261
		P 3,859,944,282	P 3,802,921,663
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	15 P	11,659,145	P 7,538,407
Short-term interest bearing loans	16	41,303,000	41,303,000
		52,962,145	48,841,407
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Deposits	17	17,062,928	16,322,746
Due to related parties	21	515,290,331	460,031,265
Pension liability		554,989	554,989
Deferred tax liabilities		711,332,130	711,332,130
		1,244,240,378	1,188,241,130
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,297,202,523	1,237,082,537
EQUITY			
Share capital	18	682,505,543	682,505,543
Additional paid-in capital		256,319,963	256,319,963
Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through OCI-net of tax		(3,390,061)	(3,390,061)
Retained Earnings		1,627,306,314	1,630,403,681
		2,562,741,759	2,565,839,126
		P 3,859,944,282	P 3,802,921,663

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. and Subsidiaries**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

	Quarter Ending		Six (6) Months Ending	
	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-23
REVENUE				
Sales of aggregates	P4,496,834	P461,820	P5,338,249	P6,454,950
Rental income	1,875,052	1,489,654	3,547,554	3,779,690
	6,371,886	1,951,474	8,885,803	10,234,640
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	3,072,894	641,913	4,183,734	6,153,788
GROSS PROFIT	3,298,991	1,309,561	4,702,068	4,080,852
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	2,254,029	1,983,803	5,987,338	6,450,551
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATION	1,044,963	(674,242)	(1,285,270)	(2,369,699)
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)				
Interest income	2,017	444	3,234	2,441
Finance cost	(686,089)	(1,026,108)	(1,729,909)	(1,682,246)
	(684,072)	(1,025,664)	(1,726,675)	(1,679,805)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	360,891	(1,699,906)	(3,011,944)	(4,049,504)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	57,361	455	85,423	55,881
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	P303,530	(P1,700,361)	(P3,097,367)	(P4,105,385)
EARNINGS PER SHARE			(0.0005)	(0.0006)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. and Subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Six (6) Months Ending	
	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-23
Share Capital	P682,505,543	P682,505,543
Share Premiums	256,319,963	256,319,963
Unrealized loss on available-for sale financial asset - net of tax	(3,390,061)	5,189,939
Retained earnings (deficit)		
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	1,630,403,681	1,637,649,891
Net income (loss) for the period	(3,097,367)	(4,105,385)
Balance at end of the year	1,627,306,314	1,633,544,506
	P2,562,741,759	P2,577,559,951

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. and Subsidiaries**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Quarter Ending		Six (6) Months Ending	
	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-24	30-Sep-23
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit (loss) before tax	P360,890	(P1,699,906)	(P3,011,944)	(P4,049,504)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	1,846,767	1,403,306	4,184,633	3,381,796
Interest income	(2,017)	(4,438)	(3,234)	(2,441)
Interest expense	(686,089)	1,026,108	(1,729,909)	1,682,246
Operating income before working capital chan	1,519,551	725,070	(560,454)	1,012,097
Decrease (increase) in current assets				
Trade receivables	(4,640,674)	194,949	(4,624,124)	5,020,345
Inventories	(6,555,177)	(8,161,668)	(19,821,614)	(14,130,718)
Other current assets	(1,107,971)	(412,579)	(2,373,554)	(533,377)
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expens	3,664,854	(354,577)	4,035,314	(940,911)
Cash (used in) provided by operations	(7,119,417)	(8,008,805)	(23,344,432)	(9,572,564)
Interest received	2,017	4,438	3,234	2,441
	(7,117,399) #	(8,004,367)	(23,341,197)	(9,570,123)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease (increase) in:				
Due from related party	(1,883,386)	16,638,807	(17,774,516)	17,075,785
Acquisition of:				
Property and equipment	(12,168,828)	(1,187,935)	(17,144,624)	(8,021,309)
Increased (decreased) in deposits	40,000	(10,694)	740,182	55,507
	(14,012,214)	15,440,178	(34,178,958)	9,109,983
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of short-term loan:				
Principal	-	-	-	(50,000)
Interest	686,089	(1,026,108)	1,729,909	(1,682,246)
Due to related parties	19,122,846	(5,829,421)	55,259,066	(417,432)
	19,808,935	(6,855,529)	56,988,975	(2,149,678)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,320,679)	580,282	(531,181)	(2,609,818)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD			2,285,843	5,190,128
CASH AT END OF PERIOD			P1,754,662	P2,580,310

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ATN HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 and FY MARCH 31, 2024

1. Corporate Information

ATN Holdings, Inc. (*ATN, the Parent or the Group*) was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 12, 1969 under the name Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation. On March 14, 1996, Jabpract Mining and Industrial Corporation changed its corporate name to ATN Holdings, Inc. and its primary and secondary purposes were amended to enable it to perform the acts of a holding Group. On November 10, 2016, the Group's articles of incorporation was amended extending its corporate life for another fifty (50) years from February 12, 2019. The amendment was approved by the SEC on November 21, 2016.

The common shares of ATN are listed and traded on the Philippine Stock Exchange. The registered office address of ATN is 9th Floor Summit One Tower Bldg., 530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City. ATN Holdings, Inc. has no ultimate Parent Company.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation and Presentation

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council including SEC pronouncements.

Basis of Financial Statement Preparation and Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and Subsidiaries (*the Group*) have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and investment properties that have been measured at fair values.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is the Group's functional currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

Principle for Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and those of the subsidiaries. The reporting dates of the subsidiaries are December 31. A parent controls a subsidiary when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with a subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Specifically, control is achieved if and only if the Parent Company has the following;

- (i) Power over the investee;
- (ii) Exposure rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Parent Company's returns.

The parent reassesses whether or not it controls a subsidiary if facts and circumstances indicates that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

As of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, the consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

Subsidiary	Principal place of business	Principal Activity	% of Ownership
Palladian Land Development, Inc. (PLDI)	Marbella Bldg. Roxas Blvd, Pasay	Real Property Developer	100%
Advanced Home Concept Development Corporation (AHCDC)	Summit One Tower, Mandaluyong	Real Property Developer	100%
Managed Care Philippines, Inc. (MCPI)	Summit One Tower, Mandaluyong	Health and Wellness Provider	100%

PLDI holds real estate properties that are either for lease or for development.

AHCDC are companies engaged in the development of residential real estate projects. MCPI is an out-patient ambulatory surgical center. These companies have ceased to operate actively. Management is contemplating on the most advantageous business strategy to spin off its operations.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when control is transferred to the ATN Group and cease to be consolidated when control is transferred out of the ATN Group.

For consolidation purposes, the financial statements of the subsidiaries with calendar period ending December 31, are consolidated in the Parent Company's financial statements as of March 31 which is allowed by the existing standard if the difference is not more than three months. Adjustments and disclosures are made for the effects of significant transactions or events that occurred between the date of subsidiaries' financial statements and the date of the consolidated financial statements.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments adopted by the Group

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 except for the adoption of new standards effective as at April 1, 2024.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and related notes at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the affected asset or liability in the future.

There were no significant changes in the significant accounting judgments, estimates, and assumptions used by the Group.

5. Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active market at the reporting date is based on their quoted market price. For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate techniques or comparison to similar instruments for which market observable price exists.

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instruments or based on a valuation technique, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and the fair value in the consolidated statements of income unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset.

Set out below is the comparison of fair value and carrying value by category of financial assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

	Quarter ending Sept. 30, 2024		FY ending March 31, 2023	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Cash	P 1,754,662	P 1,754,662	P 2,285,843	P 2,285,843
Trade receivables	4,640,674	4,640,674	16,550	16,550
Financial asset at FVOCI	18,850,000	18,850,000	18,850,000	18,850,000
Deposits	348,819	348,819	1,515,639	1,515,639
Due from related parties	90,230,793	90,230,793	72,456,277	72,456,277
Trust funds	4,756,971	4,756,971	4,756,971	4,756,971
Other financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,659,144	11,659,144	7,538,407	7,538,407
Short-term loans	41,303,000	41,303,000	41,303,000	41,303,000
Deposits	17,062,628	17,062,628	16,322,746	16,322,746
Due to related parties	515,290,331	515,290,331	460,031,265	460,031,265

Fair values were determined as follows:

- *Cash, trade receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses*– The fair values are approximately the carrying amounts at initial recognition due to their short-term nature.
- *Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income* – The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organized markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on reporting date.
- *Bank loans* – The fair value of the loans payable is determined by discounting the principal using the market rate of 6.5%.
- *Deposits* - The fair value of deposits approximates the carrying value as at year end.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the summary of the Group's assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024.

	Sept. 30, 2024						FY March 31, 2024					
	Fair Value hierarchy						Fair Value hierarchy					
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Assets												
Cash in bank	P	-	P	1,754,662	P	-	P	-	P	2,285,843	P	-
Trade receivables		-		4,640,674		-		-		16,550		-
Financial assets at fair value - OCI		18,850,000		-		-		18,850,000		-		-
Deposits		-		348,819		-		-		1,515,639		-
Due from related parties		-		90,230,793		-		-		72,456,277		-
Trust funds		-		4,756,971		-		-		4,756,971		-
		P 18,850,000		P 101,731,919		P -		P 18,850,000		P 81,031,280		P -
Liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P	-	P	11,659,144	P	-	P	-	P	7,538,407	P	-
Short-term loans payable		-		41,303,000		-		-		41,303,000		-
Deposits		-		17,062,628		-		-		16,322,746		-
Due to related parties		-		515,290,331		-		-		460,031,265		-
		P -		P 585,315,103		P -		P -		P 525,195,418		P -

6. Financial Instruments, Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk, and market risk. Risk management policies are summarized below.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity or funding risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from either the inability to sell financial assets quickly at their fair values; or counterparty failing on repayment of a contractual obligation; or inability to generate cash inflows as anticipated.

Liquidity risk is a risk due to uncertain liquidity. An institution may suffer liquidity problem when its credit rating falls. The Group is also exposed to liquidity risk if markets on which it depends on are subject to loss of liquidity.

The Group manages its liquidity profile to: a) ensure that adequate funding is available at all times; b) meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; c) be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost, and d) maintain an adequate time spread of financial maturities.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Sept. 30, 2024	On demand	Not later than one month	Later than 1 month & not later than 1 3 months	Later than 3 month & not later than 1 1 year	No fixed payment period	Total
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,659,144	-	-	-	-	P 11,659,144
Short term loans	-	-	-	41,303,000	-	41,303,000
Due to related parties	-	-	-	-	515,290,331	515,290,331
	P 11,659,144	-	-	P 41,303,000	P 515,290,331	P 568,252,475

FY March 31, 2024	On demand	Not later than one month	Later than 1 month & not later than 1 3 months	Later than 3 month & not later than 1 1 year	No fixed payment period	Total
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	P 7,538,407	-	-	-	-	P 7,538,407
Short-term loan payable	-	-	-	41,303,000	-	41,303,000
Deposits	-	-	-	-	16,322,746	16,322,746
Due to related parties	-	-	-	-	460,031,265	460,031,265
	P 7,538,407	-	-	P 41,303,000	P 476,354,011	P 525,195,418

Credit Risk

Credit risk is risk due to uncertainty in a counterparty's (also called an obligor) ability to meet its obligation.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the consolidated statements of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to consolidated financial statements). Credit risk, therefore, is only disclosed in circumstances where the maximum potential loss differs significantly from the financial asset's carrying amount.

The table below shows the gross maximum exposure to credit risk of the Group as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024. Net maximum exposure is the effect after considering collaterals and other credit enhancements.

	Gross maximum exposure			
	September 30, 2024		FY March 2024	
Cash in bank	P	1,754,662	P	2,285,843
Trade receivables		4,640,674		16,550
Financial assets at FV through OCI		18,850,000		18,850,000
Deposits		348,819		1,515,639
Due from related parties		90,230,793		79,906,277
Trust funds		4,756,971		4,756,971
	P	120,581,919	P	107,331,280

The credit quality of the Group's assets as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024 is as follows:

September 30, 2024	Stage 1 12-months ECL		Stage Lifetime ECL		Stage 3 Credit impaired		Total
		P		P		P	
Cash in bank	P	1,754,662	P	-	P	-	1,754,662
Trade receivables		4,640,674					4,640,674
Financial assets at FV-OCI		18,850,000				-	18,850,000
Deposits		348,819					348,819
Due from related parties				90,230,793		7,450,000	97,680,793
Trust funds				4,756,971			4,756,971
		25,594,155		94,987,764		7,450,000	128,031,919
ECL						(7,450,000)	(7,450,000)
	P	25,594,155	P	94,987,764	P	-	120,581,919

FY March 31, 2024	Stage 1 12-months ECL		Stage Lifetime ECL		Stage 3 Credit impaired		Total
		P		P		P	
Cash in bank	P	2,285,843	P	-	P	-	2,285,843
Trade receivables		16,550					16,550
Financial assets at FV-OCI		18,850,000				-	18,850,000
Deposits		1,515,639					1,515,639
Due from related parties				72,456,277		7,450,000	79,906,277
Trust funds				4,756,971			4,756,971
		22,668,032		77,213,248		7,450,000	107,331,280
ECL						(7,450,000)	(7,450,000)
	P	22,668,032	P	77,213,248	P	-	99,881,280

High grade cash accounts are deposited in banks belonging to the top banks in the Philippines in terms of resources and profitability.

Standard grade accounts are active accounts with propensity of deteriorating to mid-range age buckets. These accounts are typically not impaired as the counterparties generally respond to credit actions and update their payments accordingly.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of change in fair value of financial instrument from fluctuation in foreign exchange rates (currency risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk) and market prices (price risk), whether such change in price is caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Market risk represents what the Group would lose from price volatilities. Market risk can be measured as the potential gain or loss in a position or portfolio that is associated with a price movement of a given probability over a specified time horizon.

The Group manages market risk by evenly distributing capital among investment instruments in different financial institution.

Price Risk

The Group's price risk exposure at year-end relates to financial asset whose value fluctuates as a result of changes in market price, principally, Investment in financial assets at FVOCI. The impact on the Group's equity excludes the impact of transactions affecting profit or loss since financial instrument carried at fair value are classified as Investment in financial asset at fair value through OCI.

Capital Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

The capital structure of the Group consists of issued share capital and additional paid-in capital. The financial ratio at the year end, which is within the acceptable range of the Group, is as follows:

		Sept. 30, 2024		FY March 31, 2023
Equity	P	2,562,741,759	P	2,565,839,126
Total assets		3,859,944,281		3,802,921,663
Ratio		0.66		0.67

7. Cash in banks

Cash in banks generally earns interest based on prevailing bank deposit rates. Cash in banks amounted to P1,754,662 and P2,285,843 as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, respectively.

Interest earned from these deposits amounted to P3,234 and P5,607 for period ended September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, respectively.

8. Trade receivables

Trade receivables represent receivable from sale of aggregates and rental of properties amounting to P4,640,674 and P16,550 as at September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, respectively. These are non-interest bearing and are generally collectible within two (2) months.

The aging of trade receivables is as follows:

September 30, 2024		Current	Past due		Total
			31-60 days	61-90 days	
Trade receivables	P	3,016,438	P 1,624,236	-	P 4,640,674

FY March 31, 2024		Current	Past due		Total
			31-60 days	61-90 days	
Trade receivables	P	16,550	P 0.00	P 0.00	P 16,550

9. Inventories

The Group's aggregates inventories as at September 30, 2024 and March 31, 2024 are as follows:

		Sept. 2024		FY March 2024
Armor rocks	P	51,931,871	P	40,564,839
Crushed basalt aggregates		22,726,195		14,271,613
	P	74,658,066	P	54,836,452

As at September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, inventories are carried at cost. Due to a relatively high demand, the NRV approximates the carrying value.

10. Other Current Assets

The composition of this account is as follows:

		Sept 2024	FY March 2024
Input taxes	P	8,458,674	P 5,796,574
Deposits		348,819	1,515,639
Prepaid taxes		7,802,618	6,924,344
	P	16,610,111	P 14,236,557

- Input taxes represent the 12% tax on domestic purchases of goods and services from VAT registered entities. Input tax is applied against output taxes in the succeeding month.
- Deposits are advance payment of rental that are expected to be applied within the next 12 months.
- Prepaid taxes represent 5% tax withheld on rental. The same may be applied against future income tax liabilities. As of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, creditable withholding taxes are considered recoverable in full and no impairment loss is necessary.

11. Financial Asset at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

This account represents 132,100,000 listed shares of Transpacific Broadband Group International, Inc. (TBGI), a publicly listed company in the Philippine Stock Exchange. Fair value was determined through reference to published price quotations.

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of this account at the beginning and end of the fiscal year is as follows:

		Sept 2024	FY March 2024
Balance at the beginning of fiscal year	P	18,850,000	P 27,430,000
Changes in fair value		-	(8,580,000)
	P	18,850,000	P 18,850,000

Changes in fair value are reported separately in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income as "Fair value changes in financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income – net of tax".

12. Investments in Associates - net

This account consists of the following:

		Sept 2023	FY March 2023
Cost:			
Beginning of the year			
ATN Phils Solar Energy Group	P	865,080,120	P 865,080,120
Mariestad Mining Corp.		11,306,000	11,306,000
		876,386,120	876,386,120
Equity in net losses			
Beginning of the year		(13,825,841)	(13,487,053)
Current year		-	(338,788)
		(13,825,841)	(13,825,841)
Total		862,560,279	862,560,279
Allowance for impairment		(11,306,000)	(11,306,000)
	P	851,254,279	P 851,254,279

ATN Solar

ATN Solar is a grantee of Solar Energy Service Contract with the Philippine Government through the Department of Energy to develop, own and operate a 30MW solar power plant in Rodriguez, Rizal.

In 2023, ATN Solar has commenced discussion with Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) groups for the construction of the plant. Construction phases are (1) 250kW pilot plant to test possible technical issues and improve construction efficiency of commercial scale plant to reduce construction timelines. (2) 250kW pilot plant to be expanded to 2MW for the complete modular assembly of DC/AC system.

The Company has awarded in principle the construction of the 250kW plant. Initial output power will be utilized by its parent company ATN Holding, Inc. for internal use, with no export to the grid. Completion in project phases will allow ATN Solar to finalized supply agreements with a Retail Electricity Supplier (RES) and/or the Meralco group.

After successful construction of the pilot plant, the Company will decide on the award of construction of modular 3 x 10MW Solar PV plant to the EPC or other EPC to complete the three modules.

The project site of 15 hectares for 30 MW have been leveled and cleared. With the advances in solar panel capacity from to 210Wp to 630Wp per panel, a 15-hectare land area will be allocated for the 30 MW project. The Company needs to install the DC components of the project since the 3 x 10MW sub-distribution lines connected to Meralco have been installed in place. All temporary and ancillary facilities including but not limited to water supply facility, personnel housing, heavy equipment for construction, power supply for construction are ready for the implementation off the 30 MW project, pending the result of the pilot project.

MMC

In 2007, the Group entered into an investment agreement with MMC to participate in the extraction of manganese ores in the former's mining site. The Group's participation is in the form of providing financial resources to undertake the mining operations. The Group has financed a total of P11,306,000 million in MMC. Due to the non-commencement of mining operation, the Group provided a full impairment loss on its investment in MMC. Furthermore, there was no recent financial information available for MMC.

13. Investment Properties

The composition of this account as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31 is as follows:

Land	P	15,810,000
Condominium units		284,554,276
Parking slots		26,350,000
Townhouses		22,953,001
	P	349,667,277

14. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of:

September 30, 2024	Land and mine site improvements	Machineries & equipment	Office Furniture & improvements	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost					
At April 1, 2024	2,358,943,606	84,514,368	6,551,778	7,879,464	2,457,889,216
Addition	7,725,198	9,419,426	-	-	17,144,624
At Sept. 30, 2024	2,366,668,804	93,933,794	6,551,778	7,879,464	2,475,033,840
Accumulated depreciation					
At April 1, 2024	174,472	10,264,767	6,233,167	6,655,354	23,327,760
Provisions	40,264	3,575,217	26,853	542,299	4,184,633
At Sept. 30, 2024	214,736	13,839,984	6,260,020	7,197,653	27,512,393
Carrying value					
At Sept. 30, 2024	P 2,366,454,068	P 80,093,810	P 291,758	P 681,811	P 2,447,521,447

March 31, 2024	Land and mine site improvements	Machineries & equipment	Office Furniture & improvements	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost					
At April 1, 2023	2,358,943,606	70,329,329	6,331,055	7,879,464	2,443,483,454
Addition	-	14,185,039	220,723	-	14,405,762
At March 31, 2024	2,358,943,606	84,514,368	6,551,778	7,879,464	2,457,889,216
Accumulated depreciation					
At April 1, 2023	120,789	5,344,673	6,197,363	5,932,289	17,595,114
Provisions	53,683	4,920,094	35,804	723,065	5,732,646
At March 31, 2024	174,472	10,264,767	6,233,167	6,655,354	23,327,760
Carrying value					
At March 31, 2024	P 2,358,769,134	P 74,249,601	P 318,611	P 1,224,110	P 2,434,561,456

Machinery and equipment include crushing plant, transport equipment for aggregates and rock drilling machine. In October 2023, certain machinery was acquired for P5.85 million payable within ten (10) months from November 2024 to October 2024. The balance as March 30, 2024 is presented as part of Accounts payable amounting to P2.87 million.

Land and improvements with carrying value of P2.3 billion was reclassified from Investment property in 2021. This was measured using the fair value model prior to the reclassification. The increase in carrying value arising from fair value adjustment as of the latest appraisal amounted to P230.5 million was credited to Fair value gains in investment properties reported in the consolidated statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2018. As allowed under PAS 40 on the transfer from investment property carried at fair value to property and equipment, the fair value at the time of change in use is the cost of property under its new classification. The reclassification was made in view of the owner-occupation (quarry activities).

To prepare the site for quarry operation, the Group incurs stripping costs. These costs are incurred in the development phase which are capitalized as part of constructing the quarry site and subsequently amortized over its useful life using the unit-of-production method. The capitalization of stripping costs ceases when the quarry site is ready for production.

15. Trust funds

In accordance with MPSA and ECC, the Group is required by the DENR-MGB to set up the following funds:

- Environment Trust Fund (ETF) – fund set aside to address the environmental impacts and safety concerns in the implementation, operation and abandonment/decommissioning and rehabilitation of mining projects.
- Monitoring Trust Fund (MTF) – fund to cover maintenance and other operating budget for the transportation and travel expenses, cost of laboratory analysis, cost of supplies and materials, cost of communication services, cost of consultancy work and other reasonable expenses incurred by the monitoring team of the MRF Committee.
- Rehabilitation Cash Fund (RCF) - fund to ensure compliance with the approved rehabilitation activities and schedules, including research programs, as defined in the EPEP.
- Final Mine Rehabilitation and Decommissioning Fund (FMRDF) – fund to be established and maintained through cash deposits to cover the Group’s rehabilitation liability upon the closure of the mine and to ensure payment of compensable damages that may be caused by mine wastes.

Trust funds amounted to P4,756,971 as of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024.

16. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of the following:

		Sept 2024		FY March 2024
Capital gains tax payable	P	2,985,000	P	2,985,000
Accounts payable		8,588,721		3,327,730
Accrued expenses		-		1,171,188
Taxes payable		85,423		54,489
	P	11,659,144	P	7,538,407

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities are as follows:

- Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on a 90-day term;
- Taxes payable are settled in the following month.

The fair values of accounts payable and accrued expenses have not been disclosed due to their short duration. Management considers the carrying amounts recognized in the statement of financial position to be a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

17. Short-term Loans Payable

The Group has an omnibus line with China Banking Corporation for a maximum amount of P50 million. Interest is charged every month on the outstanding loan balance at 6.50% per annum in 2024 and 5.75% per annum in 2023. The loan has a term of 360 days and is collateralized by condominium units in Summit One Tower. As of September 30, 2024 and March 31, 2024 the balance of the loan amounted to P41.3. Proceeds of the loan are used for working capital requirements.

Interest expense related to this loan amounted to P1.730 million as of September 30, 2024 and P2.948 million for fiscal years ended March 31, 2024.

18. Deposits

This account represents deposit on operating leases which is made in compliance with the existing leasing agreement with the lessee. The amount is refundable at the expiration of lease contracts.

As of September 30, 2024 and FY March 31, 2024, deposits on operating leases amounted to P17,062,928 and P16,322.746, respectively.

19. Equity

Share capital

Component of share capital is as follows:

Title of Issue	Authorized share capital		Subscribed and paid	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Common				
Class A	4,200,000,000	P 420,000,000	4,025,055,429	P 402,505,543
Class B	2,800,000,000	280,000,000	2,800,000,000	280,000,000
Preferred	5,000,000,000	500,000,000	-	
	12,000,000,000	P 1,200,000,000	6,825,055,429	P 682,505,543

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, certain restrictions have been imposed regarding issuance and transfer of share capital as follows:

- Class “A” common shares are to be issued only to citizens of the Philippines or to partnership, association or corporation organized under the laws of the Philippines.
- Class “B” common shares are to be issued to any person subject to the required foreign ownership limitation under the laws of the Philippines.
- Preferred shares are cumulative, non-participating, non-voting shares that are entitled for mandatory redemption on the 5th, 7th and 10th year anniversary of issue.

During the annual stockholders meeting held on November 14, 2019, the stockholders approved the increase in authorized capital from 12 billion shares to 24 billion shares both with par value of P0.10. The required subscription will be satisfied through conversion of advances from stockholders at a pre-determined subscription price. As of July 11, 2022 the application for increase in capital is due for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

20. Cost of Sales and Services

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

		Sept. 2024		Sept. 2023
Cost of aggregates sold	P	3,464,066	P	5,376,973
Direct cost of real estate leasing		719,668		776,814
	P	4,183,734	P	6,153,787

21. Administrative Expenses

The breakdown of this account is as follows:

	Sept. 2024	Sept. 2023
Communication and association dues	2,820,410	2,956,346
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,029,854	1,269,758
Depreciation and amortization	609,415	609,415
Professional fees	372,543	371,321
Taxes, licenses and permits	276,568	153,647
Rent	256,030	283,422
Office supplies and printing	213,210	276,623
Transportation and travel	144,497	109,334
Security services	137,463	161,518
Miscellaneous	51,649	96,843
Repairs and maintenance	41,307	44,538
Insurance	34,392	117,786
	P 5,987,338	P 6,450,551

Salaries and other employee benefits account include salaries, wages and retirement benefits of the employees.

22. Related Party Transactions

Transactions, year-end balances and terms and conditions with related parties are as follows:

Related parties	September 30, 2024			
	Beginning balance	Availment	Collection	Ending balance
Associates				
ATN Phils. Solar Energy Group Inc.	P 71,849,980	P -	-	P 71,849,980
Companies under common control				
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l Inc.	18,380,813	-	(8,327,625)	10,053,188
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	-	-	7,450,000
Unipage Management Inc.	(90,885,898)	-	-	(90,885,898)
Stockholders	(416,638,981)	-	562,173	(416,076,808)
	(409,844,086)	-	(7,765,452)	(417,609,538)
Allowance for ECL	(7,450,000)	-	-	(7,450,000)
	P (402,394,086)	P -	P (7,765,452)	P (410,159,538)

Related Parties	FY March 31, 2024			
	Beginning balance	Availment	Collection	Ending balance
Associates				
ATN Phils. Solar Energy Group Inc.	P 45,140,894	P 8,934,570	-	P 54,075,464
Companies under common control				
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l Inc.	16,380,813	2,000,000	-	18,380,813
Sierra Madre Consolidated Mines	7,450,000	-	-	7,450,000
Unipage Management Inc.	(78,585,899)	(12,300,000)	-	(90,885,899)
Stockholders	(321,529,063)	(42,178,418)	-	(363,707,481)
	(331,143,255)	(43,543,848)	-	(374,687,103)
Allowance for ECL	7,450,000	-	-	7,450,000
	P (338,593,255)	P (43,543,848)	P -	P (382,137,103)

Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

1. UMI and certain stockholders provide financing for the Group. Eventually, these funds are transferred and used to support the pre-operations and other expenses of ATN Solar.

2. The Group and TBGI are parties to a Teaming Agreement executed in January 2013. Pursuant thereto, sharing of cost and expenses incurred within Summit One Condominium. Expenses related to technical operations is to be advanced by either of the parties and to be reimbursed from the other parties proportionately or by actual usage as the case maybe.
3. In prior years, the Group provided cash advances to SMCM to fund its mining activities. Such advances will be converted into equity interest in SMCM when mining operations commence. Due to unforeseen circumstances, SMCM encountered financial difficulties and was unable to operate and generate revenues and cash flows. Accordingly, the Group provided a full impairment loss on its advances to SMCM in 2014 amounting to P7.45 million.
4. On April 5, 2022, a Deed of Assignment was executed wherein the advances provided by a certain stockholder to the Company amounting to P210 million were assigned to UMI. On the same date, a Subscription Agreement was executed wherein the Company issued 2,325,055,429 shares to UMI in exchange for the latter's advances to the Parent Company amounting to P466,451,550.
5. The details of subsidiaries' accounts that were eliminated in the process of consolidation are as follows:

		Sept. 2024	FY March 2024
AHCDC	P	11,877,392	P 10,938,677
MCPI		8,642,328	23,529,860
PLDI		21,622,745	8,642,328
		42,142,465	P 43,110,865

6. The Group did not recognize any key management compensation nor provided any stock options and bonuses for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024.
7. There were no provisions for ECL during 2024, 2023 and 2022, covering Advances to related parties.

23. Earnings (Loss) per Share

Earnings per share is computed by dividing the income for the period by the weighted average number of common shares as follows:

	Sept. 2024	Sept. 2023
Earnings	(3,097,367)	(4,105,385)
Divided by:		
Weighted Average Shares	6,825,055,430	6,825,055,430
Earning per share	(0.0005)	(0.0006)

24. Segment Information

For management reporting purposes, the Group is divided into two (2) reportable segments consisting of the (i) Real estate leasing and (ii) Aggregates which is involve in the production and selling of rock aggregates. The latter being introduced only in 2021.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which in certain respects is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Segment information for the reportable segment is shown in the following table:

As of September 30, 2024

	Real estate leasing	Aggregates	Non-segment items	Total
Revenues	3,547,554	5,338,249	3,234	8,889,037
Cost and expenses	(719,668)	(3,464,067)	-	(4,183,735)
Net income (loss)	(3,124,413)	40,549	3,234	13,072,772
Reportable segment assets	2,443,913,080	1,405,057,798		3,848,970,878
Reportable segment liabilities	792,202,977	491,079,585		1,283,282,562
Non-cash expenses				-
Depreciation	609,415	4,184,633		4,794,048

As of September 30, 2023

	Real estate leasing	Sale of Aggregates	Non-segment items	Total
Revenues	3,779,690	6,454,950	2,441	10,237,081
Cost and expenses	8,965,492	5,376,973	-	14,342,465
Net income (loss)	(5,185,802)	1,077,977	2,441	(4,105,384)
Reportable segment assets	2,440,997,037	1,307,708,333		3,748,705,370
Reportable segment liabilities	788,278,769	382,234,528		1,170,513,297
Non-cash expenses				-
Depreciation	569,152	2,812,644	-	3,381,796

25. Other SEC requirements

Disclosures on the issuer's interim financial report, in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards:

1. There is no seasonality or cyclicity of interim operations.
2. There is no item that has unusual effect on asset, liabilities, equity, net income and cash flows.
3. There is no change in the nature and amounts reported in prior interim periods of the current financial year or prior financial year.
4. There is no issuance, repurchase nor repayment of debt and equity securities during the interim period.
5. There is no dividend paid for ordinary or other shares.
6. There is no material event subsequent to the end of the interim period that has not been reflected in the financial statements.
7. There is no change in the composition of the issuer such as business combination, acquisition, disposal of subsidiary and long-term investment, and restructuring during the interim period.
8. There is no change in contingent assets or contingent liabilities since the last annual balance sheet date.
9. There is no seasonal effect that had material effect on financial condition or result of operation.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Operation

(B) Interim Periods

The company and its three majority-owned subsidiaries use current ratio and debt to equity ratio to measure liquidity, and gross profit margin and net income to sales ratio as key performance indicators. Current ratio is calculated using current accounts cash, marketable securities, receivables, accounts payable, income tax payable and other liabilities maturing in one year. Debt to equity ratio is derived from division of total debt by total amount of stockholders' equity. Profit margin is computed based on ratio of income from operation (before financing charges and other income/loss) to total revenues.

The company uses past year performance as basis for expected results in current year. With the bulk of its business in real estate, the company has no productivity program. It adopts a prudent policy of matching expenditures with revenues to keep current accounts position in balance

The following are 7 (seven) key performance and financial soundness indicators of the company:

Current Ratio	Calculated ratio of current assets into current liabilities. Indicates the ability of the company to finance current operations without need for long term capital
Debt-to Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total debt into total equity. Indicates the level of indebtedness of the company in relation to buffer funds provided by equity against any operating losses. Also indicates the capacity of the company to absorb or take in more debt.
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	Calculated ratio of total asset into total equity. Indicates the long-term or future solvency position or general financial strength of the company.
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	Calculated ratio of earnings before interest and taxes into interest expenses. Indicates the ability to meet its interest payments.
Gross profit Margin	Calculated ratio expressed in percentage of the gross margin into total revenues. Indicates the ability of the company to generate margin sufficient to cover administrative charges, financing charges and provide income for the stockholders.
EBITDA	Calculated earnings before income tax, and non-cash charges. Indicates the efficiency of the company in generating revenues in excess of cash operating expenses.
Net Income to Sales Ratio, and Earnings per Share	Calculated ratio of net income into total revenues. Indicates the efficiency of the company in generating revenues in excess of cash operating expenses and non-cash charges, and the ability of the company to declare dividends for stockholders.

	ATN Holdings (Consolidated)		Palladian Land		Advanced Home	
	Sept 2024	Sept 2023	Sept 2024	Sept 2023	Sept 2024	Sept 2023
Current Ratio	1.09	1.09	50	50	-	-
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.46	0.46	0.44	0.44	2.29	2.23
Asset to Equity Ratio	1.46	1.46	1.44	1.44	3.29	3.23
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	-1.41	-1.41	-	-	-	-
Gross Profit Margin	40%	40%	68%	68%	-	-
EBITDA	P (2,487,952)	P (1,757,842)	P (2,514,998)	P (2,733,915)	P (15,000)	P (37,154)
Net Income to Sales Ratio	-3486%	-4010%	-1416%	-138%	-	-
Net Income (loss)	P (3,097,367)	P (4,105,385)	P (3,124,413)	P (3,376,725)	P (15,000)	P (37,154)

On a consolidated basis, ATN accounts that changed by more than 5% compared to quarter ending September 30, 2024 financial statements are as follows:

1. Cash and cash equivalent decreased to Php1.754 million from Php2.285 million (-23%) due to increase in production cost of aggregates..
2. Trade receivables increased to P4.640 from Php16,550 due to sales.
3. Inventories increased to Php74.658 million from Php54 million (36%) increase in production.
4. Other current assets increases to Php16.610 million from Php14.2 million (17%) due to increase in prepaid taxes.
5. Due from related parties increased to Php90 million from Php72 million (22%) due to advances.

6. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased to Php11.659 million from Php7.5 million (55%) due to acquisition of machineries.
7. Due to related parties increased to Php515 million from Php460 million (12%) due to availment of advances.
8. Total revenue decreased to Php8.886 million as of quarter ending September 30, 2024 compared to Php10.234 million as of September 30, 2023 (-13%) due to decrease in aggregates sale and lesser rental income.
9. Cost of sales and services also decreased as of September 30, 2024 to Php4.1 million compared to Php6.1 million as of September 30, 2023 due to decrease in revenue (-32%)
10. Administrative expenses decreased to Php5.937 million in September 30, 2024 compared to Php6.450 million in September 30, 2023 (-7.18%). The following are the accounts with more than 5% change:
 - a. Decreased in salaries and wages by Php240 thousand (-19%) due to lesser overtime pay.
 - b. Increase in taxes and licenses by Php123 thousand (80%) due to payment of excise tax.
 - c. Decrease in rent expense by Php27 thousand (-10%) due to adjustments.
 - d. Decreased in office supplies and printing by Php63 thousand (-23%) due to cost cutting.
 - e. Increase in transportation and travel by Php35 thousand (-32%) due to more errands.
 - f. Decrease in security services by Php24 thousand (-15%) due to rate adjustments.
 - g. Decreased in repairs and maintenance by Php3 thousand (-7%) due to lesser repairs.
 - h. Decreased in insurance by Php83 thousand (-71%) due to rate adjustments.
 - i. Decreased in miscellaneous expenses by Php45 thousand (-47%)

Corporate Development

The ATN Group subscribed 690 million shares and paid-up of 650 million shares in ATN Solar Energy Group, Inc., (ATN Solar). ATN Solar is engaged in renewable energy generation and trade distribution of renewal energy equipment and accessories. ATN Solar secured a service contract from the Department of Energy for its 30-MW Rodriguez Solar Power Project on May 12, 2011 and a Certificate of Registration from the BOI for income tax holiday, which can be availed in the first seven years of operation.

With the company's sound financial condition, its low debt to equity ratio, and the low cash burn rate that had been deliberately structured to survive financial market stress. Hence there is no foreseeable event, which may have a material impact on its short-term liquidity, and no seasonal aspect had material effect on the financial condition of the Company's operation.

Improvements of real estate assets can be funded by borrowings and augmented by internally generated funds because of its large capacity to absorb debt relative to the value of its hard assets. To the best knowledge of Management there are no unusual or non-recurrent accounts that adversely affect the financial condition of the company five years going forward.

MCPI has ceased its healthcare operation in 2019 and sold a significant portion of its medical equipment. AHCDC and PLDI likewise ceased to actively sell its remaining real estate properties and were classified to investment properties as a result of change in recognition. The financial statements do not include any adjustment that might result from this uncertainty.


The company expects to continue its focus on its existing principal activities and actively pursue opportunities for investment in the construction materials supply business and renewable energy sectors in the Philippines.


SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Company : **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**

Signature and Title :


PAUL B. SARIA
Principal Financial Officer
November 18, 2024


CELINIA FAELMOCA
Principal Accounting Officer
November 18, 2024

CERTIFICATION

I, LEONIDES S. RESPICIO, of legal age, Filipino, married and with office address at 9th Floor, Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, being the Corporate Secretary of ATN Holdings, Inc. hereby certify that the following Executive Officers and Directors of the Corporation, for the year 2023-2024 are not employed as employee in any government agency.

Name	Designation	Name	Designation
Arsenio T. Ng	President & CEO	Ardi Bradley Ng	Director
Hilario T. Ng	Director & COO	Twinie Kaye Ng	Director
Santos L. Cejoco	Director & CCP	Sophie Miles Ng	Director
Leonides Respicio	Director & Corp. Secretary	Manuel Moje	Director
Paul B. Saria	Director, CIO & Assistant Corporate Secretary	Paul C. Cheah	Independent Director
		Ramon D. Escueta	Independent Director

Certified by:

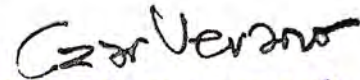


LEONIDES S. RESPICIO
Corporate Secretary

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 8th day of November 2024, affiant Paul B. Saria exhibited to me his Senior Citizen's ID with Control No. 34054.

Doc. No. 220 :
Page No. 44 :
Book No. xlv :
Series of 2024.



ATTY. CESAR T. VERANO
NOTARY PUBLIC MAKATI CITY
APPOINTMENT NO. 13-209
VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
ISSUED ON NOVEMBER 26, 2022
PTR NO. MKT 1974400000000000000000 MAKATI CITY
IBF NO. 26000
MCLE COMP. A. 21-001-000
VALID UNTIL APRIL 15, 2025
OFFICE ADDRESS #2735 G/F CARREON BLDG.
ZENAIDA ST., BRGY. POBLACION MAKATI CITY

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

I, **Paul Camacho Cheah**, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of Royal View Mansion, 242 Lt. Artiaga Street, San Juan City, Metro Manila, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

1. I am an Independent Director of ATN Holdings Inc.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Axelum Resources Corp.	Vice-President for Investor Relations	October 2019 to Present
Transpacific Broadband Group Int'l. Inc.	Independent Director	September 2022 to Present

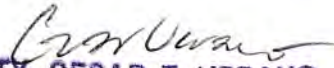
3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of **ATN Holdings, Inc.** as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its implemented Rules and Regulations and other issuances of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
4. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceedings.
5. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as Independent Director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
6. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of **ATN Holdings Inc.** of any changes in the abovementioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

Done, this NOV 06 2024 day of NOV 06 2024 at MAKATI.


Paul Camacho Cheah
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this NOV 06 2024 day of _____ at _____, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his Passport No. P6893065B issued at DFA NCR EAST on 02 June 2021.

Doc. No. 104 :
Page No. 22 :
Book No. 461
Series No. 2024:


ATTY. CESAR T. VERANO
NOTARY PUBLIC MAKATI CITY
APPOINTMENT NO. M-209
VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
ISSUED ON DECEMBER 14, 2022
PTR NO. MXT 1007077-01-23-0074 MAKATI CITY
IBP NO. 09877-01-23-0074
MCLE COMPL. NO. 023845
VALID UNTIL APRIL 3, 2025
OFFICE ADDRESS #2718 GIE CARREON BLDG.
ZENaida ST., BRGY. POBLACION MAKATI CITY

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

I, **Ramon D. Escueta**, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of 529 Vergel St. Pasay City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

1. I am an independent director nominee of ATN Holdings Inc.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Apsys Solutions and Technologies	President	2012 to present
Philippine Chamber of Commerce -Science and Technology Committee	Chairman	2022 to present

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of **ATN Holdings, Inc.** as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its implemented Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
4. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceedings.
5. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
6. I shall inform the corporate secretary of **ATN Holdings Inc.** of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this NOV 07 2024 day of MAKATI, at _____.


RAMON D. ESCUETA
 Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this NOV 07 2024 day of MAKATI,
 _____, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his/her
 Community Tax Certificate No. SSS CRN 011 issued at _____ on
2282 011 - 2

Doc. No. 124
 Page No. 24
 Book No. XI
 Series No. 2024_


ATTY. CESAR T. VERANO
 NOTARY PUBLIC MAKATI CITY
 APPOINTMENT NO. M-209
 VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
 ISSUED ON DECEMBER 14, 2022
 PTR NO. MKT 18075072 - 01-32-2024 MAKATI CITY
 IBP NO. 396485 ROLL NO. 29024
 MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. VII-0023649
 VALID UNTIL APRIL 14, 2025
 OFFICE ADDRESS #2733 G/F CARREON BLDG.
 ZENAIDA ST., BRGY POBLACION MAKATI CITY

SEC Number 37535
File Number _____

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

(Company)

**9th Floor, Summit One Tower,
530 Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong**

(Address)

533-4052 / 717-0523 / 718-3720

(Telephone Number)

March 31

(Fiscal Year Ending)
(Month & day)

**SEC Form 17-C
Postponement of Annual Stockholders' Meeting**

(Form Type)

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

(Period Ended Date)

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17
OF THE REVISED SECURITIES ACT (RSA)
AND RSA RULE 17.2 (c) THEREUNDER

1. **October 1, 2024**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

2. SEC Identification Number **37535**

3. BIR Tax Identification No. **005-056-869**

4. **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**

Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter

5. **Metro Manila, Philippines**

Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation

6.

(SEC use only)

7. **9th Floor Summit One Tower
530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City**

Address of principal office

1550

Postal Code

8. **(632) -7717-0523**

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

9. n/a

Former name or former address, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding	
<i>Common A</i>	<i>3,700,000,000</i>	<i>P403,505,543</i>
<i>Common B</i>	<i>800,000,000</i>	<i>P280,000,000</i>

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:

1

On a special meeting of the Board of Directors held at its principal office on October 1, 2024, the following resolution were unanimously approved, a legal quorum, being present and voting;

RESOLUTION

“RESOLVED, the Corporation be authorized to postpone the Annual Stockholders’ Meeting on 2nd Thursday of November per the Corporations’ By-laws, to December 12, 2024 at 1:30P.M. Thursday, to give additional time for the management to make preparations deemed necessary, and availability of the Board of Directors;

RESOLVED FINALLY, that the foregoing resolutions is valid, unless and except to the extent that these resolutions shall be revoked or modified by any subsequent resolution of the Board of Directors”.


SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Revised Securities Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date October 1, 2024

ATN HOLDINGS, INC.

Registrant



PAUL B. SARIA
Corporate Compliance Officer

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

) s.s.

MAKATI

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **Paul B. Saria**, of legal age, Filipino, married, with office address at 9TH Floor Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, after being duly sworn in accordance with law dispose and state that:

1. I am the duly-elected Assistant Corporate Secretary of **ATN HOLDINGS, INC.**, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines, with principal office at 9th Floor Summit One Tower, 530 Shaw Boulevard, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila;
2. On a special meeting of the Board of Directors held at its principal office on October 29, 2024, the following resolution were unanimously approved, a legal quorum, being present and voting;

RESOLUTION

"RESOLVED, the Corporation approves the Notice of Annual Stockholder' Meeting (attached) and the same be distributed to the shareholders or the Corporation and the investing public as per rules and regulation of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange;

RESOLVED FINALLY, that the foregoing resolutions is valid, unless and except to the extent that these resolutions shall be revoked or modified by any subsequent resolution of the Board of Directors".

3. That the foregoing information is in accordance with the records of the corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature at _____
City, this ____ day of _____, 2024.

NOV 11 2024

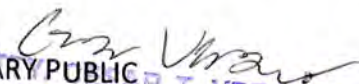
MAKATI



PAUL B. SARIA
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this NOV 11 2024; affiant exhibiting to me his Competent Evidence of Identification consisting of his DL N04-93-264992 which expires on December 15, 2031.

Doc. No. 238
Page No. 48
Book No. V
Series of 2024.


NOTARY PUBLIC
RICARDO T. VERANO
 NOTARY PUBLIC MAKATI CITY
 APPOINTMENT NO. M-309
 VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
 ISSUED ON DECEMBER 19, 2022
 PTR NO. 1917 2016 012 - MANDALUYONG MAKATI CITY
 BR NO. 80001 NOLL. NO. 13004
 MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. WPD02343
 VALID UNTIL APRIL 14, 2025
 OFFICE ADDRESS: 8818 DIF CARREON BLDG.
 ZENALDA ST., BRGY. PABLACION MAKATI CITY